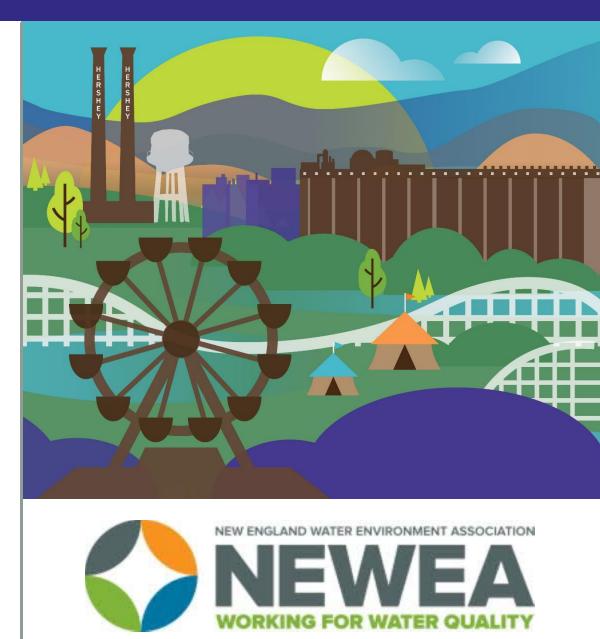
Waste & Energy Recovery Leads to Sustainability at Clearwater WWTF



Colin O'Brien Brown and Caldwell



William Rehkop, PE Derry Township Municipal Authority

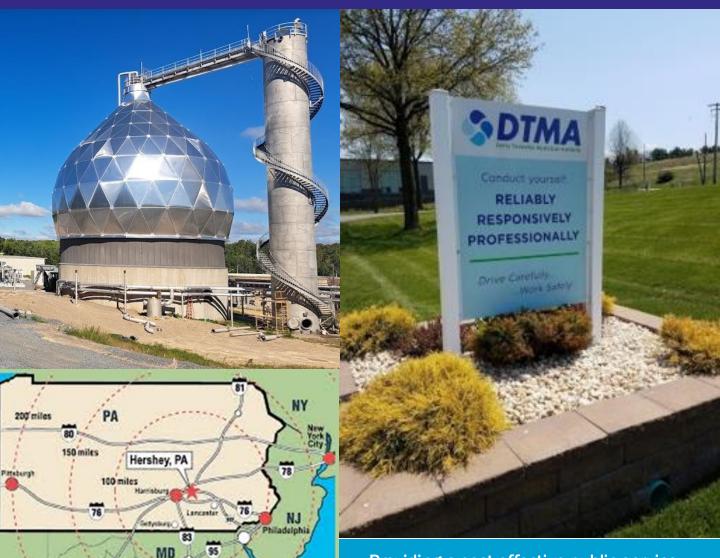


Agenda

- **1. DTMA Overview**
- 2. Resource Recovery Energy Savings and Energy & Materials Recovery
- 3. Striving for Energy Neutrality "Net Zero"
- 4. Energy Enhancements Project
- 5. Leveraging New System Capacity for HSOW and Cogeneration
- 6. Construction Phase "Lessons" Learned
- **7.** Conclude and Questions

Who is DTMA?

- Operating Authority formed in 1972
- Home of the world's largest Kiss
- Current Staff of 40
- Serves 6 Municipalities
- Two Wastewater Treatment Facilities
 - Clearwater Road WWTF 5.02 MGD
 - Southwest WWTF 0.6 MGD
- Collection & Conveyance System
 - 17 Pumping Stations
 - 160+ Miles of Sanitary Sewer
- Hauled-in Waste Program
 - "Business Venture" (est. 1991)
- Resource Recovery
 - Biogas Utilization / Cogeneration
 - Biosolids Land Application



Washington

Providing a cost-effective public service to protect and enhance the water, environment, and quality of life for our local and regional community.

Clearwater WWTF

Brown and Caldwell

Resource Recovery at a WWTF

What is **Resource Recovery?**

- ✓ Produce Clean Water
- ✓ Organics and Nutrient Recycling
- ✓ Biosolids Land Application
- ✓ Energy Recovery and Utilization





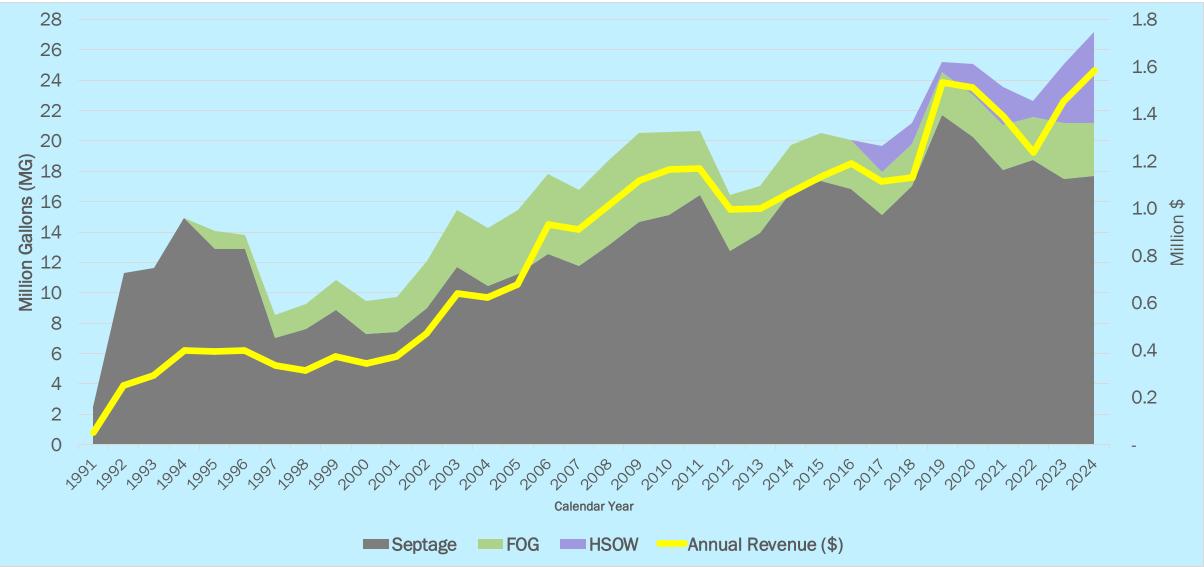


Energy Recovery & Utilization at DTMA

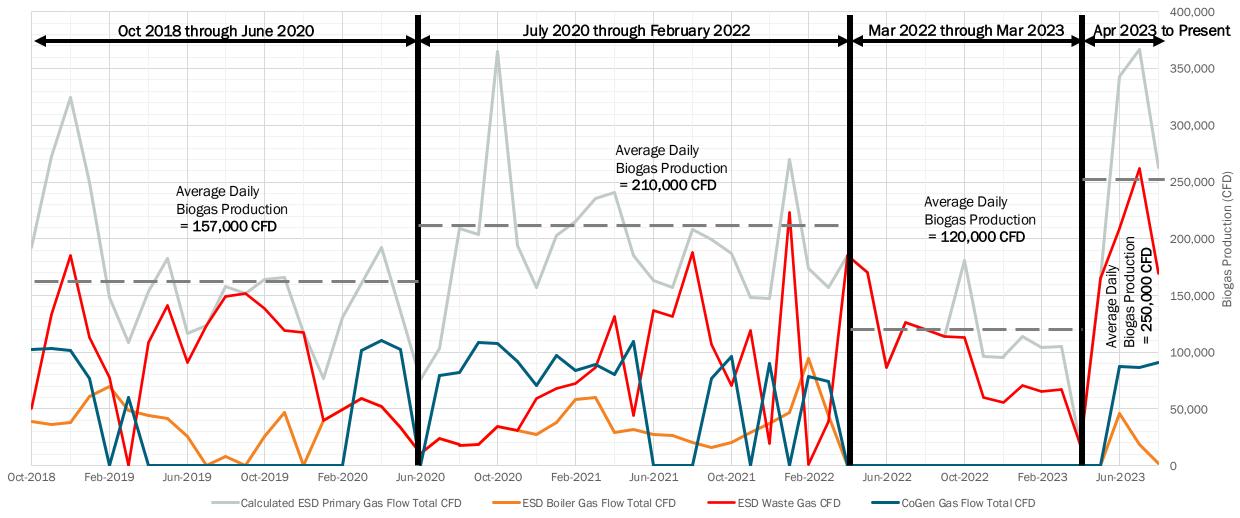
- 2001 ESD Heating
 - Fuel hot water boiler for heating digester contents
- 2008 Thermal Dryer
 - Steam boiler fueled by biogas, dryer heat source
 - Decommissioned as of July 2018
- 2010 280 kW Cogen & Gas Conditioning (300 SCFM)
 - Annual Electric Savings Offsets an average of 25% of total WWTP electric consumption per year
 - Engine Heat Recovery: Heat three (3) WWTP buildings during cold weather season
 - Decommissioned as of March 2024
- 2020 2024
 - Energy Enhancements project
- 2022 Current
 - Biosolids Facilities improvements project



Septage/ FOG/ Food Waste – Annual Receiving Total



BIOGAS ON-SITE UTILIZATION



- Oct 2018 June 2020: 14,000 gallons (or 3 Truck Loads) per week of HSOW
- July 2020 Feb 2022: 55,000 gallons (or 10-14 Truck Loads) per week of HSOW
- Mar 2022 Mar 2023: Secondary Digester / Gas Conditioning Shutdown for Energy Enhancement Project; Minimal HSOW Acceptance
- April 2023 Present: Completion of the Energy Enhancement Project; 95,000 gallons (or 14-23 Truck Loads) per Week of HSOW

Current Energy Usage/ Cost

Clearwater WWTF - Annual Electricity Cost and kW Demand \$450,000 1200 \$400,000 1000 Electricity \$350,000 \$300,000 \$250,000 \$200,000 800 600 ≷ Hunger \$150,000 \$100,000 400 200 \$50,000 \$0 0 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 -Cost -KW

Energy Source	Annual Cost (average)		
Electricity – WWTF	\$325,800		
Electricity – 3 Pumping Stations	\$36,600		
Natural Gas - WWTF	\$25,700		
Fuel Oil - WWTF	\$20,100		
Total	\$408,200		

Striving for Energy Neutrality "Net Zero"

What Does "Net Zero" Mean to DTMA?

Monetary

- Net Zero can be defined as a monetary value.
- "We spent \$ in fuel and electricity last year and would like to generate \$ in produced energy."
- kWh / BTU / Ccf / Gallon
 - Net Zero can be defined as a combination of consumed fuel units.
 - "We utilized XXX kWh last year and would like to generate XXX kWh."



As defined by DTMA... A simple energy balance of kWh consumed to kWh produced

What was holding DTMA back?

Undersized biogas management system and gas utilization equipment

Average and Maximum Daily Flow, Digester Gas

Area/Process	Max:Avg ratio	Avg Daily Value, scfd	Avg Flow per Minute, scfm	Resultant Max Daily Flow, scfd
Hauled waste	2:1	1,032,000	717	2,064,000
Municipal sludge	3.0:1	190,000	132	570,000
Total	-	1,222,000	849	2,634,000

The Future is....Efficient Committing to "Net Zero"

- Embarked on \$18.6 MM *Energy Enhancements* project to upgrade and improve:
 - Biogas storage, conveyance, and conditioning
 - CHP Building with two (2) 1,000-kW CHP systems
 - Utilize excess biogas generated from Co-Digestion of HSOW
 - Interconnection and Net Metering with PP&L
 - Plant-wide heating systems and controls
- Plant's current energy demand is less than 1,000-kW
 - Redundant engine
- Commissioning began in June 2023
- Interconnect agreement signed January 2024



Energy Enhancements Project

ESD & Secondary Digester Upgrades

100

CHP Building

-

Biogas Management & Conditioning System





New Waste Gas Burner



Cogeneration System



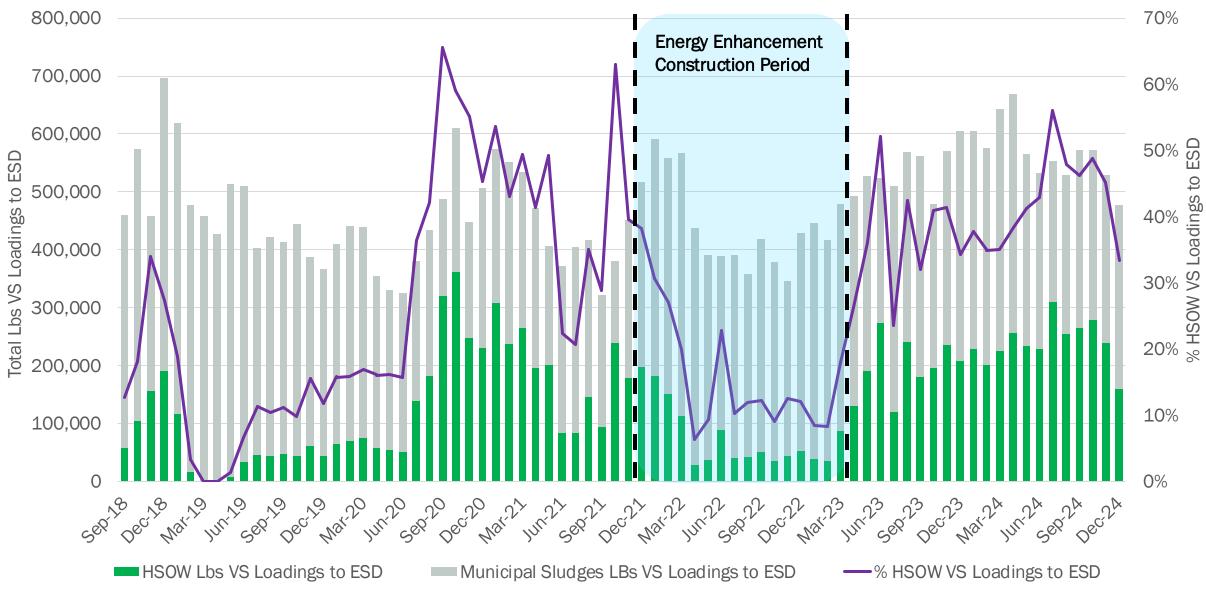
HSOW Equalization

- Equalize HSOW feedings over the weekend
- Reduce operational challenges (overloading, rapid rise, foaming)
- Normalize digester head pressure and gas flow

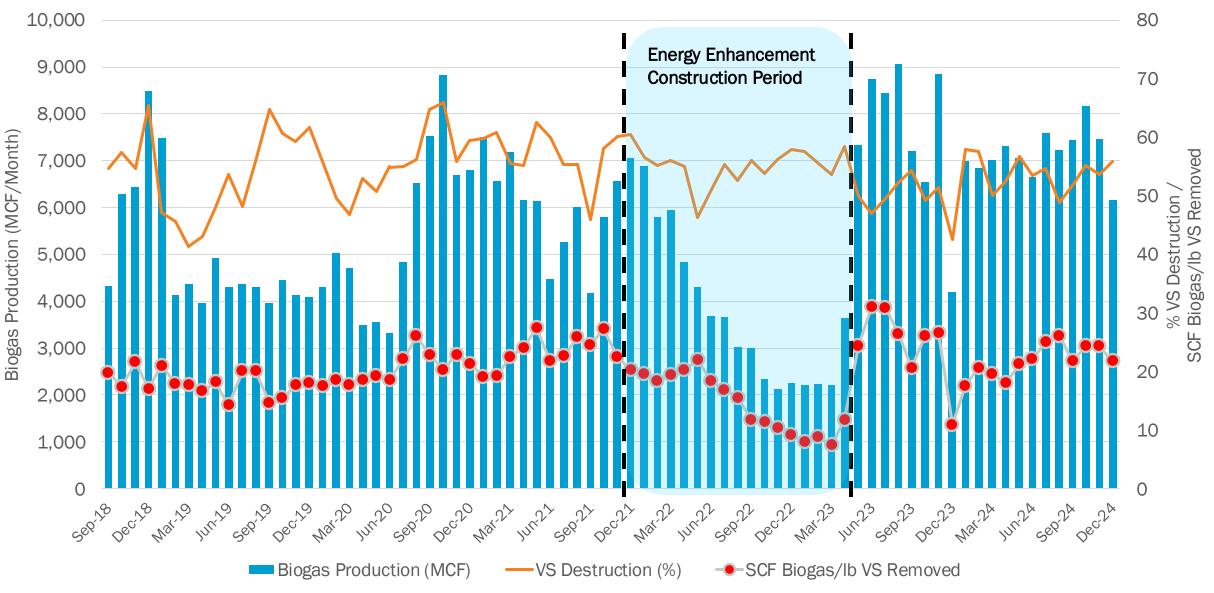


Leveraging New System Capacity for HSOW and Cogeneration

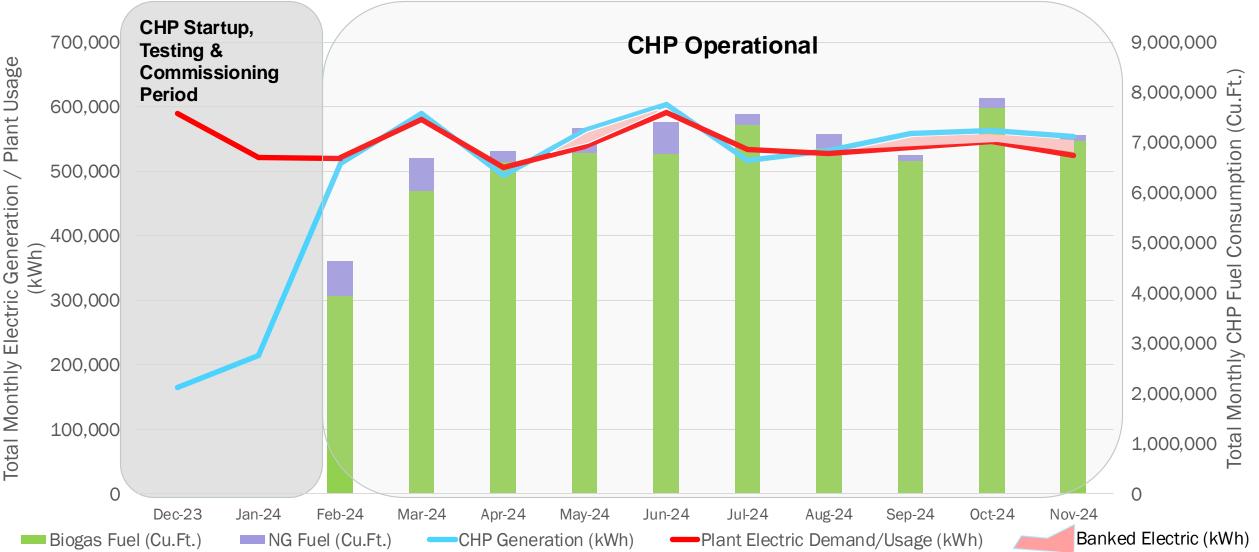
Digester VS Loading: Total vs HSOW



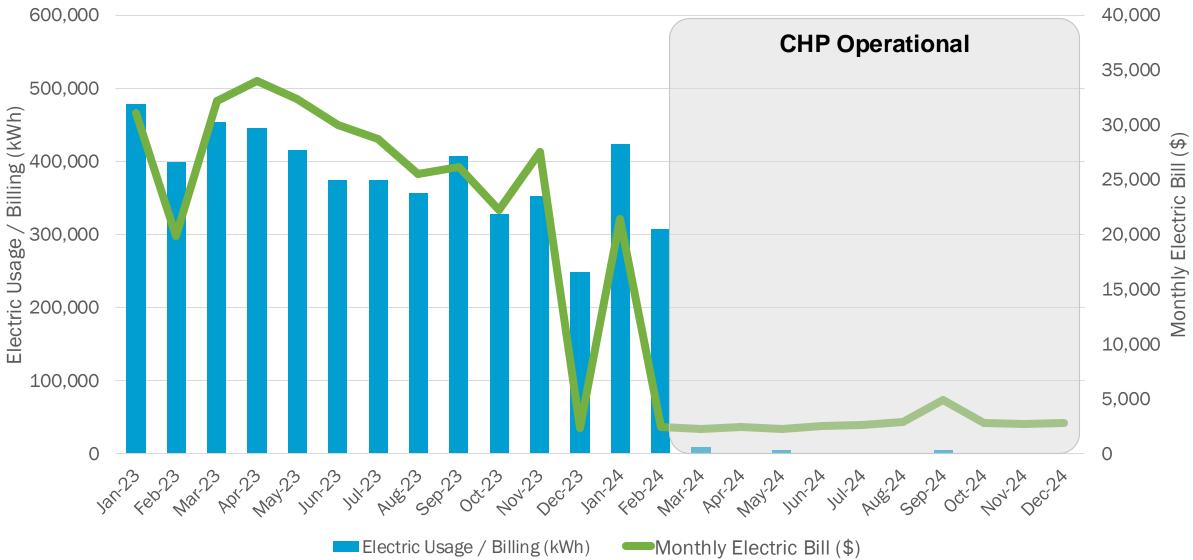
Biogas Production vs. VSR



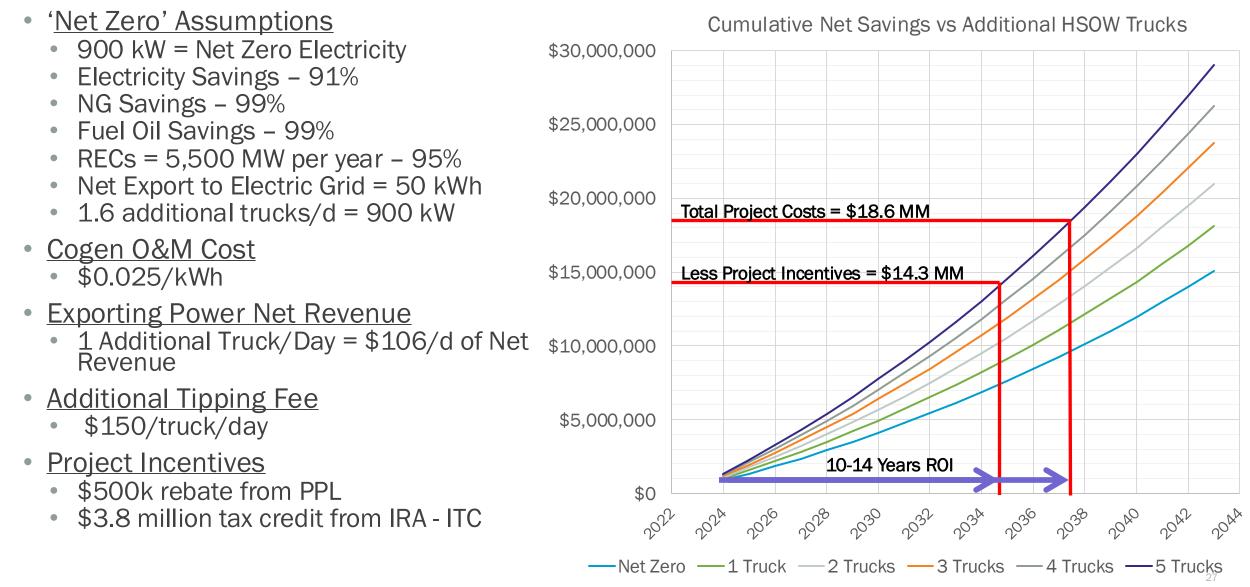
Clearwater WWTF Electric Usage Vs. CHP Generation



Clearwater WWTF – Electric Bill



Additional HSOW = Increased Net Savings



Construction Phase -"Lessons" Learned

"Lessons Learned"

- Engage utility partners and preprocurement early and often
- Pre-purchasing schedule and sequencing
- Extended warranty provisions
- Negotiate service contracts during installation (or sooner)



Conclusions



 Upsizing the biogas management system was essential to leveraging HSOW

 Co-digestion improves savings with renewal energy projects

 ✓ N+1 redundancy for a cogeneration facility allows for more uptime

Energy projects impact O&M savings





Thank you. Questions?



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Special Thanks to our Project Stakeholders: Eastern Environmental Contractors (GC) Pagoda Electric (EC) AIS – formerly Heisey Mechanical (HVAC) Optimum Controls Corporation (Systems Integrator) Cummins Inc. (and local Harrisburg branch) RK&K (Electrical Design) Bassett Engineering (Site Design & Air Permitting) HRG (RPR)

S DTMA