Using Smart Systems to Meet Stormwater Requirements and Preserve the Aesthetic **Character of Two Historic Ponds in** Harrisburg, PA – An Update on Actual **System Performance**

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CAPITAL REGION...

Project Background

- Pond retrofit project identified in Mish Run Hydrologic Study
- Implemented through CRW's City Beautiful H2O Program Plan to reduce CSO's in Lower Paxton Creek Sewershed
- Located in historically significant neighborhood in Harrisburg, PA

CRW and Bellevue Park

2017 Mish Run Hydrologic Study

2018 City Beautiful H2O Program

2020-2021

Field Work & Detailed Design

2022-2023

Bidding & Construction



Historic Context

- PA's first planned Residential Community, established in 1910
- Designed by renowned landscape designer, Warren H. Manning
- Over 12 acres of open space, including five common "reservations"
- Two connected man-made ponds for recreation and aesthetics in the Willow and Spruce Reservations
- Challenge: Retrofit ponds
- 3 to meet design goals
 without altering the



Existing Conditions

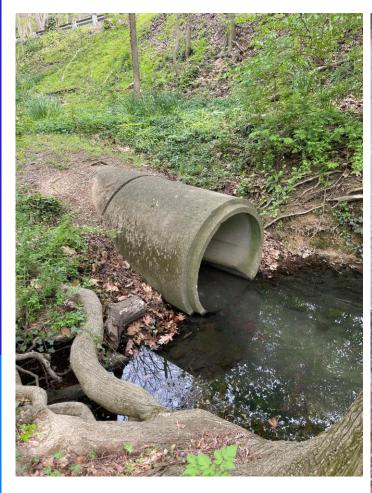
- Hydraulically connected man-made ponds
- Primary water source is 42-inch RCP storm sewer (dry weather flow observed)
- Eutrophic, heavily silted, shallow depth
- Pond bank erosion
- Lower Pond spillway erosion due to overtopping
- Water & Sediment sampling results:
 - Low Dissolved Oxygen
 - High Nutrients
- 4 Metals and other pollutants (VOC's)
 detected in sediment





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Upper Pond Existing Inflow & Overflow Structures









Lower Pond Existing Spillway Photos







Bellevue Park Pond Retrofit

CRW goals:

- Improve pond water quality
- Optimize the ponds for stormwater management
- Improve habitat and ecological functions
- Balance landscape aesthetics & function
- Community goals (in addition to the above):
 - Maintain/enhance historical character of ponds as a neighborhood centerpiece



Rendering by LandStudies, Inc.

- Retain/enhance
- recreation
 opportunities

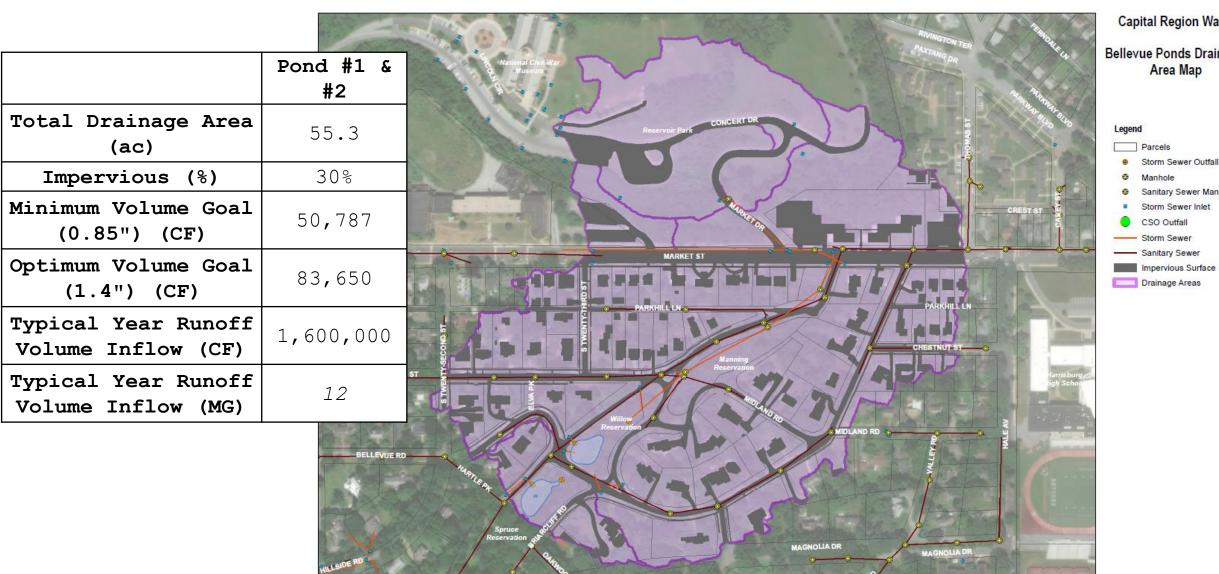
Additional Design Elements

- Maximize pond storage through bank grading and sediment removal
- Design overflow spillway for peak rate attenuation, stable transition to stream, and safe passage of the 25-year event
- Edge grading and landscaping for habitat and aesthetics
 - Too "wild" or "natural" may be perceived negatively by community
 - Accommodate maintenance access





Bellevue Park Ponds Drainage Area



Capital Region Water

Bellevue Ponds Drainage Area Map

Sanitary Sewer Manhole

Storm Sewer Inlet

Impervious Surface

Drainage Areas



Design Criteria- Volume & Rate C

■ **Volume** - Provide temporary storage of runoff from impervious drainage area

- Rate Design for 1-yr, 24-hr design storm
 - Goal of peak overflow release rate of 0.05 cfs/acre → 0.83 CFS (Impervious DA)
 - Maximum drain down time of 72 hours
- Flooding P

 Surface Flooding

 Potent. Bsmt. Flooding

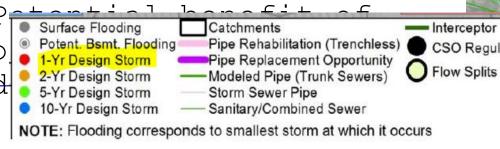
 1-Yr Design Storm

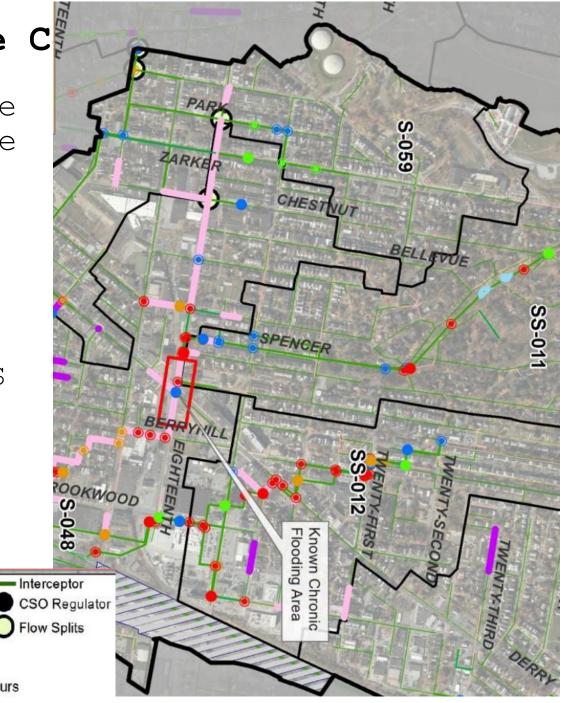
 1-Yr Design Storm

 2-Yr Design Storm

 5-Yr Design Storm

 5-Yr Design Storm





Why Continuous Monitoring and Adaptive Control (CMAC)?

- Community desired a spillway design that mimics the historic spillway
- Design to provide free surface flow through both ponds
- Ponds were originally designed to be landscape features, NOT stormwater ponds
 - Limited existing stormwater storage
 - Limited space to enlarge ponds
 - Lower pond overtops in large storms
 - Engineered "improvements"
 - changed pond character and allow increased stormwater flow

Incorporate aesthetics of historic spillway and in cascading channel to



Spruce Pond, in "Pentwater Park" Reservation. The trees are

Upper Pond Design

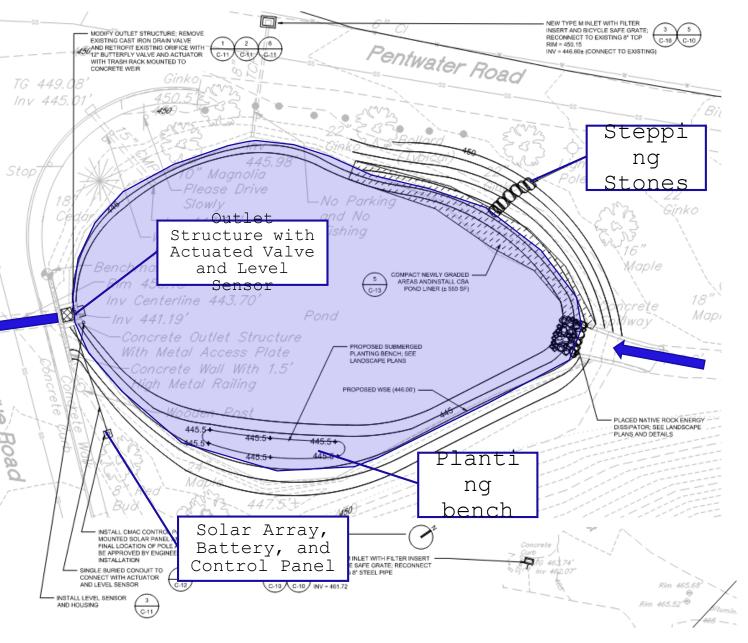
 Submerged planting bench to add interest and diversity to the plant communities

Rock energy dissipator at the base of the inlet spillway

 Regrading and plantings around the perimeter of the pond

 Boulder steppingstones access point

 Outlet structure modification (controlled low-flow orifice and restoring use of secondary overflow grate)



Lower Pond Design

- Grass pathway to be maintained
- Regrading and plantings pond perimeter
- Boulder steppingstone access point
- Outlet spillway reconstruction with cascade and stabilized concrete/rock stilling basin to the existing stream

concrete ogee weir and "natural" rock spillway Ogee weir Grass with boulder Walking cascade Path spillway to Stream crossing steppingsto nes

Battery, and Control

Panel

PRESENTATION TO THE

Steppi ngston

Structure with

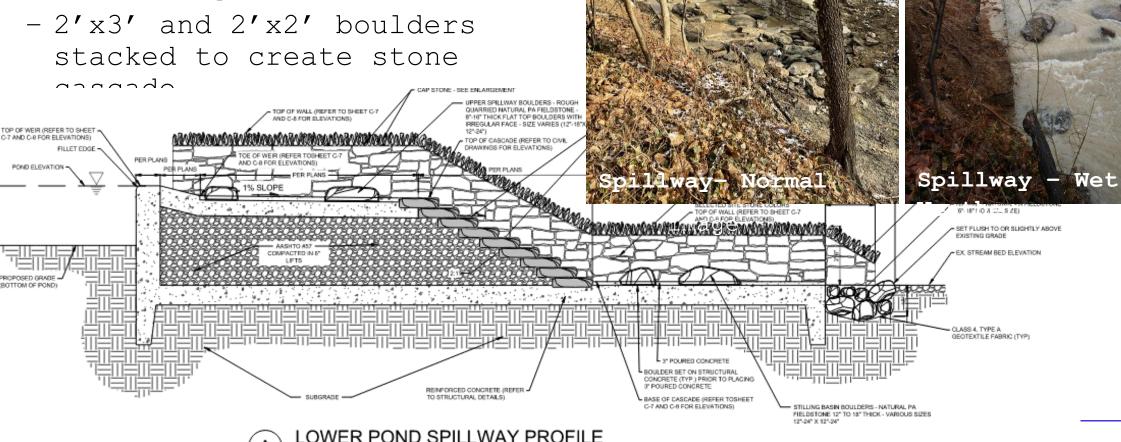
Actuated Valve and Level

New outlet structure

with controlled low-flow

Boulder Cascade Concept

- Natural PA fieldstone
 - 6"-8" thick flat boulders with irregular faces





CMAC System Design Upper & Lower Pond

- Water level sensor
- Automated butterfly valve
- Control panel
 - Panel is equipped with a cellular gateway and integrated cellular antenna for communication with the CMAC Software Platform

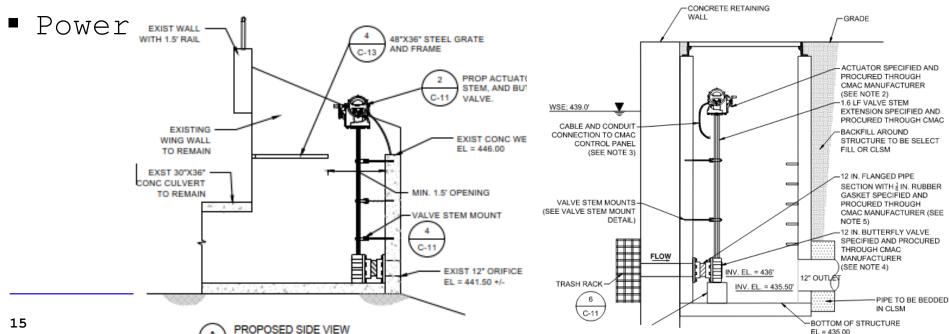




Image Credit: OptiRTC, Inc.

CMAC - Upper Pond



Actuat or

Level Sensor Solar Panel

Contro l Panel

Valve

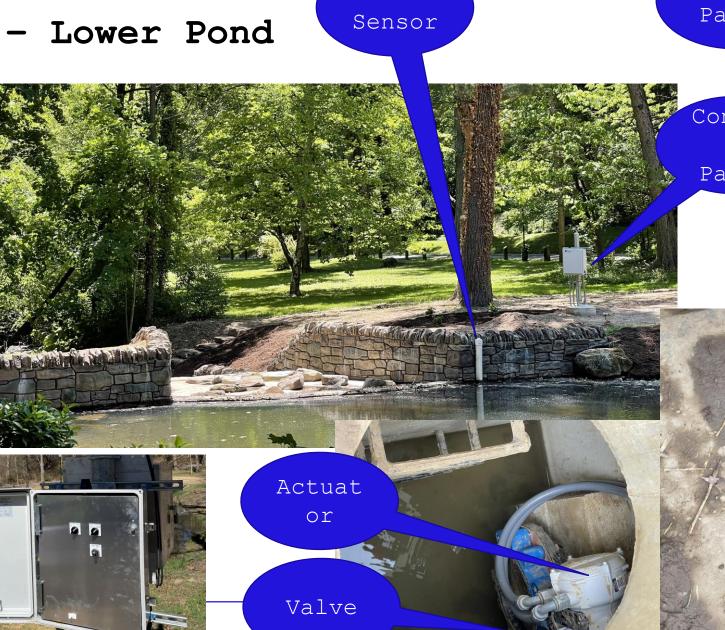


CMAC - Lower Pond

Level











CMAC System Design Modes

Water Evacuation - PRE-STORM

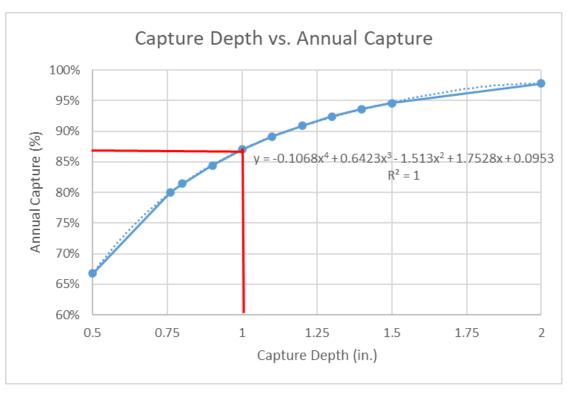
- When rainfall is predicted, CMAC system will open valves to discharge water to the minimum allowable pond water surface elevation (WSE):
 - 2-feet below the normal WSE in each pond
- CMAC system will maintain the maximum allowable flow through the Lower Pond orifice of 0.823 cfs during wet weather.

Water Retention - NORMAL

- Valves closed for passive discharge over pond weirs
- Maintain a consistent WSE in the pond, during normal operating conditions, for aesthetic and ecological purposes.

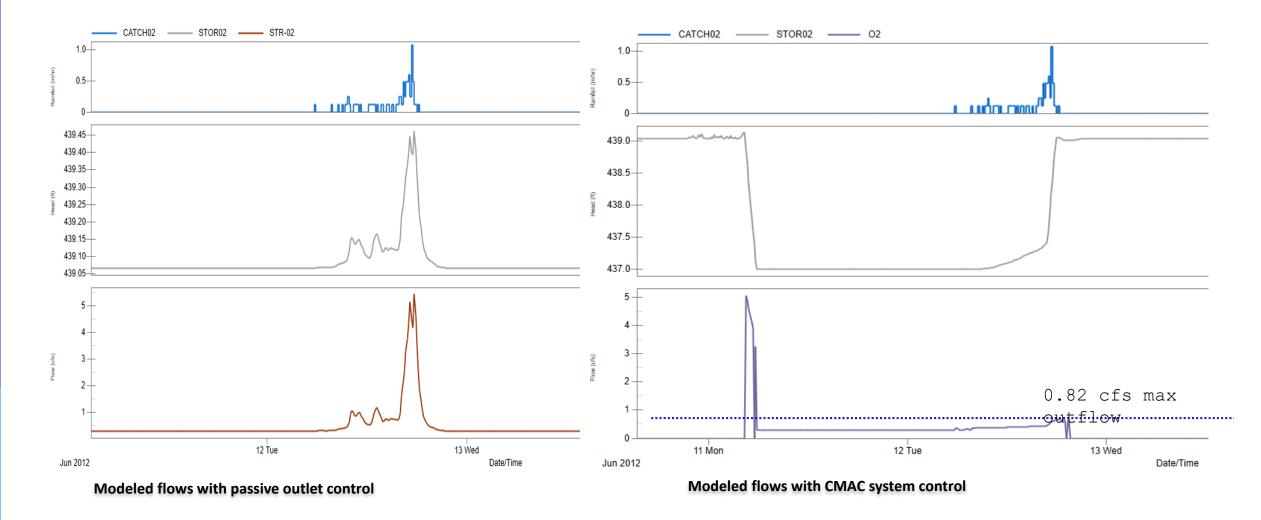
| Pond Storage Volume | Summary | | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Existing | Ponds | Proposed | Ponds |
| Description | Upper Pond | Lower Pond | Upper Pond | Lower Pond |
| Storage volume bottom elevation | 446 | 439 | 444 | 437 |
| Storage volume top elevation (before overtopping) | 450 | 440.2 | 450 | 441 |
| Storage Depth (ft) | 4.0 | 1.2 | 6.0 | 4.0 |
| Storage Volume | | <u> </u> | | 1000 |
| (CF) Controllable Storage Volume (volume below | 71/723 | 12,340 | 30,720 | 40,000 |
| normal water | 0 | 0 | 15,100 | 10,200 |
| surface elevation) (CF) | | | | |

Bellevue Pond Model Results Summary - Typical Year



| Model Results Summary - Typical Year | | | | |
|--|------------------|------------|----------------|--|
| | | Lower Pond | | |
| Description | Existing | Proposed | % Reduction | |
| Max Wet Weather Flow (cfs) | 16.6 | 24.6 | - | |
| Max Dry Weather Flow (cfs) | 1.8 | 8.3 | - | |
| Max WSE in Lower Pond (ft) | 440.0 | 439.5 | - | |
| Hrs Exceeding Max Release Rate (0.823 cfs) (hrs) | 147.7 | 23.7 | 84% | |
| Annual Volume of Runoff (cf) | 1,588,425 | 1,583,890 | - | |
| Total volume of wet weather outflow (cf) | 1,500,026 | 982,030 | 35% | |
| Total volume of outflows exceeding Max Release Rate (cf) | 1,012,642 | 117,728 | 82% | |
| Annual Volume Captured (cf) | 88,399 | 601,859 | - | |
| Annual Volume Managed (cf) | 487,384 | 804,302 | - | |
| Total Volume of Inflow Captured and Managed (cf) | 575 , 783 | 1,406,162 | | |
| <pre>% of Runoff Captured and Managed (%)</pre> | 36% | 89% | - | |
| Capture and Management Volume (in) | - | ~1.0 | _ | |
| Greened Acres | - | 16.6 | @Jacobs 2 | |

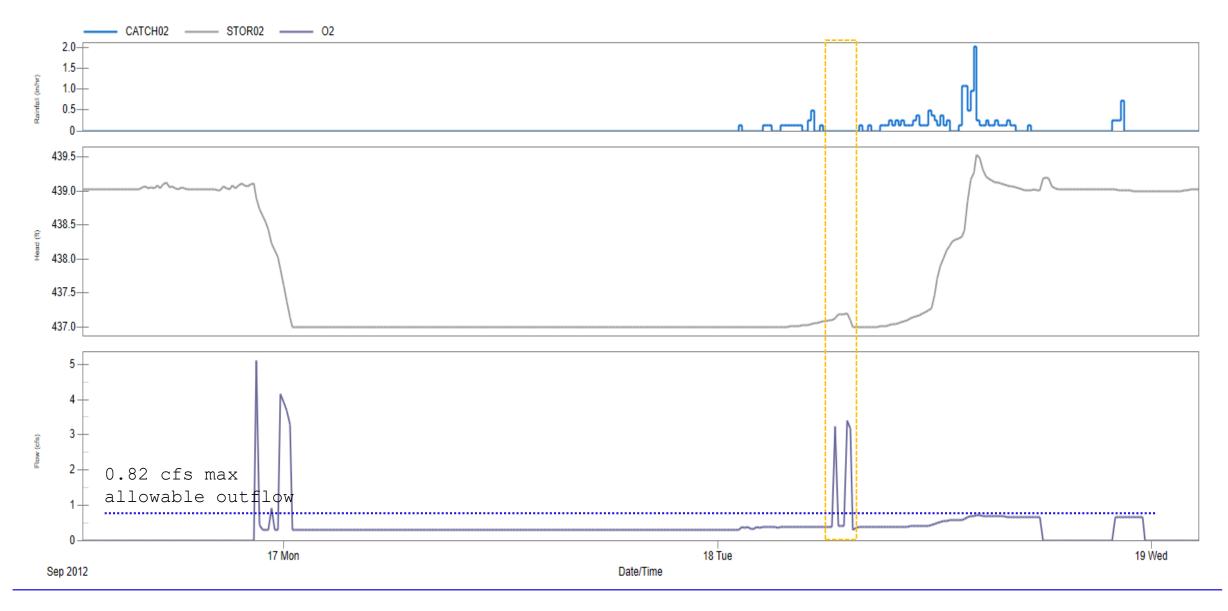
Bellevue Ponds Model Results - Typical Year



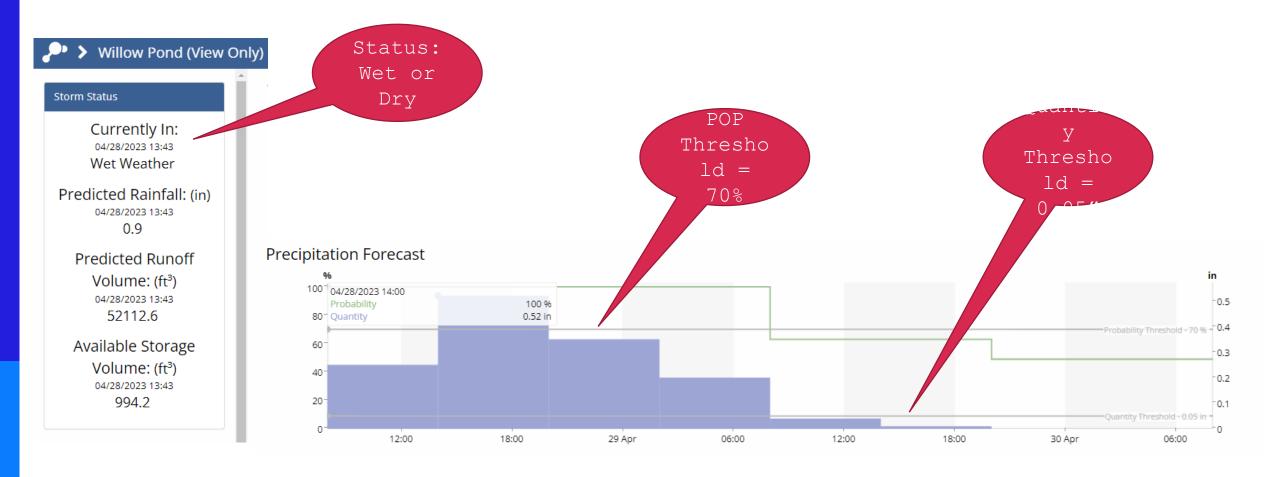
CMAC resulted in a 100% reduction in wet weather flow above the

max. release rate
(1 inch captured off imp. watershed area)

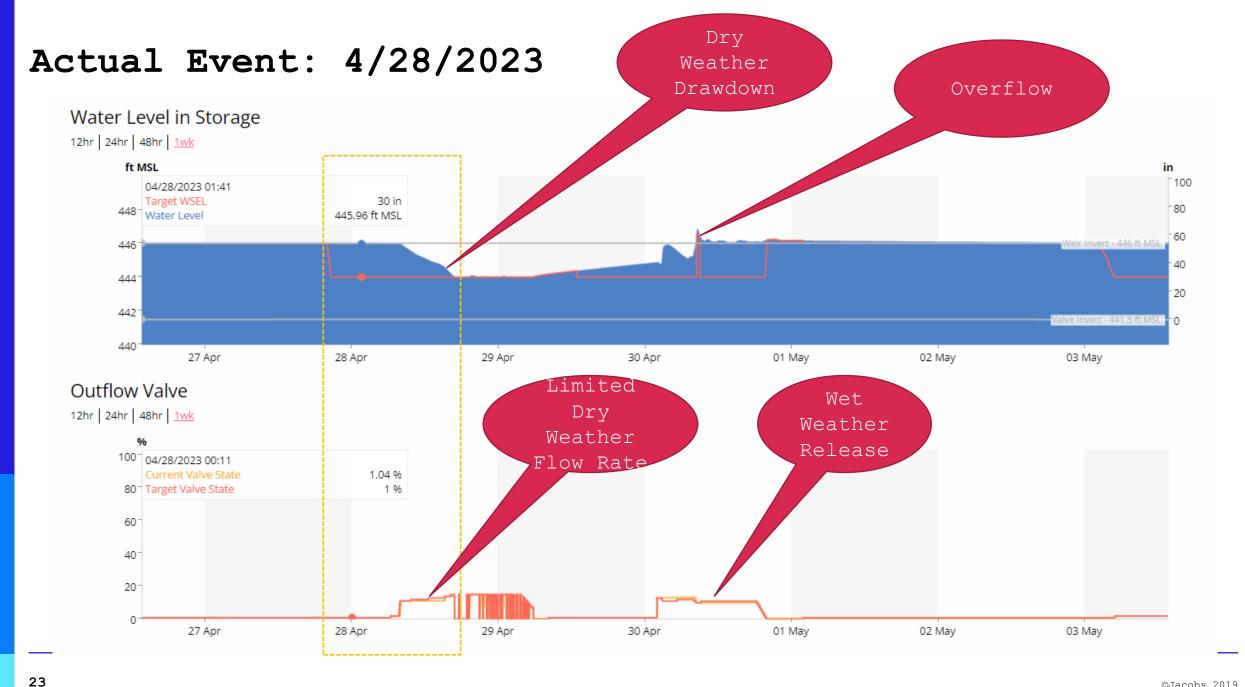
Bellevue Ponds Model Results - Typical Year



Actual Event: 4/28/2023

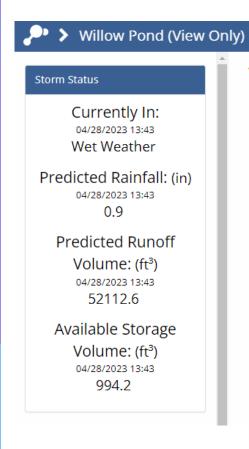


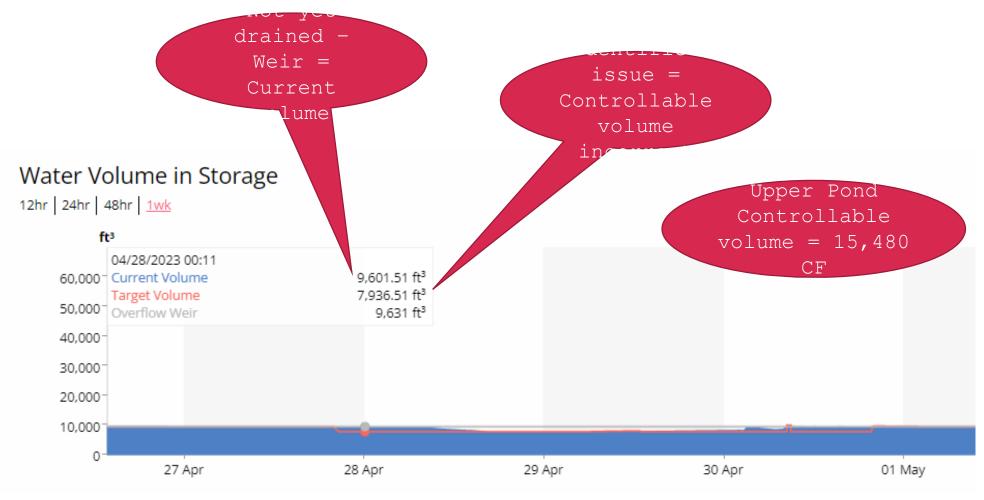
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Actual Event: 4/28/2023





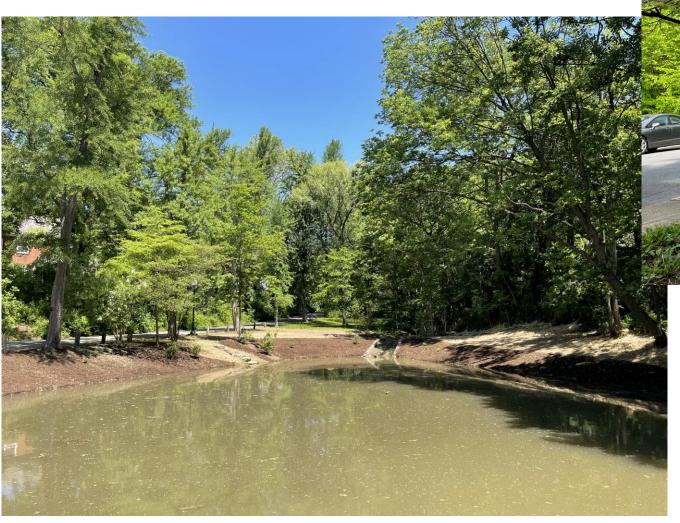
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Summary of Benefits

- The system meets and exceeds regulatory retention requirements – with some needed tweaks!
- Maintains existing WSE in the ponds and free surficial discharge over pond spillways to maintain historic character of the ponds
- Provides CRW flexibility to control water storage in the ponds based on real time NOAA forecasted precipitation
- Provides CRW flexibility to modify flow discharges from the ponds as needed to adapt to future changes in the watershed



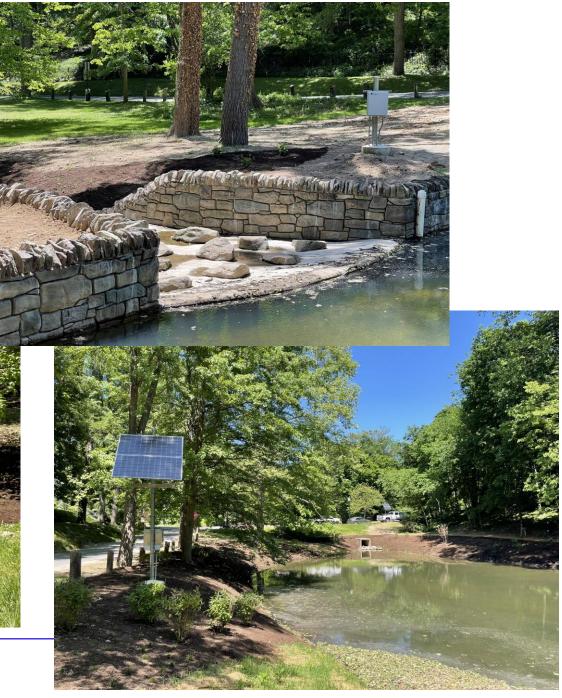
Upper Pond - After





Lower Pond - After





Questions?



Questions?

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