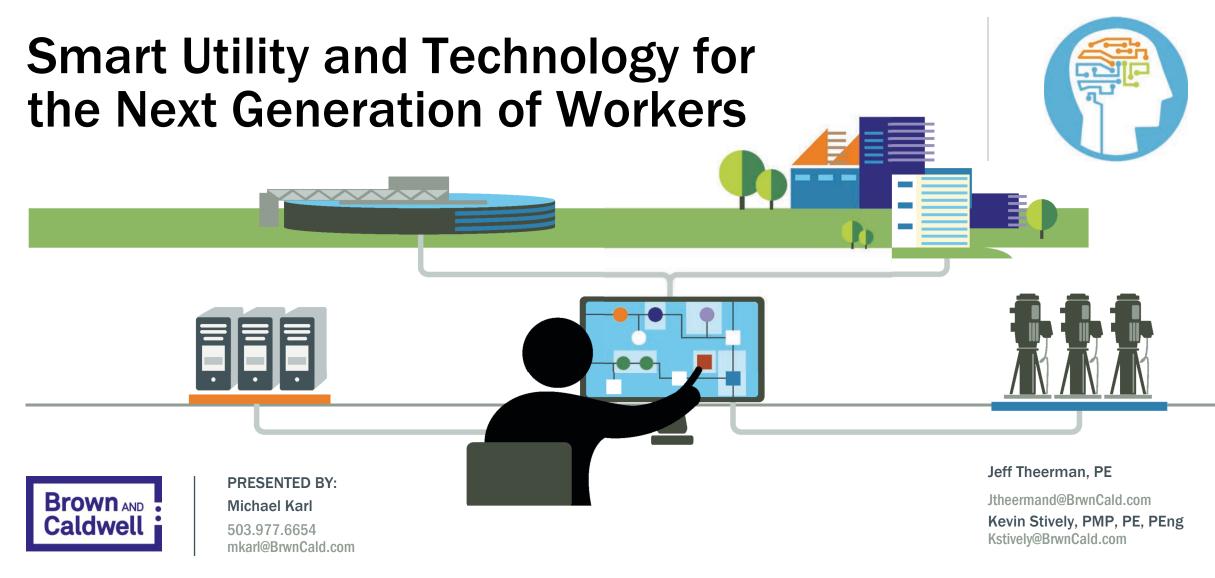
BC BLUE

November 14, 2019



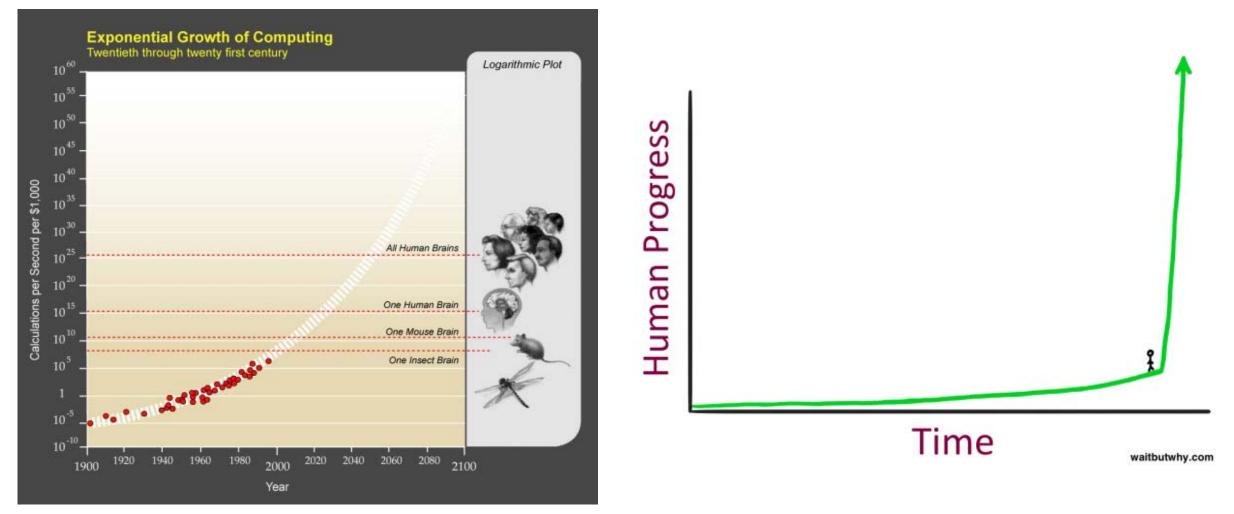
Advancements in transportation lead to safer travel...



... just as Smart Utility results in safer water



Technology is changing at an exponential pace



Source: Wait but why https://waitbutwhy.com/2015/01/artificial-intelligence-revolution-1.html

The future workforce thrives on technology

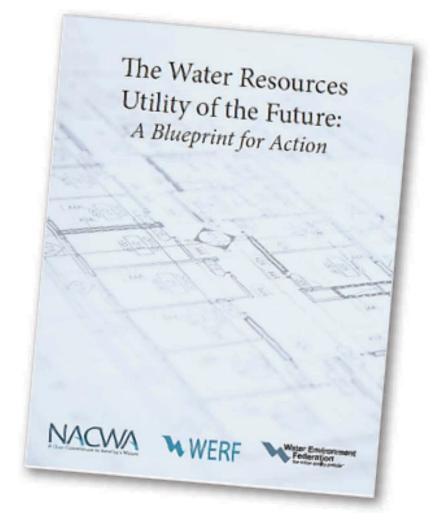


What our future workforce is learning with this technology!



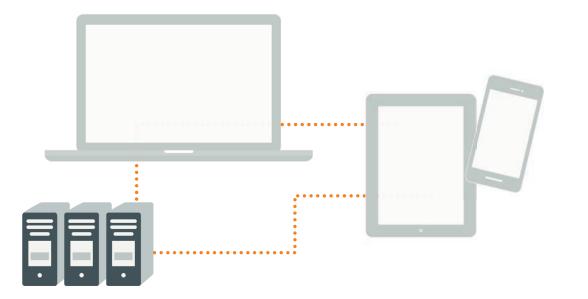
NACWA: The Utility of the Future will be...

- Focused on innovation
- Highly automated
- Predictive infrastructure
- Enabled with full real-time monitoring and control
- Highly leveraging analytics and intelligence systems
- Highly integrated digital and physical systems



Market changes affect "Smart Utility"

Technologies have changed



- New ways to instrument and obtain data
- Improved communication networks
- Improved battery technologies
- Operational technology adopts standard business technology protocols
- Cybersecurity landscape

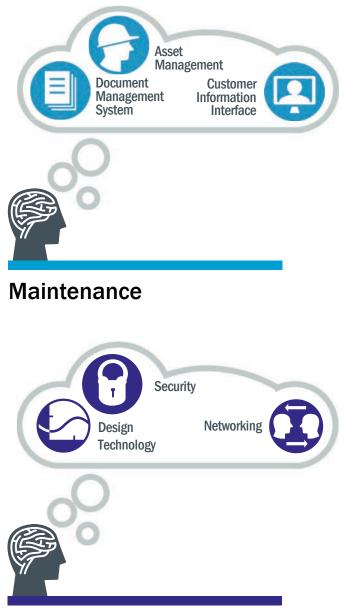
Workforces are changing



- Retiring workforce
- Increased level of comfort leveraging automation
- Young staff are eager to leverage technology
- Workspace has evolved to needing constant real-time information

Departmental tools created information silos

Hydraulic Modeling Energy GIS
Engineering
Advanced Metering Infrastructure Laboratory Information Management SCADA
Operations



Technology

We have the data – a lot of it! Now what?



We rely on experienced staff to process large volumes of data. This approach has caused data overload and isn't sustainable.

Providing *Smart* tools is essential for a sustainable future.

We live in a world where everything is "Smart"

The term, "Smart" has a marketing feel like the adjectives Green or Organic.

In this industry, we need to leverage the meaning to be **Smart** to **improve our systems and processes.**

Smart tools aid proactive decisions

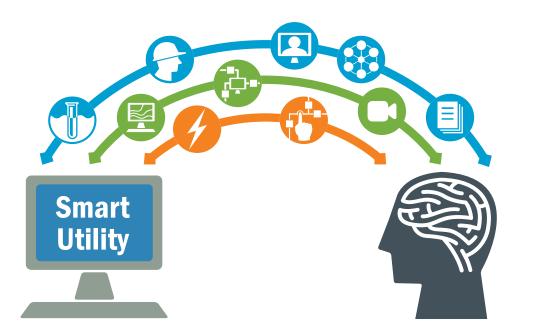
ALERT!

Heavy traffic: leave for 2pm appointment in 10 minutes.

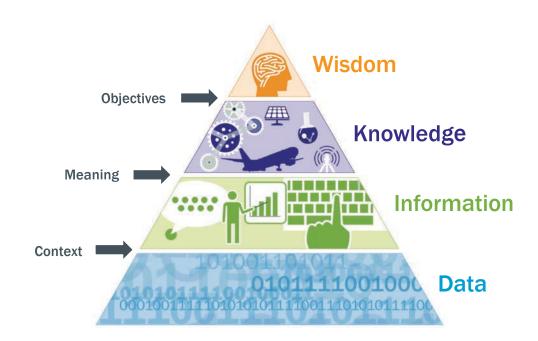
What is a Smart Utility?

Smart Utility objective: Make technology a better partner

Technology Integration



Workforce Empowerment



Leveraging technology to empower our workforce

Wisdom

Predictive capabilities that enable best outcomes

Knowledge

Historical actions and results

Information

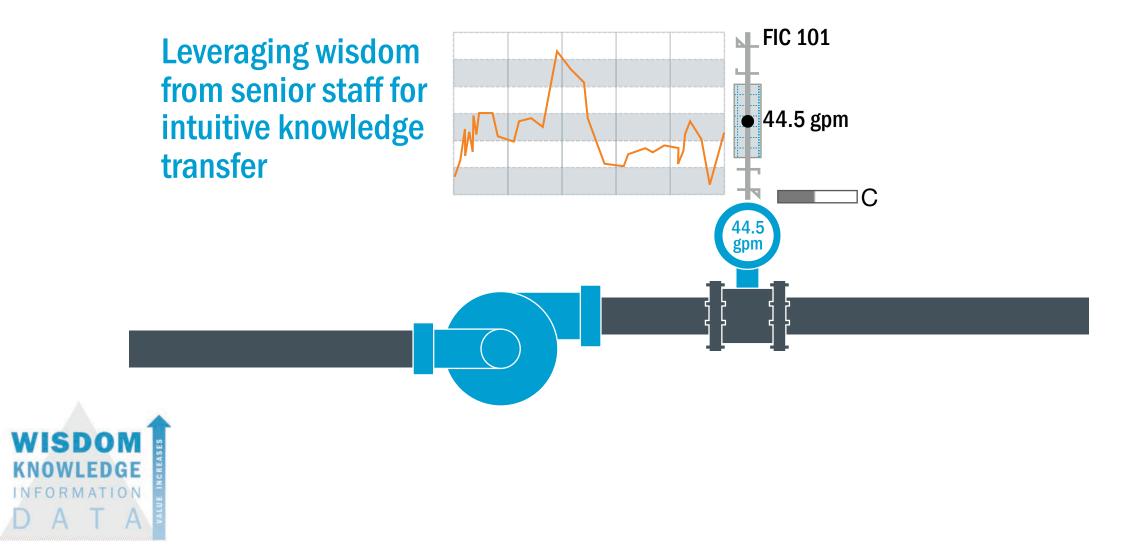
Combined data with context

Data Discrete parameters of different datasets

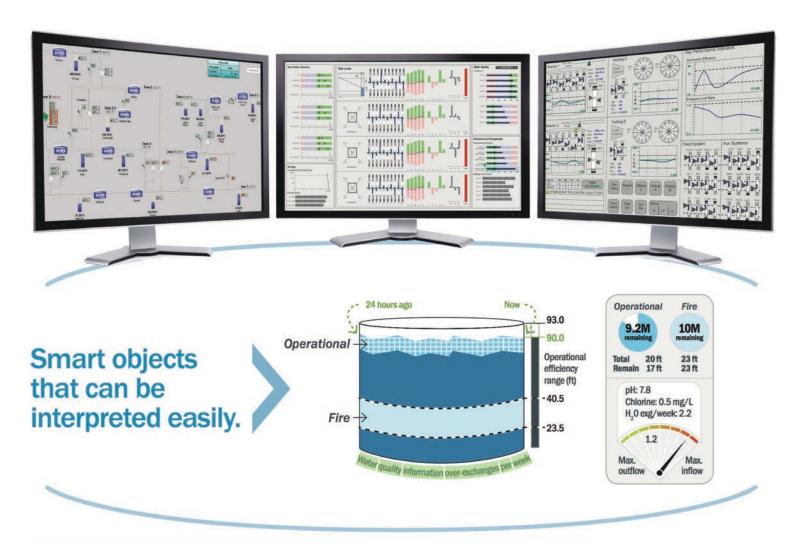
L FIC 101

44.5 gpm

Increasing operational excellence by providing insight to operators

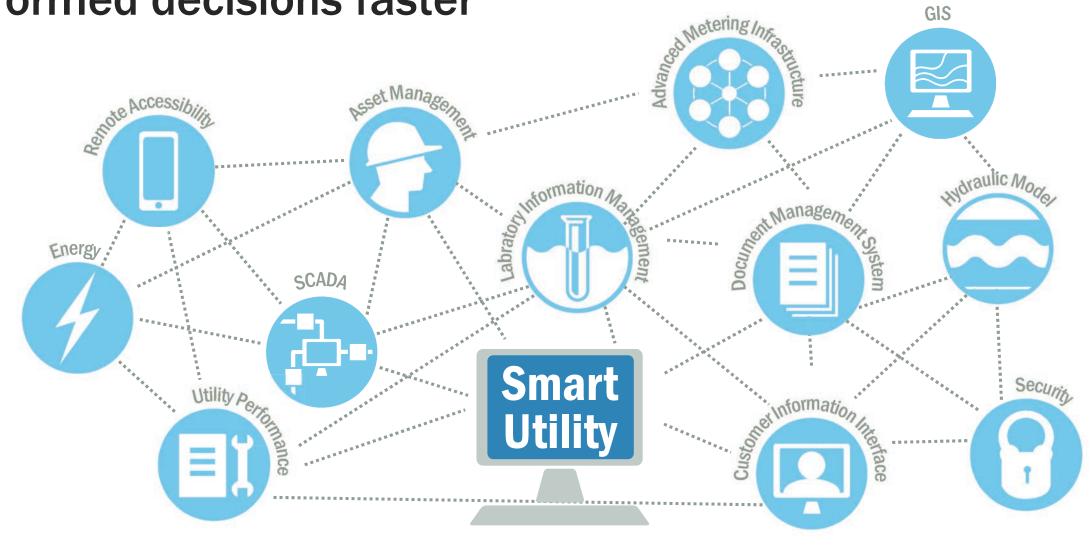


Process graphics utility wide



Building standards around smart objects result in SCADA systems that provide greater transparency into the water system and enhance operator training

Integration of systems and real-time analytics to make informed decisions faster



Benefits of Smart Utility





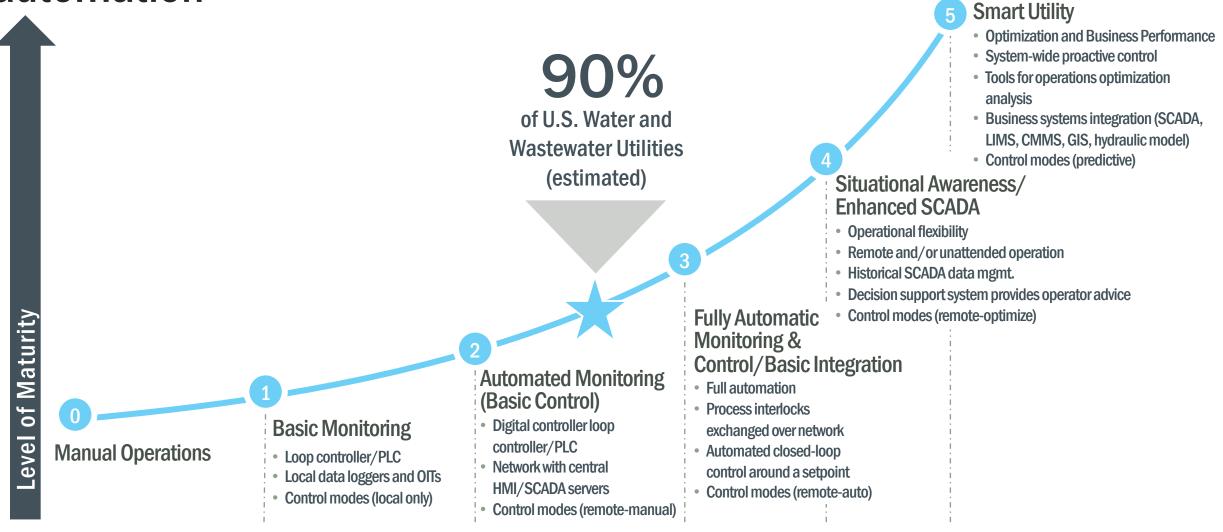
Informed decisions



Workforce optimization

How to achieve a Smart Utility

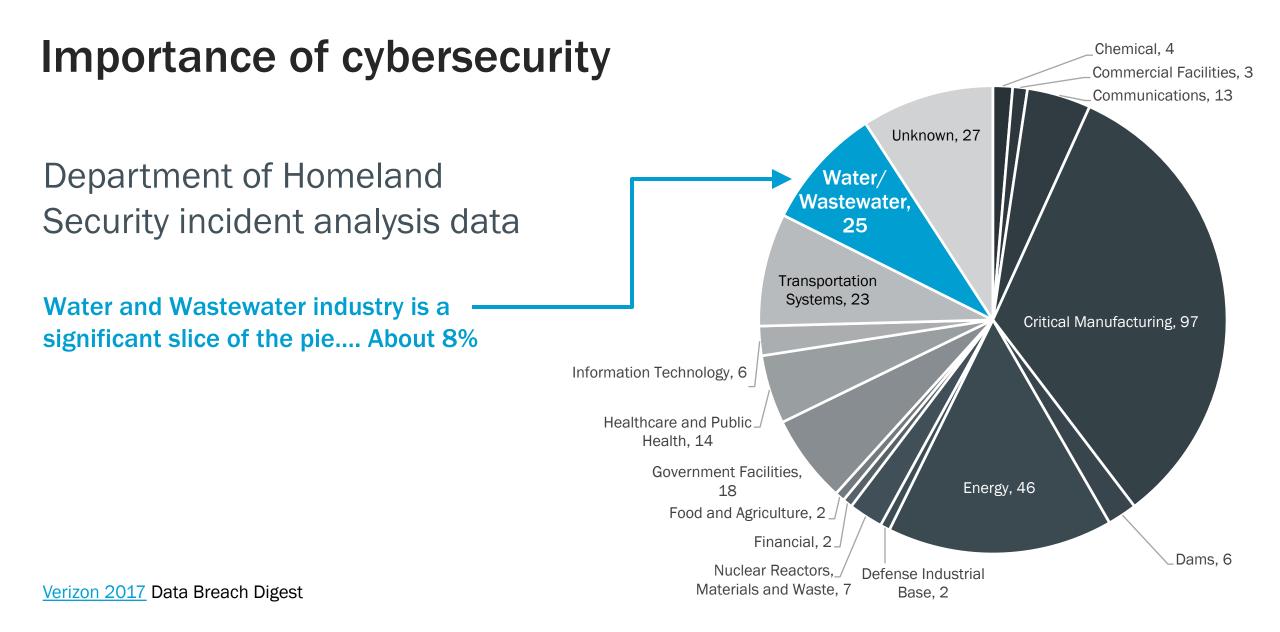
Understanding your workforce and technology - Levels of automation





Smart Utility supports effective utility management





Setting course to become a Smart Utility

Connect business and SCADA systems to create a platform to perform real-time predictive analytics

5)

4)

3)

2)

(1)

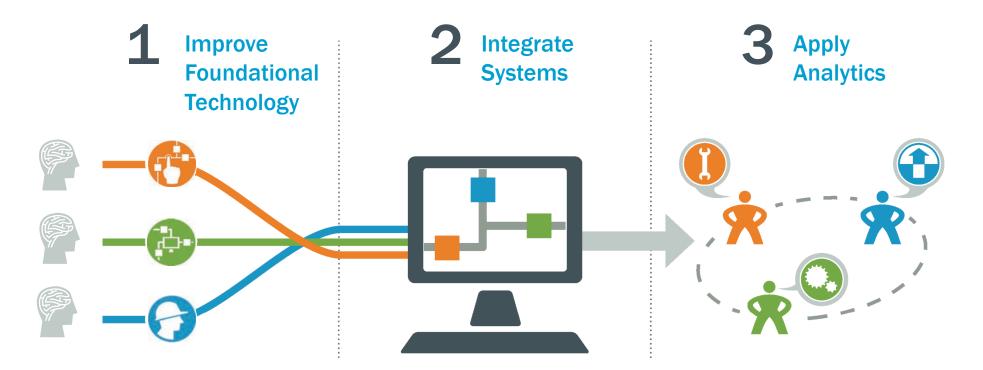
Define use cases and analytics that will meet business and operational needs to enable smart decision making

Choose the technology and develop standards

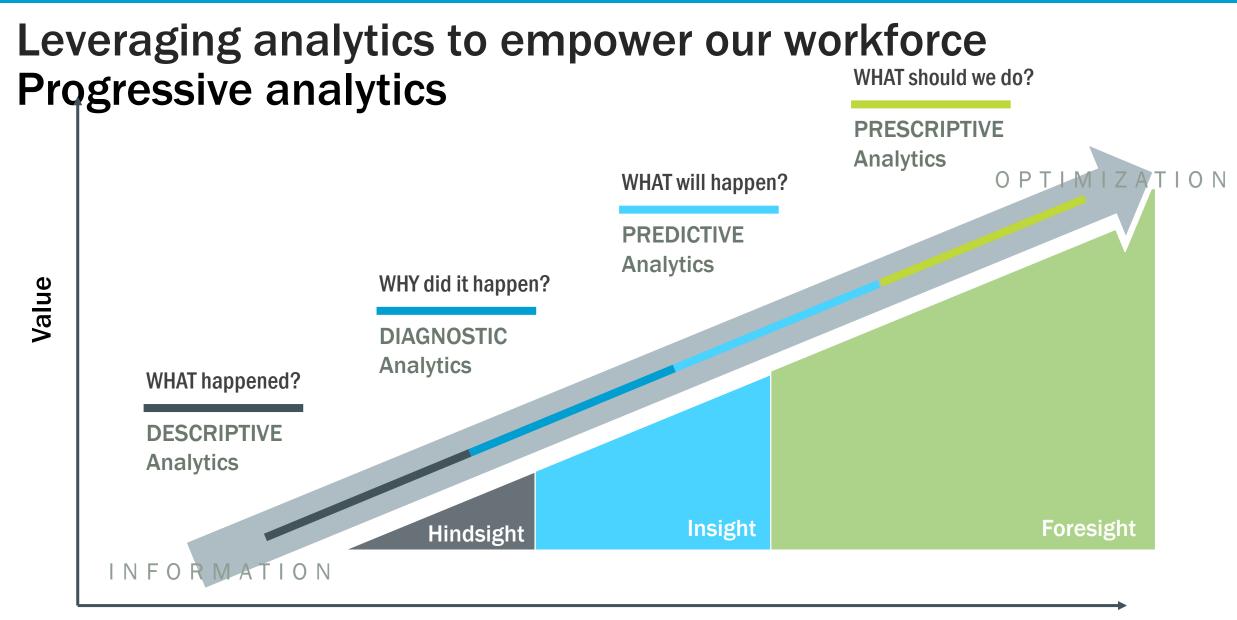
Identify utility business and operational user requirements

Define the vision

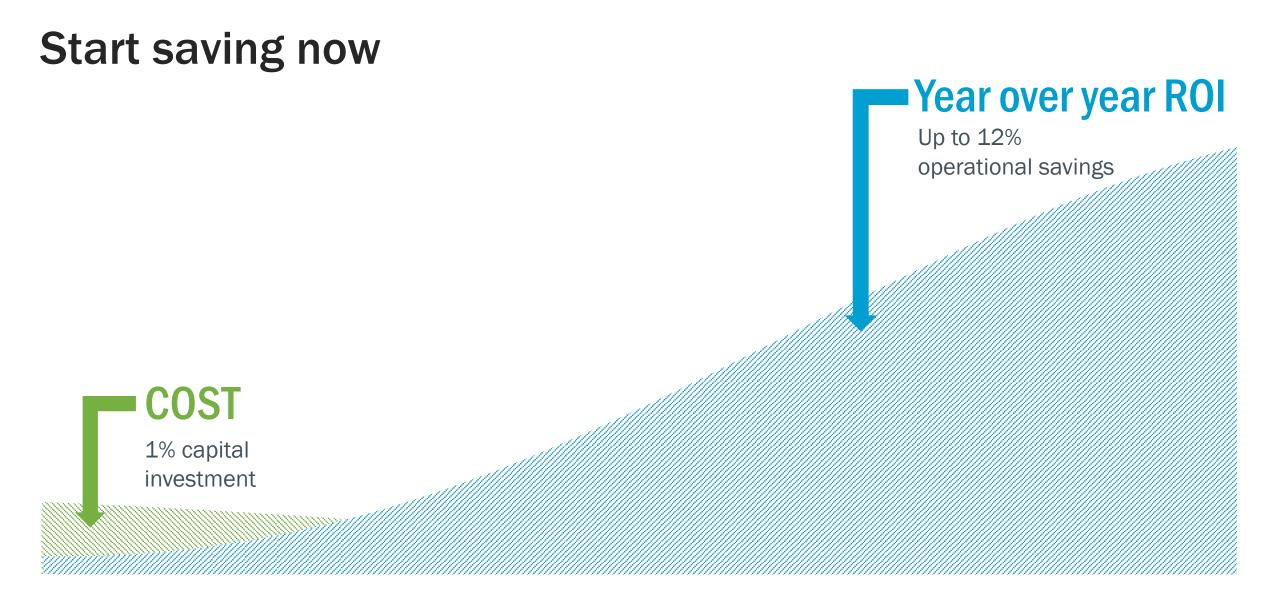
Investment milestones without rework



A staged approach to **implementing** Smart Utility allows you to implement new technology in phases to limit rework.



Analytics Maturity



Example use-cases

Wastewater Optimization

Leveraging analytics and new online sensors to save energy, chemicals and enhance nutrient removal

CSO management

Combines rain information, hydraulic management methods and automation to best optimize collection systems.



A

Distribution Water Quality

On line instruments, LIMS, Grab Samples, all being displayed on an overview map. Lead and copper and other contaminants management. Covers sources, storage, distribution, and blending.

Detection/Management

Using IOT and other technologies identify where in the collection system infiltration is occurring.

Using AI and other data technologies to identify problems in the aquifer or well system.

&

EXAMPLE USE CASE: Industrial discharge monitoring and collection system water quality monitoring

Industrial Discharges

Impact wastewater treatment process

Understanding the timing and quality of discharges into sewer systems can enable a utility to more efficiently maintain asset integrity as well as NPDES permit compliance.

Improved water quality

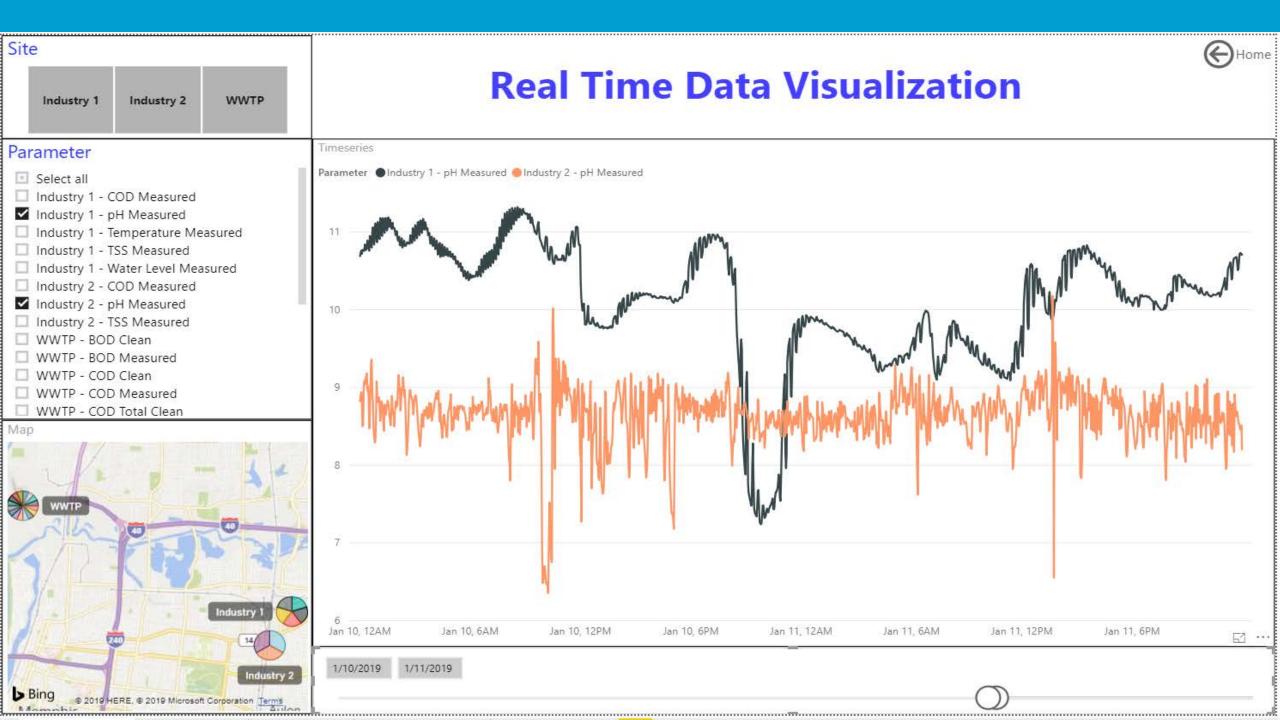
City of Memphis Project Objectives

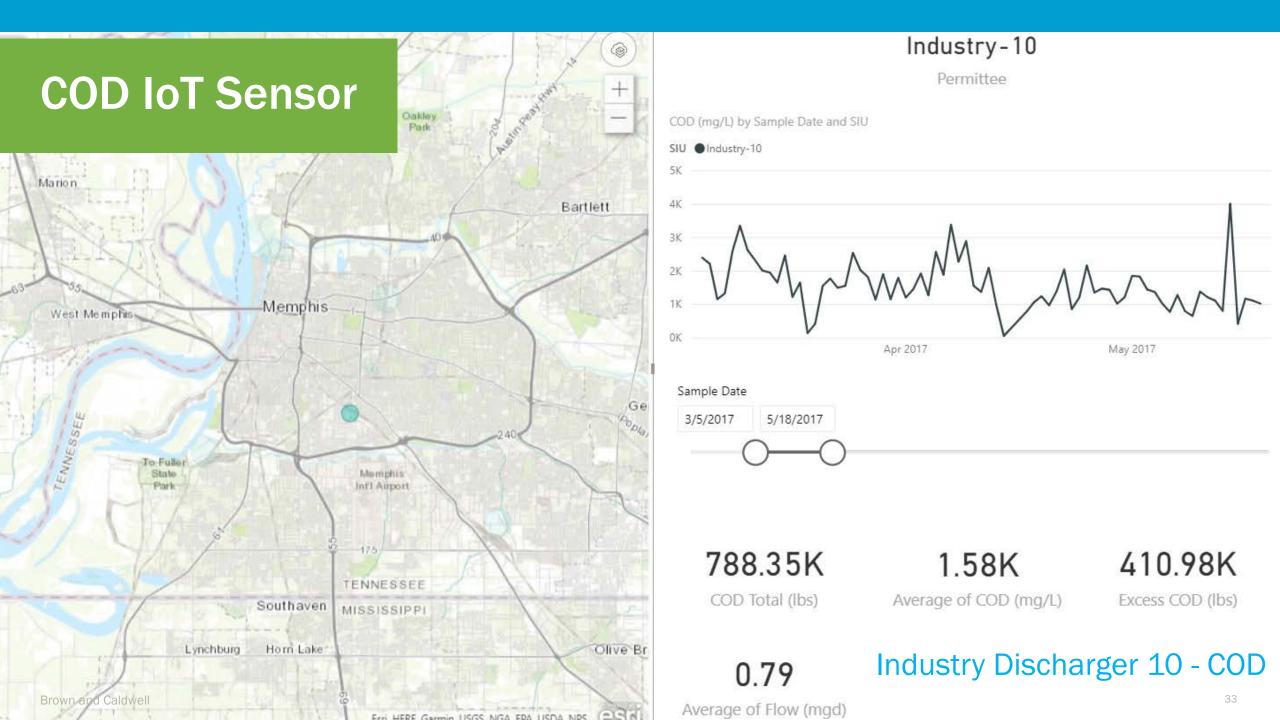
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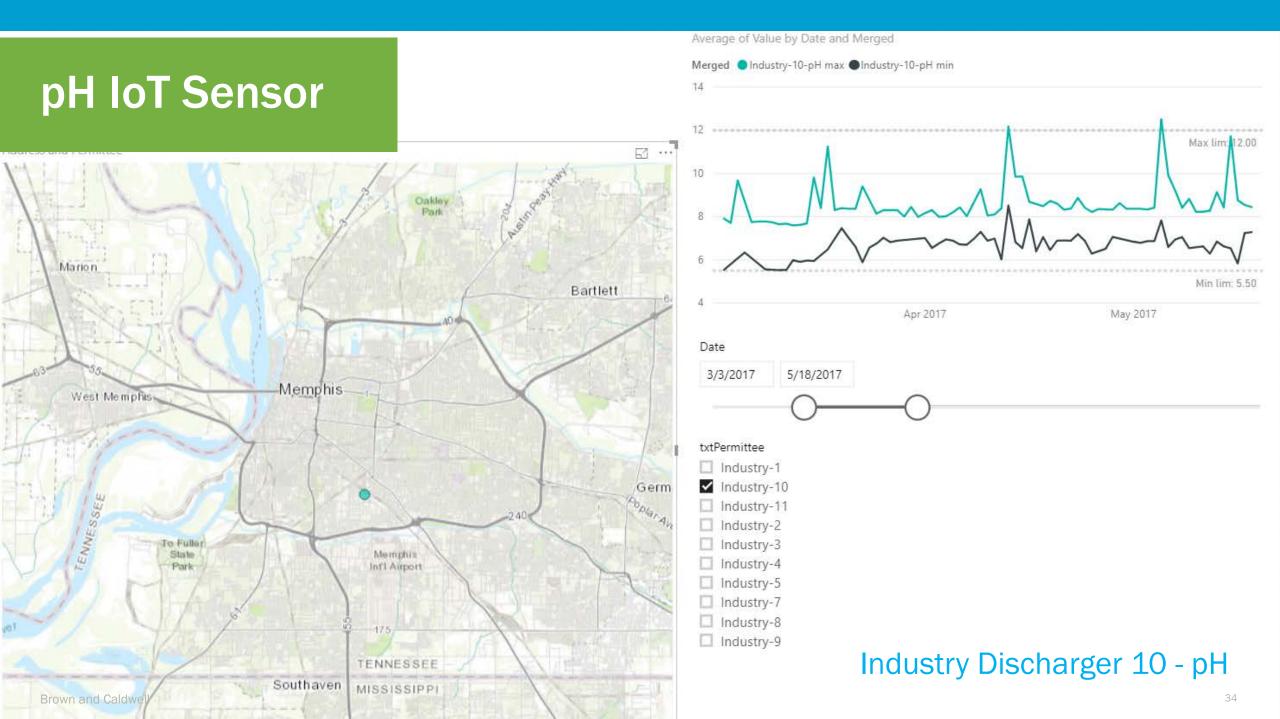
The timing and the characteristics of industrial discharges to the collection system Installation of low cost IoT smart sensors to monitor industrial dischargers

- COD, Total Suspended Solids (TSS), pH, temperature and flow monitoring.
- High Frequency near real time data

Cost and revenue KPI visualization





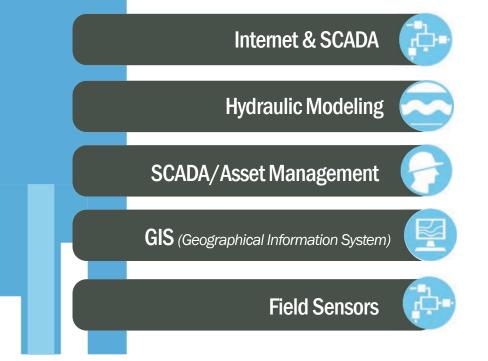


SMART SOLUTION: Discharge monitoring = improved water quality

Using advanced analytics to...

- Baseline normal flow and water quality from industrial dischargers
- Identify harmful compounds
- Proactively act on abnormal influent conditions







Leverage a **Smart Utility** 0001010111110101001010 000010101111101010010. Approach to prepare you utility for the future workforce!

Thank You. Questions?



it's about connecting

Michael Karl 425-749-2020 mkarl@BrwnCald.com

Brown AND Caldwell

essential ingredients®

EXAMPLE USE CASE: Water loss = lost revenue

10% - 35% of water is lost to leaks

Municipalities that install smart water networks discover that leaking equipment is responsible for part of their unaccounted water.

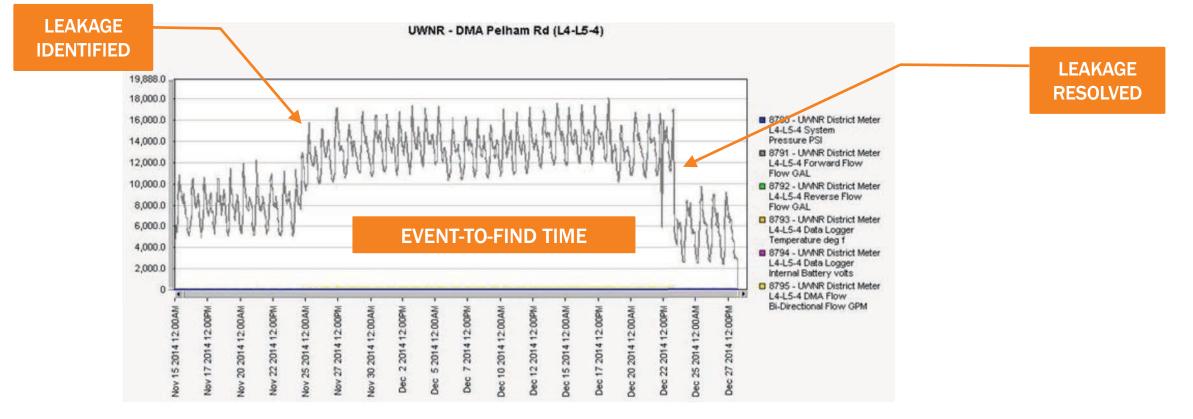
5% - 25% of lost revenue

Around 17 trillion gallons (64.35 trillion liters) are lost every year in the U.S., according to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, costing the nation \$2.6 billion annually. And all this water is lost through the estimated 240,000 main breaks in the water piping that occur across the U.S. every year.

Brown and Caldwell

DMA data processing & evaluation

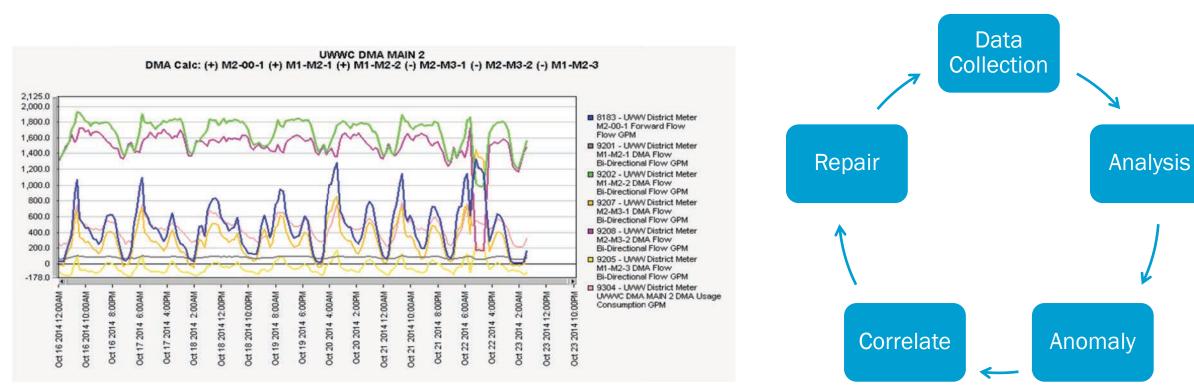
- 150 gpm Leak (216k gal/day) ~\$500/Day
- 6" Private Fire Service Line
 - Storm Drain Prevented Leak from Surfacing
 - Potential for Leak to Run for Long Durations
 - Winter Weather & Frozen Ground Conditions are Contributing Factors



Manual DMA data processing & evaluation

Real-Loss (Leakage) Targeting

- DMA Specific Reports
- Determine if Baseline Flow is High
- Monitor Overnight Flows and Patterns
- Identify Localized Leaks that have not surfaced



Near instant notifications (adaptive alerts) Approach to AI for non-revenue water event





SMART SOLUTION: Mitigating water loss = resource protection



Using predictive analytics to... • Identify potential leaks/breaks

- Prioritize main replacement
- Forecast future leaks/breaks

