NEWEA CLEAN WATER CASE STUDY SERIES INFILTRATION AND INFLOW CONTROL PLANS



This presentation will review the origin and current status of the infiltration and inflow (I/I) Control Plans required under Massachusetts 314 CMR 12.04.

Supported by practitioners from Weston & Sampson, Kevin Brander (MassDEP) will speak about the regulations and provide an update on current and future strategies MassDEP will be using to achieve M reduction.

Several examples will be presented of successful programs in both small and large communities. The examples will allow the participants to learn a variety of techniques that are being used to achieve compliance

Speaker: Kevin Brander, P.E., Section Chief, Wastewater Management, MassDEPs northeast regional office. Kevin has over 15 years experience overseeing wastewater management in 90 towns in the northeast region of MA, including compliance and enforcement activities.

Speaker: David Elmer, P.E., Discipline Leader, Wastewater, W&S. David has more than 26 years of experience with wastewater collection and storm drain systems.

Moderator: Donald G. Gallucci, P.E., Practice Leader, Collection Systems, W&S. Don has 30 years of experience and specializes in I/I reduction programs, SSES, CMOM programs, sewer rehabilitation, and trenchless construction technologies.

Speaker: Hillary Lacirignola, P.E., Principal, Wastewater, W&S. Hillary has 24 years of experience in the planning, design, construction, and evaluation of wastewater, stormwater, infrastructure management, as well as water resource engineering projects.

Speaker: John Potts, P.E., Senior Project Manager, Wastewater, W&S. John has more than 30 years of engineering experience. He is currently involved in the management, design, construction, rehabilitation, and permitting of various wastewater collection systems and pump stations.



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Tuesday May 25, 2021 Noon–1:00 PM ET \$20 Members \$30 Non-Members

Register Online: https:// sforce.co/3vxsLaF

1.0 TCH for CT*/MA/ME/ NH/RI/VT will be awarded for operator recertification

*up to 1.0 TCH for CT annual training requirement



Infiltration and Inflow Control Plans

Where are we now?





Kevin Brander, P.E. Wastewater Section Chief MassDEP Northeast Regional Office

I/I Plans Required..... 2014 Regulation Changes

• 314 CMR 12.04(2):

- Develop and implement ongoing I/I Plan
- By 12/31/2017, I/I Analysis, with recommendations to identify and remove excessive I/I

Revised I/I Plan Guidance May 2017

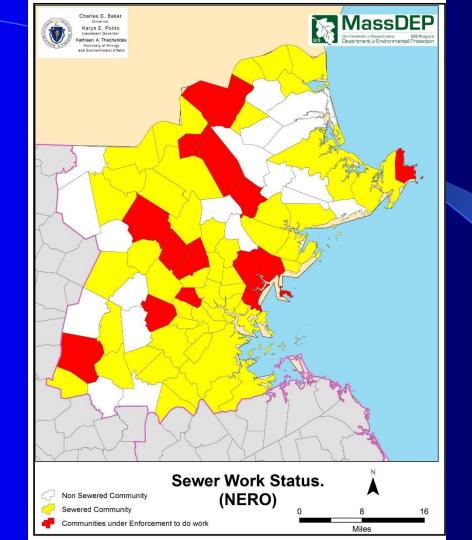
• Recommends four step approach:

> Infiltration and Inflow Analysis

Sewer System Evaluation Survey

Sewer System Rehabilitation

Post-Construction Monitoring



I/I Plan Submittals

> 15 already under enforcement order
> 6 submitted nothing – NON's issued
> 49 submittals in response to deadline:
> 37 I/I plans

> 12 Extension Requests

MassDEP Plan Reviews

- Prioritized reviews:
 - SSO History
 - I/I flow information (MWRA, other technical reports)
 - Any DEP information on I/I Plan implementation (SRF, NPDES reports, etc)
 - Flows vs. NPDES Flow limits

Approvals/RFIs

• DEP approved 18 plans received

• Requests for Information for 37 plans

In most cases, phased I/I programs were already underway, and DEP actions established scope and schedule for work, reporting

• Many communities had not metered in many, many years.

If no metering, or metering > 20 years old, MassDEP generally required system metering.

MassDEP favors systemwide metering over use of other methods (e.g. pump station run time data)

 4:1 I/I Removal Requirement for new connections or new flows > 15,000 gpd, for any authority conveying flows to a combined sewer system/permittee.

Many did not have programs in place; those that did primarily did so by charging mitigation fees. <u>Fees can only be used for I/I</u> <u>identification/removal</u>.

 In many cases, private inflow identification and removal programs weak

> Sewer system authorities must have some manner of private inflow identification/removal program. It should be targeted in subareas based on meter data and will need to be more aggressive where SSO risks are greater.

Range of different approaches – amnesty, grant program, property owner pays

 Cost Effectiveness Assessment (CEA) – costs to transport/treat vs. remove for infiltration sources

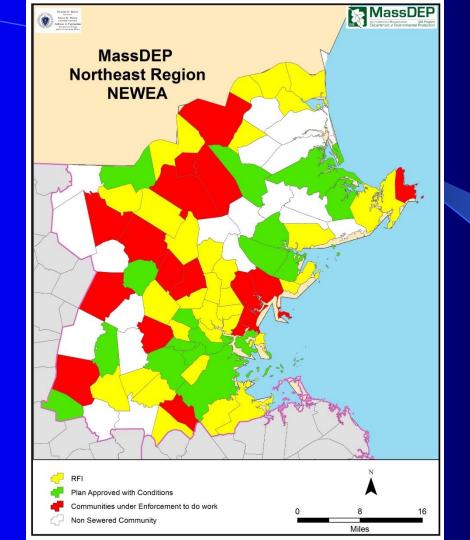
> **CEA** should use design life of fix in making determination. This generally will be different for different technologies, e.g. CIPP vs. grouting

CEA not the only driver!

Comprehensive approaches have been the most effective!

> 4,000 gpdim is not direct measurement of cost-effectiveness, but still useful in segregating subareas to prioritize

Carried forward from past guidance. Some sources, even less than this threshold will still be cost-effective to remove



Next Steps

> Next layer of DEP review:

- Meetings, follow up on RFI, or conditional approvals
- > SSO inspection events
- > DMR reviews and flow assessments

Enforcement Factors

- Prominence of SSO events, and any sensitive uses impacted by SSO events;
- Availability of data (e.g. MWRA I/I data) comparison to peers
- Scope and implementation schedule of I/I program

Kevin Brander, P.E. Wastewater Section Chief MassDEP Northeast Regional Office



kevin.brander@state.ma.us



transform your environment

David M. Elmer, PE Discipline Leader / Vice President elmerd@wseinc.com



Weston & Sampson's I/I Control Plan Experience

- Assisted 43 Communities prepare I/I control Plans
- Perform more than 1 million feet of TV per year
- Perform more than 7,000 MH inspections per year



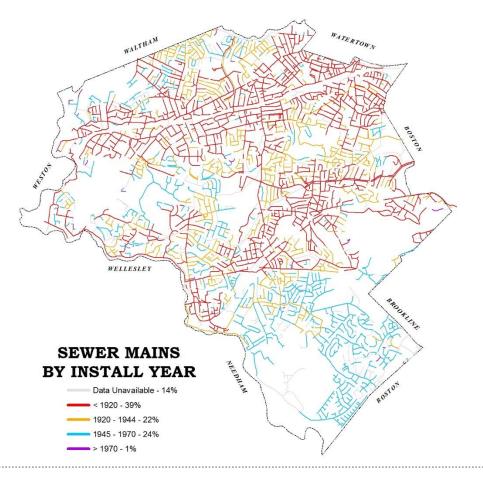
Newton's I/I Control Plan



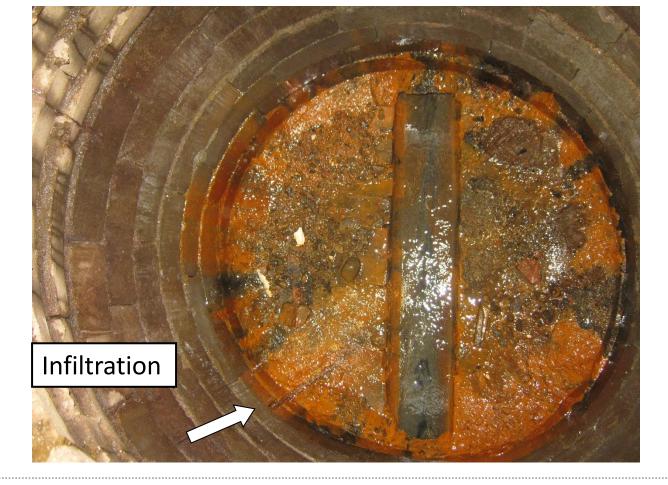
Newton's System

- 18.2 square miles
- 88,000 people
- 1.5 million feet of sewer
- First sewers constructed in 1892





















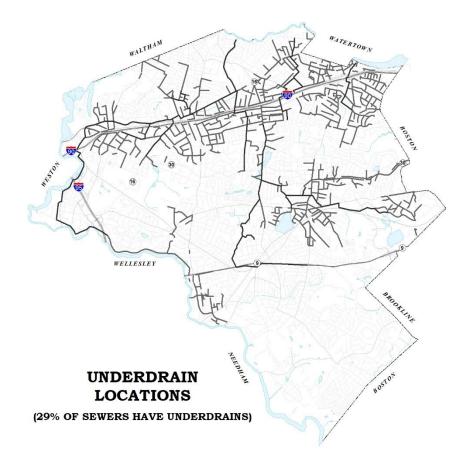


Sump Pump Connected to Sewer



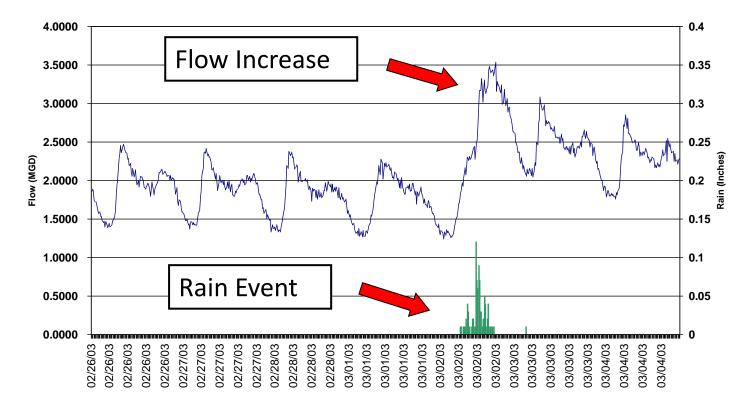










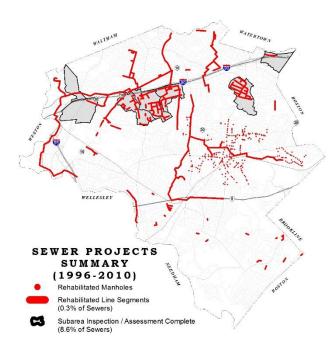


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Previous Work

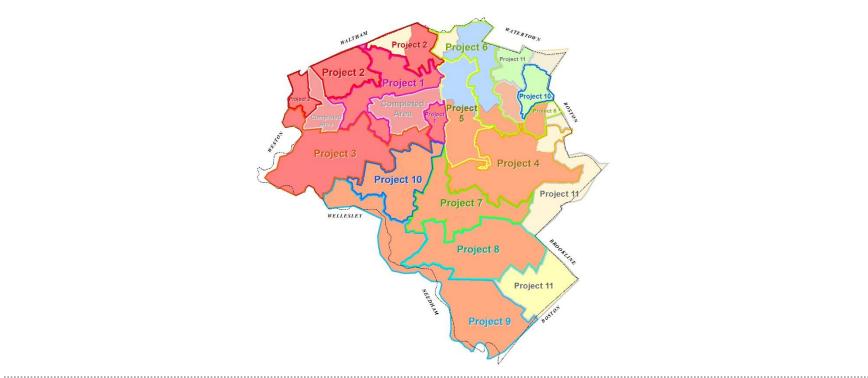




The Plan

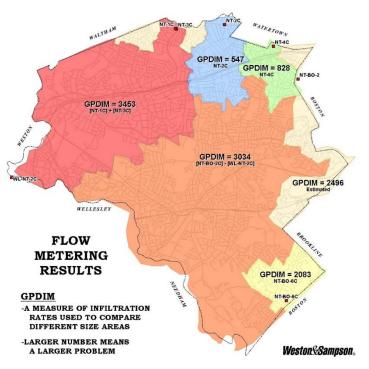


11 Project Areas

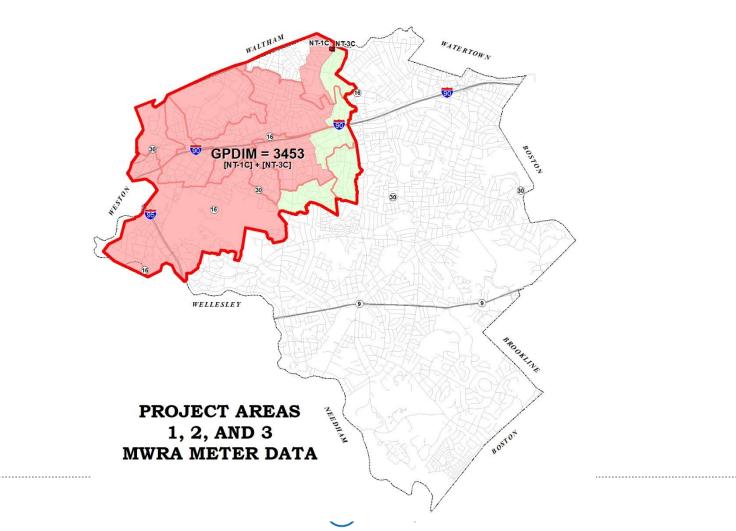


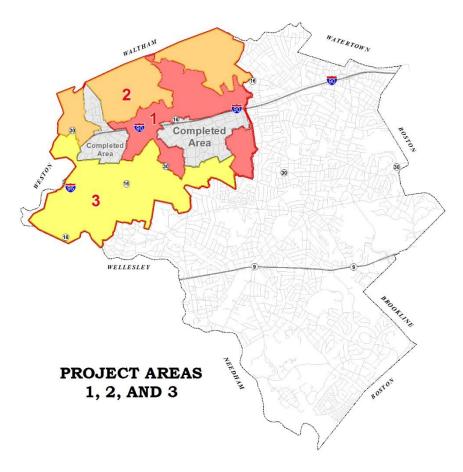


Flow Metering Data

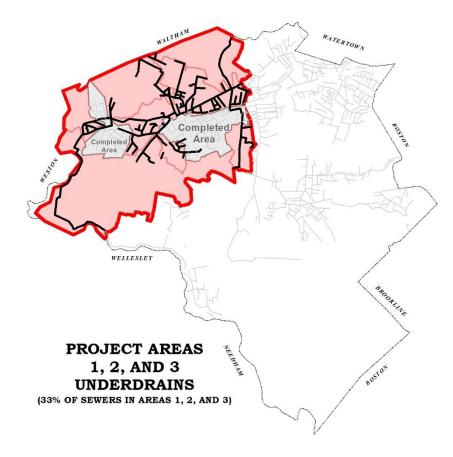




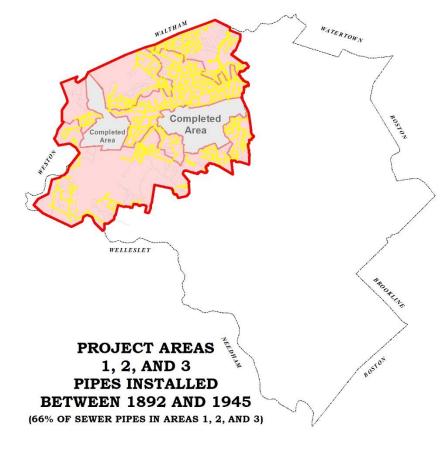




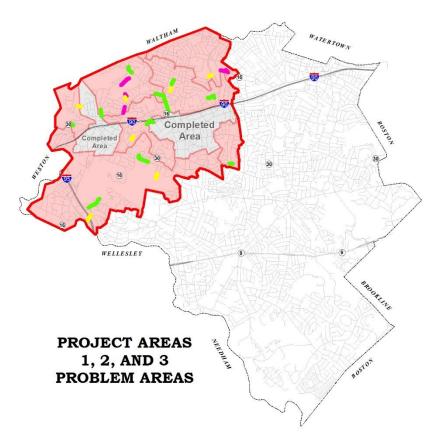




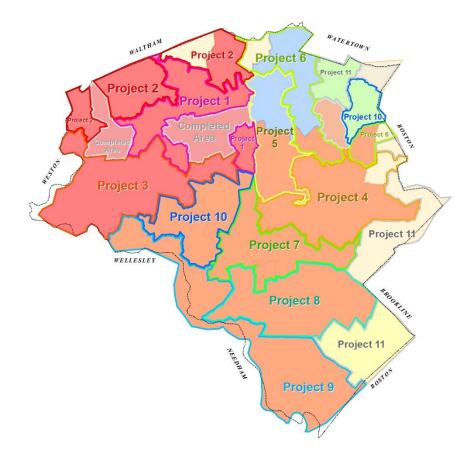














Program Details

- Comprehensive Approach starting 2012
- 125,000' per year investigation
 - MH, FI and TV
- Smoke/Dye performed as 2 large projects
- Building inspections performed as part of water meter replacement program



Program Details

- Design and Construction Projects each year
- 1-year Retest Inspection
- Post Construction Flow Evaluation



How did it work out?

- Completing Project 11 Inspection
- Project 7 Construction ongoing
- Project 8 Design

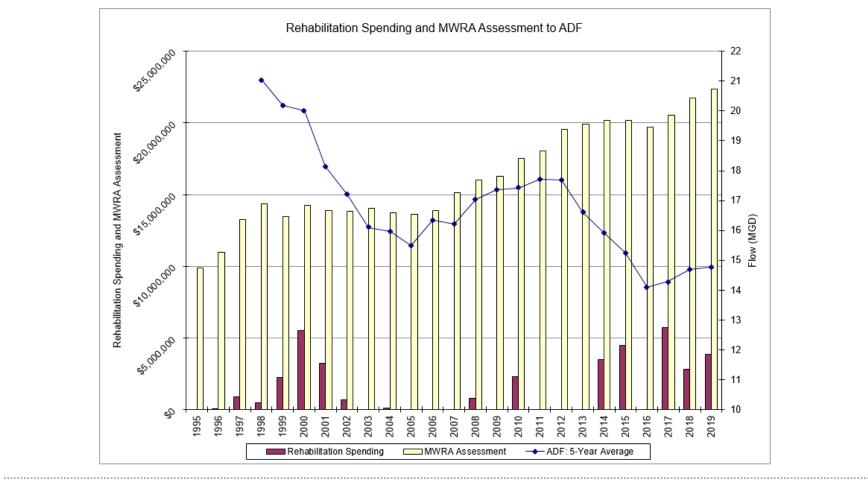


Project Stats

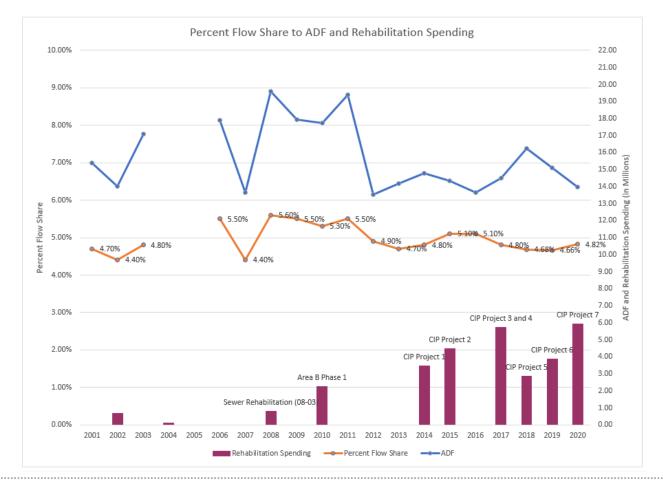
- 1,367,482' of TV/Clean
- 122,235' Heavy Cleaning
- 8,172 MH Inspections

- 198 Excavation Point Repairs
- 403,894' CIPP
- 3,090 MH Rehabs
- 877 Underdrain Repairs





Weston & Sampson





Newton – Infiltration Percentage (2009)

					2009 Averages (1)			Components of Average Daily Flow (Estimated) (2)								
	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	P
	Comn		No. of		No. of	Average	Percent	Selected	Average	Infiltration	Average	Sanitary	Average	Inflow	Peak	Percent
COMMUNITY	Demog		Connects	Miles of	Meters for	Daily Flow	Average	Dry Day	Daily	As a % of	Sanitary	As a % of	Daily	As a % of	Month	Peak
	Total	Sewered	to MWRA	Local	Permanent	ADF	Daily Flow	ADF	Infiltration	Average	Flow	Average	Inflow (4)	Average	ADF	Month
	Population	Population	System	Sewers (3)	System	(MGD)	(6)	(MGD)	(MGD)	Daily Flow	(MGD)	Daily Flow	(MGD)	Daily Flow	(MGD)	ADF (6)
Arlington	41,144	40,733	321	106	7	5.05	1.54%	4.61	2.01	39.8%	2.60	51.5%	0.44	8.7%	6.47	1.62%
Ashland	15,796	11,847	2	43	2	1.23	0.38%	1.15	0.35	28.5%	0.80	65.0%	0.08	6.5%	1.49	0.37%
Bedford	13,146	12,357	2	68	2	2.60	0.79%	2.47	1.27	48.8%	1.20	46.2%	0.13	5.0%	3.30	0.83%
Belmont	23,356	22,912	2	78	2	3.46	1.06%	3.03	1.43	41.3%	1.60	46.2%	0.43	12.4%	4.54	1.14%
BWSC (5)	608,352	607,744	234	840	33	92.32	28.17%	79.16	22.16	24.0%	57.00	61.7%	13.16	14.3%	103.12	25.88%
Braintree	34,422	34,388	15	133	7	6.76	2.06%	6.21	3.01	44.5%	3.20	47.3%	0.55	8.1%	8.26	2.07%
Brookline (5)	54,809	54,699	9	102	12	10.51	3.21%	9.50	5.00	47.6%	4.50	42.8%	1.00	9.5%	13.18	3.31%
Burlington	25,034	25,009	0	115	1	3.74	1.14%	3.52	1.52	40.6%	2.00	53.5%	0.22	5.9%	4.58	1.15%
Cambridge (5)	101,388	101,287	116	150	9	19.21	5.86%	15.73	4.73	24.6%	11.00	57.3%	3.48	18.1%	23.13	5.80%
Canton	21,916	14,355	63	62	6	2.53	0.77%	2.20	1.00	39.5%	1.20	47.4%	0.34	13.4%	2.99	0.75%
Chelsea (5)	38,203	38,203	40	41	5	4.08	1.24%		0.68	16.7%	2.50		0.91	22.3%	4.86	1.22%
Dedham	24,132	22,684	25	76	6	3.89	1.19%		1.65	42.4%			0.44	11.3%	5.41	1.36%
Everett	37,269	37,269	20	57	7	5.46	1.67%	E0 00	1.41	25.8%		7 50/	55	10.1%	6.06	1.52%
Framingham	64,786	59,603	4	275	4	6.97	2.139	56.3	2.00	28.7%		7.5%	0 17	6.7%	8.40	2.11%
Hingham	7,555	6,869	1	31	1	1.22	0.37		0.00	47.5%			24	19.7%	2.01	0.50%
Holbrook	10,663	8,991	2	31	2	0.86	0.26	INFILTRAT	ION 0.30	34.9%		INFLOW	06	7.0%	1.02	0.26%
Lexington	30,332	30,211	17	151	4	6.02	1.84%		2.68	44.5%			.53	8.8%	7.83	1.96%
M ald en	55,712	55,656	242	99	6	9.26	2.83%		3.56	38.4%	5.		0.70	7.6%	10.76	2.70%
Medford	55,565	55,509	71	113	6	9.17	2.80%		3.76	41.0%	4.50		0.92	10.0%	10.97	2.75%
Melrose	26,782	26,755	187	74	5	4.43	1.35%	3.86	1000	44.2%	1.90	42.9%	0	12.9%	5.89	1.48%
Milton	26,272	24,433	45	83	14	3.67	1.12%	3.18		48.5%	1.40	38.1%	0. 9	13.4%	5.20	1.30%
Natick	31,975	27,786	27	107	4	2.83	0.86%	2.72	0.92	32.5%	1.80	63.6%	0.11	3.9%	3.10	0.78%
Needham	28,263	27,246	21	115	2	4.09	1.25%	3.73	1.73	12.5	2.00	48.9%	0.36	0.0	5.12	1.28%
Newton	85,271	82,022	51	2/1	7	18.28	5.58%	16.90	10.30	56.5%	6.60	36.1%	1.38	7.5%	24.92	6.25%
Norwood	28,172	27,665	30	83 202	0	5.02	1.53%	4.33	1.93		2.40	47.8%	0.69	7,8%	6.38	1.60%
Quincy	91,622	91,613	56		0	14.69	4.48%	13.54	5.04	34.3%	8.50	57.9%	1.15		17.18	
Randolph	30,168	30,138	2	101	2	3.79	1.16%	3.46	1.46	38.5%	2.00	52.8%	0.33	8.7%	4.94	1.24%
Reading	23,129	22,158	2	86	2	3.14	0.96%	2.88	1.38	43.9% 28.1%	1.50	47.8%	0.26	8.3%	4.07	1.02%
Revere	55,341 74,405	55,286 74,405	3	107	1	7.08	2.16% 3.07%	5.79	1.99		3.80 5.30	53.7% 52.7%	1.29	18.2% 23.2%	8.97 12.77	3.20%
Somerville (5) Stoneham	21,508	21.121	43 23	63	-	10.06 3.52	1.07%	3.08	2.43	24.2%	1.80	51.1%	0.44	12.5%	4.49	1.13%
Stoneham Stoughton	21,508 26,951	17,922	23	60	2	3.52	1.07%	3.57	2.07	54.0%	1.50	39.2%	0.44	6.8%	4.49	1.13%
Wakefield	26,951 24,706	23,965	10	82	2	3.83	1.17%	4.30	2.60	55.3%	1.50	36.2%	0.26	6.5% 8.5%	4.86	1.22%
Wakeneid	24,706	16.391	10	56	2	4.70	0.69%	2.14	0.94	41.6%	1.70	53.1%	0.40	5.3%	2.70	0.68%
W alth am	60,325	60,265	3	138	3	10.34	3.15%	9.62	4.02	41.6%	5.60	54.2%	0.12	7.0%	12.98	3.26%
Watertown	32,521	32,521	14	75	3	3.80	1.16%	3.53	1.23	32,4%	2.30	60.5%	0.72	7.4%	4.69	1.18%
Wellesley	26,985	26,364	2	130	3	3.55	1.08%	3.23	1.23	34.6%	2.00	56.3%	0.28	9.0%	4.69	1.18%
Westwood	26,985	13.310	3	130	3	1.64	0.50%	1.49	0.69	42.1%	0.80	48.8%	0.32	9.1%	2.18	0.55%
Weymouth	53,272	51.088	17	238	3	8.32	2.54%	7.56	3.76	42.1%	3.80	40.0%	0.13	9.3%	10.80	2.71%
Wilmington	21.679	4.032	2	19		1.24	0.38%	1.18	0.38	30.6%	0.80	64.5%	0.06	4.8%	1.71	0.43%
Winchester	21,679	4,032	72	83	1 7	2.52	0.38%	2.30	1.20	47.6%	1.10	43.7%	0.06	8.7%	3.62	0.43%
Winthrop	20,154	20,154	21	36	6	2.52	0.66%	1.96	0.86	39.6%	1.10	43.7%	0.22	9.2%	2,55	0.64%
Woburn	37,042	35,190	18	141	13	8.42	2.57%	7.95	3.45	41.0%	4.50	53.4%	0.20	5.6%	10.26	2.57%
to obtain it	37,042	55,190	10	141	13	0.42	2:3770	1.95	3.45	41.070	4.50	53.470	0.47	5.6%0	10.20	2.3770
Totals/Averages	2,146,356	2,073,272	1,840	5,076	234	327.75	100.00%	289.73	113.73	34.7%	176.00	53.7%	38.02	11.6%	398.50	100.00%

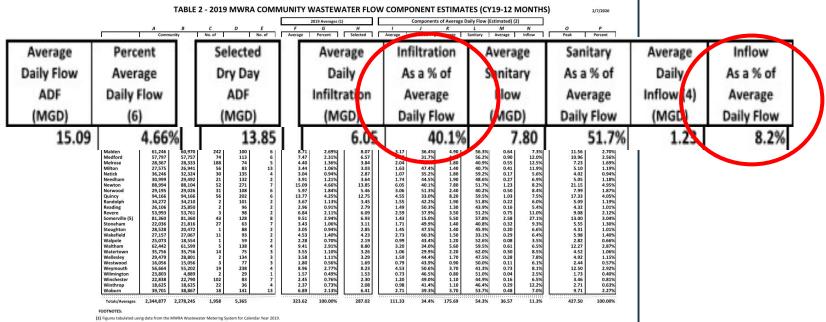
2009 MWRA COMMUNITY WASTEWATER FLOW COMPONENT ESTIMATES (CY09-12 MONTHS)

28-Jan-10



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Newton – Infiltration Percentage (2019)



(2) Wastewater flow components are estimated through engineering analysis by MWRA staff

(3) Miles of Local Sewers are from MWRA's regional collection system database or as reported by the Community and do not include service laterals

(4) Average Daily Inflow is calculated as a total inflow over the period of January through December 2019 divided by 365 days. Actual inflow during a specific storm event must be calculated separately

(5) Community with combined sewers. Inflow figures include combined flow during storm events tributary to MWRA's WWTP.





transform your environment

Hillary Lacirignola, PE Vice President lacirignolah@wseinc.com





Milton's I/I Control Plan



Milton's System

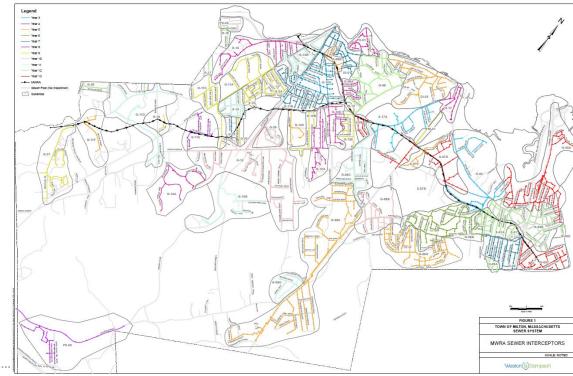
- Located southeast of Boston
- MWRA sewer community
- 500,000 lf of sewers
- Population ~28,000
- 3.4 MGD average daily flow





I/I History

- 1999 one of the highest percentages of infiltration flow component in the MWRA system
- 2000 established an annual rehabilitation and investigation program focused on identifying and removing infiltration
- Various inflow projects





Annual I/I Investigation & Rehabilitation Program

West



- Comprehensive approach to investigate a set quantity of sewers and manholes each year
- Quantity of sewers per year based on town's desired budget
- Subareas prioritized based on
 - Known problem areas
 - High I/I

Not recently rehabilitated

Annual Program

- Manhole Inspections
- Flow Isolation
- Television Inspection
- Infrastructure Inventory and Database – linked to GIS
- Data Review, Preliminary Design & Cost Effectiveness Analysis
- Final Design
- Construction
- ~50,000 If project area per year
 Westor



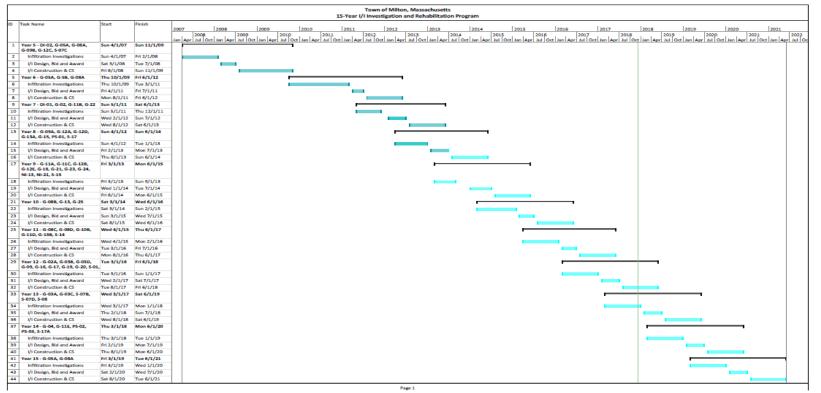
Annual Program

- Years 1-14 between 2002 2018
- Investigated entire town +
- Assessed and reprioritized subareas in 2009 and 2018
- Restarted in 2019 with CIP 1
- Currently in CIP 2 Construction Phase, CIP 3 Investigation Phase





Where Are We Now?





Where Are We Now?

- Program continues to comply with 314 CMR 12.04
- Added pre- and post-construction flow isolation to measure rehabilitation effectiveness
- Significantly lowered overall infiltration %
- \$1.2M per year (investigation, design, construction)
- Doing even more to incorporate data to GIS for efficiency





transform your environment

John Potts, PE Senior Project Manager pottsj@wseinc.com





Lancaster Sewer District Commission (LSDC)

- Formed in 1967
- Constructed between late 1970s and 2017
- Approximately 85,000-feet of sewer and 8 pump stations
- Wastewater flows to MWRA Clinton WWTP
 - Allowable ADF = 370,000 gallons per day (gpd)
 - Approximately ADF = 290,000 gpd
- Approximately 850 sewer users





LSDC Sewer Map





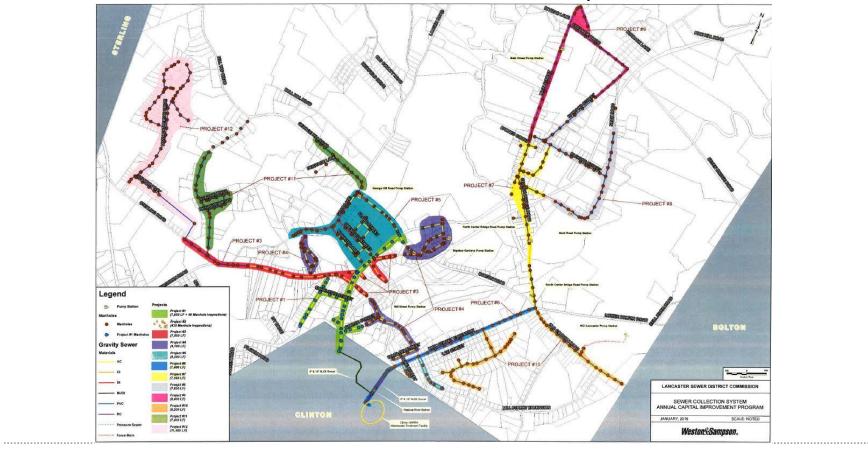
LSDC Annual Plan and 314 CMR 12.04

- Completed in April 2016
- Created a 15-year investigation plan
- Approx. 8,000-feet of CCTV per year
- Submitted to MassDEP as an alternate plan in accordance with 314 CMR 12.04





LSDC Annual Sewer Plan Map





LSDC SSES – Project #1

• Completed in 2017

• CCTV of approximately 8,400-feet of 8-, 10-, 15-, and 21-inch asbestos cement (AC) pipe

Inspected approximately 40 sewer manholes





LSDC Sewer Manhole Inspection Program – Project #2

- Conducted in May-June 2020
- Inspected approximately 340 sewer manholes
- Identified 64 sewer manholes with one or more of the following:
 - Grease and debris
 - Roots
 - Structural issues
 - Infiltration





LSDC Sewer Manhole Inspection Program – Project #2



Excessive Debris



LSDC Smoke Testing Program – Project #3

• Scheduled for October 2018 but delayed due to funding

Conducted in October 2020

• Smoke tested approximately 75,000-feet of sewers

• Identified 7 confirmed defects and 11 suspected defects



LSDC Smoke Testing Program – Project #3





Abandoned Pump Station (former AUC college campus)





LSDC Annual Sewer Program

- LSDC has completed the first three (3) recommended projects in their annual plan (which received approval by MassDEP).
- LSDC is in the process of addressing issues that have been found (specifically on the former college campus).
- LSDC plans to continue with the next phase of the annual plan next Spring 2022.





Presenter Information

- Kevin Brander kevin.brander@state.ma.us
- David Elmer elmerd@wseinc.com
- Hillary Lacirignola lacirignolah@wseinc.com
- John Potts pottsj@wseinc.com
- Don Gallucci galluccid@wseinc.com

