



NHDES & RD Funding Opportunities Equipment Pre-Procurement

**New England Water Environment Association
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COMMITMENT & INTEGRITY DRIVE RESULTS



Presentation Overview

- What is Pre-Procurement
 - Why Use Pre-Procurement
 - Common Misconceptions
 - Walkthrough of Project Examples
 - Notable Successes
 - Lessons Learned
 - Question & Answers
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What Is Pre-Procurement?

- Purchase Goods & Special Services In Advance
 - Items Normally Purchased By Contractor
- Step #1 = Pre-Procurement
 - Evaluated “Public Bid” Process
 - Up-Front Cost & Life Cycle Cost Typically Used
- Step #2 = Detailed Design
 - Drawings & Specifications
- Step #3 = Bid & Assignment Of Contract
 - Assignment Of Pre-Procured (Goods & Special Services) To General Contractor
- Step #4 = Build



Why Pre-Procurement?

- Unique Process Equipment
 - Difficult To Design Around Multiple Vendors
- Full Control Over Vendor Equipment
 - Dictate Supporting Equipment & Level of Quality
- Fast-Track Design Requirements
 - Submittal Review Concurrent With Final Design + Bidding
- Easier Collaboration & Detail From Vendor
 - Greatly Assists With Detailed Design

Why Pre-Procurement?

- Staff – Want Certain Type & Piece of Equipment
 - I want XXXX for Sludge Dewatering
 - I want XXXX for Tertiary Filtration
 - I want XXXX for Membrane Bioreactors
 - I want XXXX for Package Wastewater Treatment
- Funding Agencies
 - Must Allow Free & Open Competition
 - Must Allow “Or Equal” Equipment
 - Allows Decision in GC’s Hands – Up Front Cost Only
 - Low Cost Not Always Best Value for Owner
 - Low Up-Front Cost – Not Always Long-Term Low Cost
- Cost Savings
 - Competitive Pricing Up Front

Common Misconceptions

- Takes More Time & Engineering Costs
 - Actual - Typically a Reduction in Time
 - Actual - Typically Less Engineering Time
 - Know Who Designing Around – Streamlines Design
 - Building & Supporting Systems Streamlined
- Funding Agencies Won't Allow It
 - They Will
 - EJCDC Front End – Procurement
 - Implementation With USDA RD & State SRF
 - Require Open Public Bidding
 - Evaluated Bid Process Typically Used – High Weight on LCC & Up-Front Cost



Project Example #1: Oxford, ME Wastewater System

- **Pre-Procurement of MBR Treatment Equipment**
- Larger Overall Project - New WWTF
- New Sanitary Collection System
 - 9.2 Miles of Gravity Sewer
 - 4.8 Miles of Force Main
 - 7 Collection System Pump Stations
 - 3 Collection System Bridge Crossings
- Total Project Cost: **\$28,500,000**
- Funded By USDA Rural Development
 - 45% Grant & 55% Loan



Oxford WWTF





Oxford WWTF





Pre-Procurement Contract Structure

| Evaluation Criteria Number | Evaluation Criteria | Weight (Points) |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Total System Cost | 20 |
| 2 | Net Present Value Life Cycle Cost | 40 |
| 3 | System Operability & Reliability | 10 |
| 4 | Warranty | 10 |
| 5 | Technical Support Capabilities | 10 |
| 6 | Experience & Qualifications | 10 |
| Total Points | | 100 |

Pre-Procurement Bidding

- Three Bidders
 - Vendor A
 - Vendor B
 - Vendor C

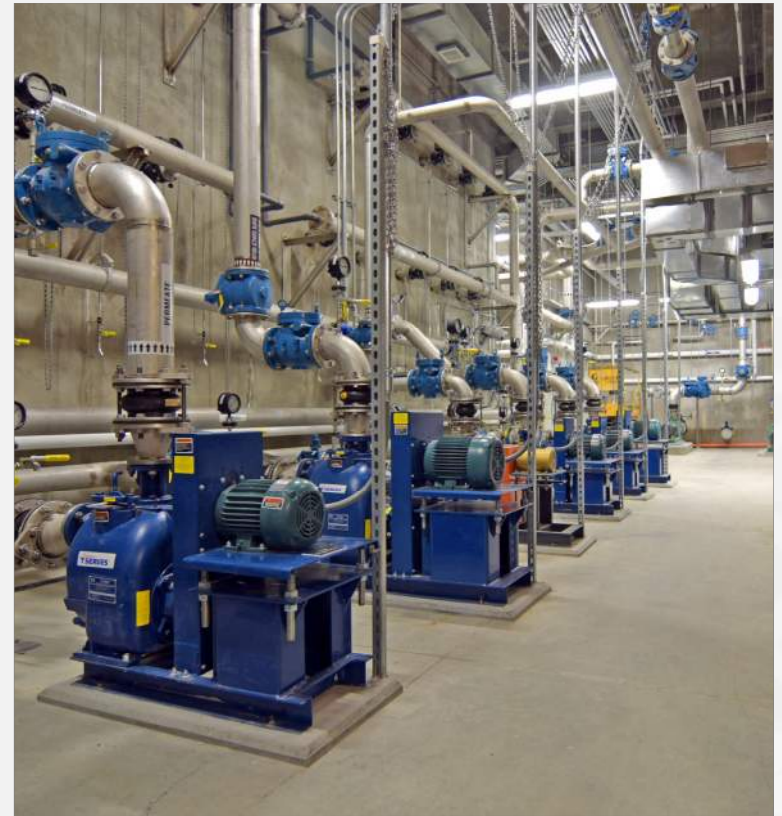


Criteria #1 – Capital Cost

- Cost of Initial Up-Front Equipment Purchase
- Defined Scope & Matching Bid Form
 - Item A: Fine Screening Equipment
 - Item B: Aeration Blowers
 - Item C: Fine Bubble Aeration Equipment
 - Item D: Anoxic Zone Mixers
 - Item E: Membrane Filtration Equipment
 - Item F: Air Scour Blowers
 - Item G: Permeate Pumps
 - Item H: Return Sludge Pumps
 - Item I: Membrane Chemical Cleaning Systems
 - Item J: EQ Aeration Blower
 - Item K: EQ Coarse Bubble Aeration
 - Item L: EQ Transfer Pumps
 - Item M: Instrumentation – MBR System
 - Item N: Integration & Controls – MBR System
 - Item O: Engineering & Drawings
 - Item P: Startup, Testing & Commissioning
 - Item Q: Membrane Equipment Warranty
 - Item R: Process Performance Warranty

Criteria #1 – Capita Cost Scoring

- Capital Cost Scoring Breakdown
 - Most Cost-Effective System: 20 Points
 - Second: 15 Points
 - Third: 10 Points



Criteria #1-Bid Results & Scoring

- Initial Capital Cost Bids
 - Vendor A = \$1,208,763
 - Vendor C = \$1,281,950
 - Vendor B = \$1,317,250
- Close Range of Capital Costs
- Final Capital Cost Scoring
 - Vendor A = 20 Points
 - Vendor C = 15 Points
 - Vendor B = 10 Points
- Savings of **\$200,000** compared to initial cost evaluation
 - Competitive Bidding Environment

Criteria #2 – Total NPV LCC

- Bid Evaluation Criteria Forms & Tables
- Evaluation Tables
 - Category #1: Tankage Space & Cost
 - Category #2: Building Space & Cost
 - Category #3: Operational Costs
 - (Power & Chemicals)
 - Category #4: Short-Lived Assets
 - (Membrane Replacement & Lift Span)
- Takeaway – Ensure Long-Term Low Cost

Criteria #2 – Total NPV LCC

- Example O&M Table
 - Table 3-J: Chemical Use Cost Estimate
 - Real Town Chemical Costs

| Item | Process Use | Chemical | Strength | Specific Gravity | Annual Volume (gallons) | Chemical Unit Cost (\$/Unit) | Annual Cost (\$) |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| 1-J | Membrane Cleaning (Organic Fouling) | Sodium Hypochlorite | 12.5% | 1.3 | | \$2.60/gal | |
| 2-J | Membrane Cleaning (Inorganic Fouling) | Citric Acid (Liquid) | 50% | 1.24 | | \$0.95/lb | |
| Total Annual Chemical Cost (1J) + (2J) | | | | | | | |

- Electrical Power Also Included
 - Pumps & Blowers

Criteria #2 – Total NPV LCC

- Example Short-Lived Asset Table
 - Table 3-K: Membrane Replacement Costs

| Item | Parameter | Value | Units | Notes |
|------|-------------------------|-------|----------------|-----------------------|
| 1-K | Total SMU | | Units (SMU) | Total SMU Quantity |
| 2-K | SMU Cost | | \$/SMU | Cost Per SMU |
| 3-K | Replacement Interval | | Years | Average @ ADF & Loads |
| 4-K | Replacement Cost | | \$/year | $(1K) * (2K) / (3K)$ |

- Required Minimum of Ten Facility Examples
 - Substantiate Claims of Membrane Life
 - Verified By Project Team Prior To Award
- Goal – Capture Hidden Future Costs
 - Ensure Long-Term Cost-Effective Solutions

Criteria #2 – Total NPV LCC Summary

| Bid Item | Description | Units | Vendor A | Vendor B |
|---|--|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| TABLE 3-1 TANK & BUILDING COST SUMMARY (PUMPED PERMEATE) | | | | |
| A | Membrane Tanks | LS | \$ 251,950 | \$ 94,272 |
| B | Aeration Tanks | LS | \$ 360,000 | \$ 360,000 |
| C | Influent Splitter Box & Deoxygenation Zone | LS | \$ 110,897 | \$ 92,184 |
| D | Equalization Tanks | LS | \$ 152,483 | \$ 129,885 |
| E | Anoxic Tanks | LS | \$ 134,973 | \$ 71,826 |
| F | External Membrane Cleaning Tanks | LS | \$ - | \$ - |
| G | Blower Building Area | LS | \$ 86,000 | \$ 90,150 |
| H | Pump Gallery Area (Pumped Permeate) | LS | \$ 71,650 | \$ 70,000 |
| | | TOTAL TANKAGE & BUILDING COSTS | \$ 1,167,953 | \$ 908,317 |
| TABLE 3-2 ANNUALIZED OPERATION & MAINTENANCE COSTS (PUMPED PERMEATE) | | | | |
| I | Screenings Handling & Disposal | \$/Year | \$ 638 | \$ 638 |
| J | Chemical Use | \$/Year | \$ 1,069 | \$ 4,490 |
| K | Membrane Replacement | \$/Year | \$ 25,600 | \$ 28,560 |
| L | Permeate Power (Pumped System) | \$/Year | \$ 392 | \$ 445 |
| M | Membrane Air Scour | \$/Year | \$ 4,759 | \$ 2,493 |
| N | Biological Aeration | \$/Year | \$ 5,139 | \$ 8,647 |
| O | Equalization Aeration | \$/Year | \$ 15 | \$ 7 |
| P | RAS & Nitrate Recycle Pumping | \$/Year | \$ 748 | \$ 959 |
| Q | Back-Pulse Pumping | \$/Year | \$ - | \$ 5.4 |
| R | Equalization Transfer Pumping | \$/Year | \$ 50 | \$ 34 |
| | | TOTAL OPERATIONAL COSTS | \$ 38,500 | \$ 46,300 |
| TABLE 3-3 PRESENT WORTH ESTIMATION (PUMPED PERMEATE) | | | | |
| 1 | Building & Tank Costs | LS | \$ 1,167,953 | \$ 908,317 |
| 2 | Annual O&M Costs (A) | \$/Year | \$ 38,500 | \$ 46,300 |
| 3 | Discount Rate (i) | ---- | 4.375 | 4.375 |
| 4 | Life Cycle Period (n) | Years | 20 | 20 |
| 5 | Present Worth O&M Costs (P) - See Note #1 | \$ | \$ 506,275 | \$ 608,845 |
| 6 | Total Present Worth (Pumped Permeate) - O&M, Tank & Building Costs (Item 1 + Item 5) | \$ | \$ 1,674,228 | \$ 1,517,162 |
| 7 | Corrected Initial Equipment Capital Cost (Removed Out of Scope Items) | \$ | \$ 1,208,763 | \$ 1,317,250 |
| | | Total NPV LCC (PUMPED PERMEATE) - (Item 1 + Item 5 + Item 7) | \$ 2,880,000 | \$ 2,840,000 |

Criteria #2 – NPV LCC Scoring

- NPV LCC Scoring
 - Most Cost Effective: 40 Points
 - Second: 30 Points
 - Third: 20 Points



Criteria #2-Bid Results & Scoring

- NPV LCC Bid Results
 - Vendor B = \$2,840,000
 - Vendor A = \$2,880,000
 - Vendor C = \$3,542,786 – Was Lower Up-Front Cost
- NPV LCC Scoring
 - Vendor B = 40 Points
 - Vendor A = 40 Points
 - Vendor C = 30 Points
- Vendor B & Vendor A
 - Equivalent & Within Margins of Error Of Planning Level Comparison

Criteria #3 – Operability & Reliability

- Lowest System Complexity = 5 Points
 - Less Automated Valves
 - Less I/O, Etc.
- Lowest Chemical Cleaning = 5 Points
 - Less Number of Required Cleanings
 - Confirmed by Design Team Investigations



Criteria #3 – Operability & Reliability Bid Tables

- Table 4-A1: Membrane System Complexity

| Parameter | Quantity |
|--|----------|
| Control Panels | |
| Equipment HOA Switches | |
| Electrically Operated Valve HOA Switches | |
| Electrically Operated Cycling Valves | |
| Quantity of Analog Inputs | |
| Quantity of Analog Outputs | |
| Quantity of Discrete Inputs | |
| Quantity of Discrete Outputs | |

- Table 4-A2: Membrane Cleaning Procedures

| Parameter | Units | Quantity |
|---|-----------------|----------|
| Frequency of Maintenance Cleans | #/year | |
| Duration of Standard Maintenance Cleans | hours/MBR basin | |
| Frequency of Recovery Cleans | #/year | |
| Duration of Recovery Cleans | hours/MBR basin | |

Criteria #3 – Operability & Reliability Scoring

- Membrane System Complexity Bid Results
 - Vendor A = 3 Points
 - Vendor B = 2 Points – **Most Complex**
 - Vendor C = 5 Points – **Least Complex**

- Membrane Cleaning Bid Results
 - Vendor A = 5 Points – **Lowest Cleaning**
 - Vendor B = 3 Points
 - Vendor C = 2 Points – **Highest Cleaning (Daily)**

- Total Points
 - Vendor A = 8 Points
 - Vendor B = 5 Points
 - Vendor C = 7 Points

Criteria #4 – Membrane Warranty

- Lowest Cost Warranty
- Pro-Rated or Not?
- Most Inclusive
- Criteria #4 Scoring Breakdown
 - Most Inclusive & Cost Effective: 10 Points
 - Second: 6 Points
 - Third: 4 Points



Criteria #4-Warranty Scoring

- Criteria #4 Warranty Summary Table

| Number | Description | Vendor A | Vendor B | Vendor C |
|-----------------------|---|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| 1 | Warranty of Ancillary Supporting Equipment | 1 Year | 1 Year | 1 Year |
| 2 | Standard Warranty for Membranes & Cassettes | 5 Year (Non-Prorated) | 5 Year Prorated (2 Year Full) | 5 Year Prorated (2 Year Cliff) |
| 3 | One Year Process & Performance Guarantee | \$ - | \$11,825 | \$5,000 |
| 4 | Cost of Full 5 Year Membrane Warranty | \$ - | \$83,214 | \$5,000 |
| 5 | Cost of Full 10 Year Membrane Warranty (\$/Year) | \$ - | Not Available 10 Year Pro-Rated (5 Year Full) | \$25,000 |
| POINTS SCORING | | 10 | 4 | 6 |

- Vendor A** – Most Cost Effective & Inclusive Warranty



Criteria #5 – Technical Support

- Lowest Cost
- Most Inclusive
- Extended Support Costs
- Criteria #5 Scoring Results
 - Most Inclusive & Cost Effective: Vendor B = 10 Points
 - Second: Vendor A = 6 Points
 - Third: Vendor C = 4 Points

Criteria #6 – Experience & Qualifications

- U.S. Based Installations of Similar Size

| Parameter | Experience Category | Maximum Points Available |
|--|--|--------------------------|
| Location | Number of U.S. Facilities > 100 | 2 |
| | Number Facilities Worldwide > 500 | 1 |
| Capacity Facilities (Average Annual Design) | > 25 Facilities of 0.2 MGD or Greater | 1 |
| | > 50 Facilities of 0.05 MGD or Greater | 1 |
| Years of Service | Average of 10 Reference Plants > 5 years | 2 |
| | Average of 10 Reference Plants > 3 years | 2 |
| | Average of 10 Reference Plants > 1 year | 1 |
| Total | | 10 |

- Scoring Breakdown
 - Vendor A = 10 Points
 - Vendor B = 10 Points
 - Vendor C = 8 Points

Final Pre-Procurement Scoring

- Summary Table Of Final Scoring

| Criteria Number | Evaluation Criteria | Weight (Points) | Vendor A | Vendor B | Vendor C |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 1 | Total System Capital Cost | 20 | 20 | 10 | 15 |
| 2 | Net Present Value Life Cycle Cost | 40 | 40 | 40 | 30 |
| 3 | System Operability & Reliability | 10 | 8 | 5 | 7 |
| 4 | Warranty | 10 | 10 | 4 | 6 |
| 5 | Technical Support Capabilities | 10 | 6 | 10 | 4 |
| 6 | Experience & Qualifications | 10 | 10 | 10 | 8 |
| TOTAL SCORING | | | 94 | 79 | 70 |

- Vendor A & B - Close Scoring
- Each Held 1 Hour Presentation To Town
- Vendor A** - Awarded Pre-Procurement Contract
 - Town Concurrence On Award



Project Example #2: Town of Ashland, NH

- Lakes Region
- Population ~2,100
- Ashland Wastewater System
 - Town Owns & Operates WWTP
 - 0.17 MGD Permitted Flow
 - Aerated Lagoon System





Town of Ashland Headworks & Septage Receiving Project

- Need & Driver
 - No Formal Septage Receiving or Headworks
 - Labor Intensive Process
 - Reduced Lagoon Capacity
 - Septage Supports Sewer Budget





Town of Ashland Headworks & Septage Receiving Project

- Project
 - Combined Headworks & Septage Receiving Facility
 - Pre-Procurement of Metal Building
 - Pre-Engineered Building (Design + Materials)
 - Erection Services
 - Pre-Procurement of Septage Receiving Equipment
 - Pre-Procurement of Headworks Equipment
 - Mechanical Screen
 - Grit Removal

- Funded by Northern Borders & NH DES



Town of Ashland Headworks & Septage Receiving Project

- Septage Receiving Evaluation
 - (1) Unit With (2) Truck Connections
 - Drum Capacity of 880 gpm and 53 cf/hr
 - Integral Wash Press
 - Screw Conveyor

- Up-Front Cost
 - Startup & Performance Testing Costs
 - Unit Pricing Per Day



Town of Ashland Headworks & Septage Receiving Project

- Headworks Equipment Evaluation
 - (1) Stationary Basket Screen
 - 2'-0" Wide Channel
 - (1) Vortex Grit Removal Unit
 - 7'-0" Chamber Diameter
 - Includes Suction Lift Pump and Paddle Mixer
 - (1) Grit Washer
 - Bid Alternate Item for Stainless Steel Grit Chamber
- Up-Front Cost
 - Startup & Performance Testing Costs
 - Unit Pricing Per Day



Town of Ashland Headworks & Septage Receiving Project

- All Equipment In One Bid Package
 - Allowed Vendors to Bid on Multiple Components
- Capital Cost Results
 - Did Not Award Bid Alternate

| Description | Vendor A | Vendor B | Vendor C | Vendor D |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Screening Equipment | N/A | N/A | \$68,000 | \$67,589 |
| Septage Receiving Equipment | \$229,294 | N/A | \$324,650 | N/A |
| Grit Removal Equipment | N/A | \$213,318 | \$199,850 | \$154,298 |
| Bid Alternate: Stainless Steel Grit Chamber | N/A | \$66,000 | N/A | \$48,105 |

- Conclusions
 - Reduced Project Schedule and Cost



Town of Ashland Headworks & Septage Receiving Project





Notable Successes

- Full Control Over Key Equipment
- Submittal Reviews Expedited
 - Completed Prior To Award of Construction Contract
- Far Easier Detailed Design
 - Real Equipment Drawings & CAD Blocks
- Assignment Of Equipment Contract
 - Very Smooth Vendor to Construction Contractor
- Bidder Feedback
 - “Fair Evaluations – Highlight Our Total Costs”
- Project Time Savings – At Least 6-8 Months



Lessons Learned

- Equipment Delivery & Submittal Language
 - Engineer Control of Timing Vs. *“Within XX Days of Contract Award”*
- Bid Period
 - Lengthen Bid Period - 21 Day Minimum Is Too Short
- Use Locked & Embedded Excel Files For Bid Evaluation Tables For Bidders



Lessons Learned

- SRF AIS Requirements
- Startup & Testing Unit Pricing
 - Cost per Day on Site
 - Established Cost if Added Days Needed



Questions? Thank you for your time!!



COMMITMENT & INTEGRITY DRIVE RESULTS