

Sewer Systems Are Like Your Arteries: You Want to Keep Them Flowing

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Worcester is located in the heart of Massachusetts



Worcester Operations - Municipal Stormwater System

- 374 miles of drain
- 354 outfalls
- 29,000 catch basins



Worcester's Municipal Sanitary Sewer System

- 61 Miles of Combination Sewers
- 29 Pump Stations
- 1 CSO Treatment Facility





Worcester's Municipal Sanitary Sewer System

- Dates back to 1882
- 450 miles of Sewer
- Sanitary Sewer Interceptors ranging from 18inch to 108-inch in diameter
- Sewer interceptor includes approximately 38 miles of pipeline

1905.

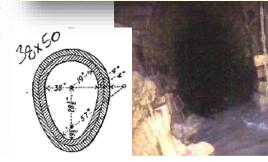
Fig. 156a.—Worcester, Mass., Sewer Dept., 38 × 50-in. brick, egg-shaped sewer, typical of construction used extensively in many old systems throughout the country. In recent years, however, this type has been replaced largely by sections shown in Figs. 156c, d, c and f. Many of these old sewers show but few signs of distortion due to earth pressures. Where this type was built on steep grades in combined systems the invert bricks have been worn to a considerable extent and in some cases worn through, causing backfilling and supporting earth outside of brickwork to be washed away and resulting in caving in of sewer. This trouble overcome by making invert masonry heavier and lining invert with hard-burned or vitrified brick, calculated to resist wear better.

Fig. 156b.—Worcester, Mass., Sewer Dept., 48 X 72-in. brick, egg-shaped sewer, interesting on account of special shape used in several instances in that city.

Described of Broadlers, New York City, 1901, H. R. Asserson, Chief Eng.,



TWENTY-SIX FOOT ROCK EXCAVATION FOR SIX-FOOT CEMENT SEWER



City Concerns





How does the City make sure the arteries are flowing properly?



Routine
Maintenance –
Flushing



Interceptor Evaluation Program



Annual Television Inspection Program



Sewer System
Evaluation
Surveys

Sewer Interceptor Inspection Program – Phased Approach

Phase 1 - 2008

- ≈ 68,000 lf
- ≈ 350 MH

Phase 2 - 2011

- ≈ 30,000 lf
- ≈ 150 MH

Phase 5 - 2021

Phase 4 - 2017

≈ 60 MH

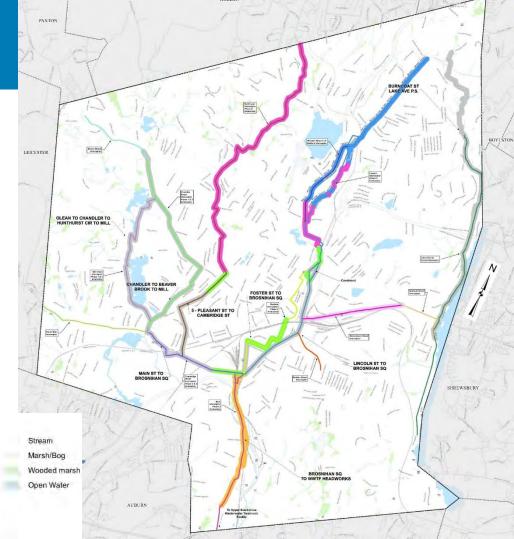
≈ 12,200 lf

- ≈ 28,000 lf
- ≈ 150 MH

Phase 3 - 2016

- ≈ 19,300 lf
- ≈ 45 MH





Detailed Investigation & Evaluation



Detailed Investigation & Evaluation

Television Inspection



Detailed Investigation & Evaluation

- Sonar
- Laser
- H2S Monitoring











Multi-Sensor Inspection (MSI)
CCTV/Lidar/Sonar

Infiltration



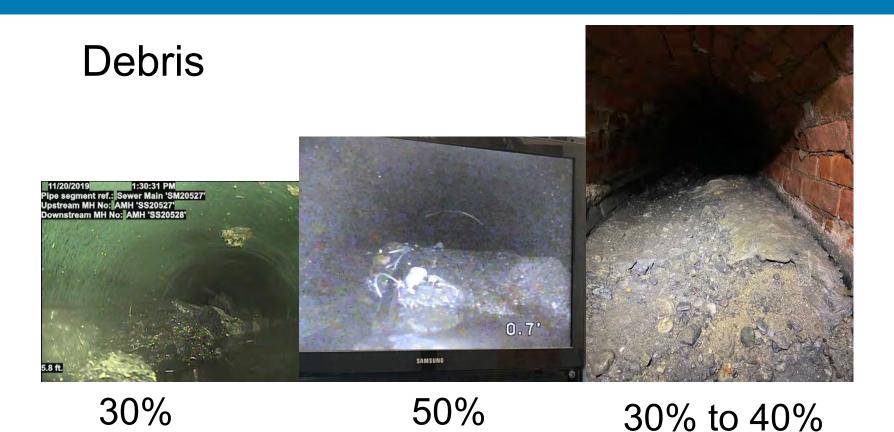




Roots



Missing Mortar



Utility Crossings







Important Items with Respect to Cleaning

- Sampling before cleaning to characterize the soil for disposal
- Location for debris storage





What Methods can be Used for Cleaning







- Vactor truck
- Flushing





What Methods can be Used for Cleaning



- Drag Plate
- Hazenator

City of Worcester Cleaning Program Between 2008 and 2022

- More than 30 miles of interceptor has been inspected
- More than 67,000 linear feet or 12 miles of sewers has been identified with debris
- Approximately 1,200 cubic yards or 2,040 tons of debris were estimated
- Most debris within pipes ranging from 24-inch diameter to 60- by 80-inch egg-shaped



Western Interceptor

- 3,242 If
- 32-inch by 34-inch to 48-inch
- 279 cubic yards = 475 tons







Eastern Interceptor



- **1**,850 If
- 26-inch by 34-inch to 48-inch diameter
- 120 cubic yards =204 tons

Pre-cleaning 20-inch on West Boylston Street for 2017 Rehabilitation



Green Street Siphon

- Triple barrel 8-inch,
 10-inch and 30-inch
- 80 If each = 240 If total
- 8 cubic yards = 14 tons

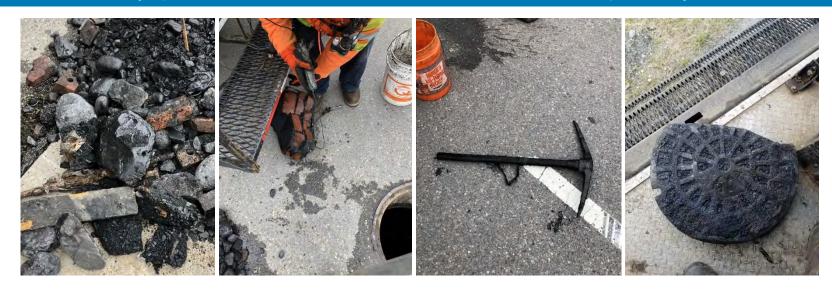








Green Street Sewer (upstream and downstream of siphon)



- 365 If of 30-inch
- 1,255 If of 32-inch by 42-inch
- 33 cubic yards = 56 tons

Western Interceptor Siphon





- Triple barrel 30-inch
- Approximately 200 If each = 600 If total
- 13 cubic yards = 22 tons





Summer Street Interceptor

- 5,560 If
- 24-inch to 40-inch by 54-inch diameter
- 500 cubic yards = 853 tons



Summer Street Interceptor Chambers

before





after





Millbury Street Siphon

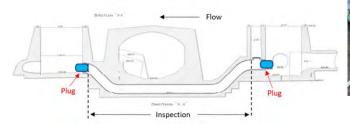
- 18-inch
- 781 If of VC, 260 If of PVC and 610 If of RC
- 28 cubic yards = 48 tons





Eastern Interceptor Siphon

- Triple barrel 30-inch
- Approximately 52 If each= 156 If total
- 3 cubic yards = 5 tons
- Prior to cleaning
 - Barrel 1 70% capacity
 - Barrel 2 15% capacity
 - Barrel 3 30% capacity





Rope from Barrel 1



Rope from Barrel 3

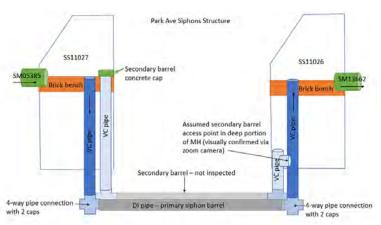
Eastern Interceptor Siphon Barrel 2

Mass of rags, wipes and 100 feet of 3/8-inch rope



Park Ave Siphon

- 66 If
- 15-inch
- 2 cubic yards = 3.5 tons







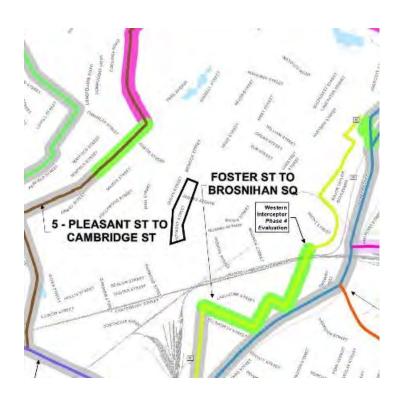
Before

After

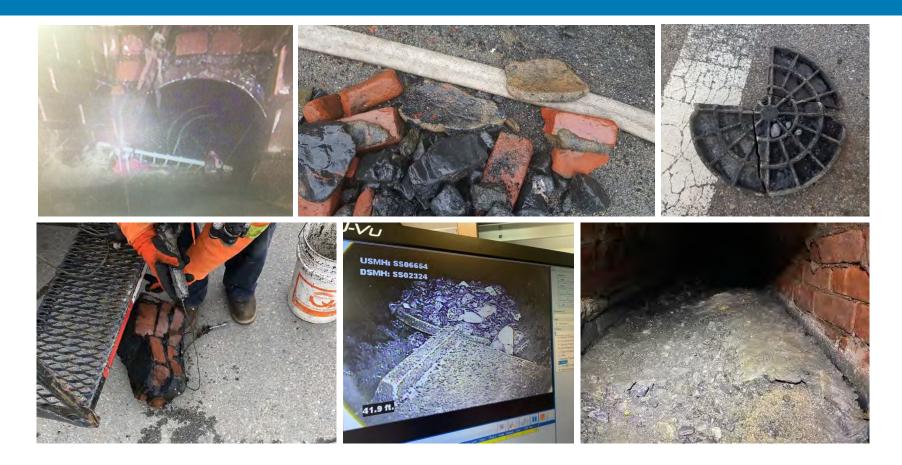
Piedmont Street Sewer

- 995 If
- 30-inch by 45-inch
- 40 cubic yards = 68 tons





What type of debris was found?



Before and After Cleaning



In the Last 10 Years

- More than 4 miles of interceptor have been heavy cleaned
- More than 1,175 cubic yards or 1,900 tons of debris were removed from sewers, siphons and interceptors across the City



In the Last 10 Years

• **1,900 tons** is equivalent to 180 school buses



Capacity Improved



Lessons Learned

- Improvement reduction of SSOs
- Sewer grit may be hazardous, best to sample first
- Disposal can be expensive, but worth it
- Three options for Capacity Issues:
 - Reduce Flow / I&I
 - Building Larger System
 - Clean System arguably most cost effective
- I&I reduction combined with cleaning = Success

thank you



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