



A GLOBAL COMMUNITY WITHIN ANAMMOX BIOREACTORS

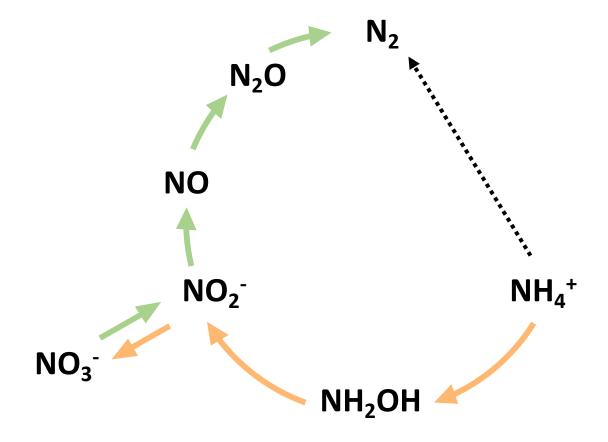
Jennifer Lawrence, Tighe & Bond Ray Keren, University of California Berkeley

PRESENTATION OVERVIEW

- Anaerobic Ammonium Oxidation (Anammox)
- Metagenomics
- Case Study Application of Metagenomics to Anammox Reactors

Conventional Nitrogen Removal

- Nitrification
- Denitrification

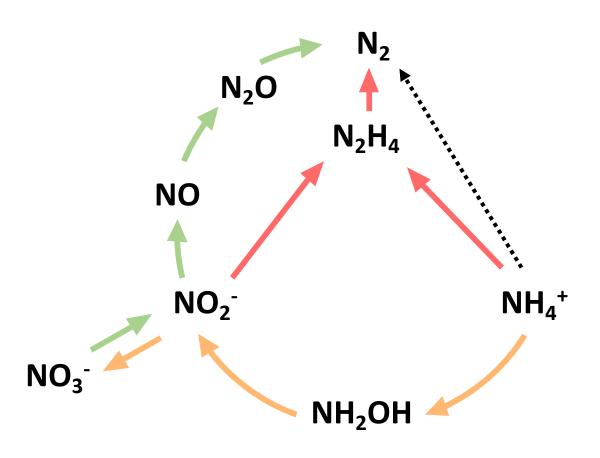


Conventional Nitrogen Removal

- Nitrification
- Denitrification

Anammox / Deammonification

- Partial nitritation
- Anaerobic ammonium oxidation (anammox)





Denver, CO



Alexandria, VA

Strengths:

- Decreased aeration demands
 - 60% reduction in energy consumption
- Decreased organic carbon demands
 - 90% reduction in waste biomass
 - Reduction in CO₂ emissions
- ► Reduction in N₂O emissions

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 - Long start-up periods
- Sensitivity to reactor conditions
 - Instability
 - Periodic Failures
- Bacteria not yet isolated

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What are these bugs doing?



METAGENOMICS

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GENE



 Unit of DNA that controls the development of one or more traits, and is the basic unit by which genetic information is passed from parent to offspring



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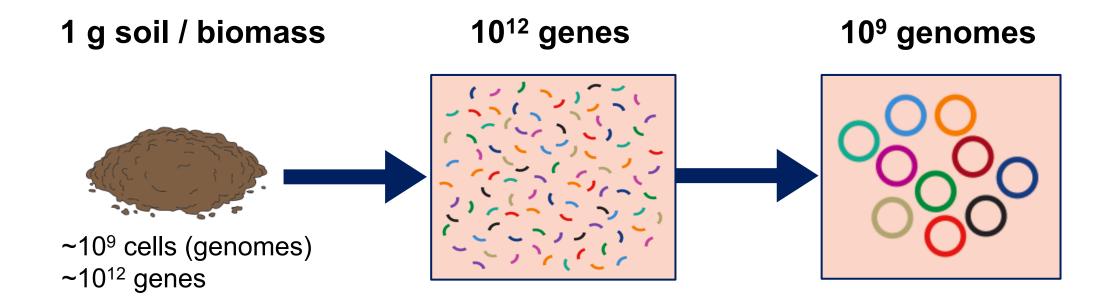


GENOME • The complete set of genetic material present in a cell or organism

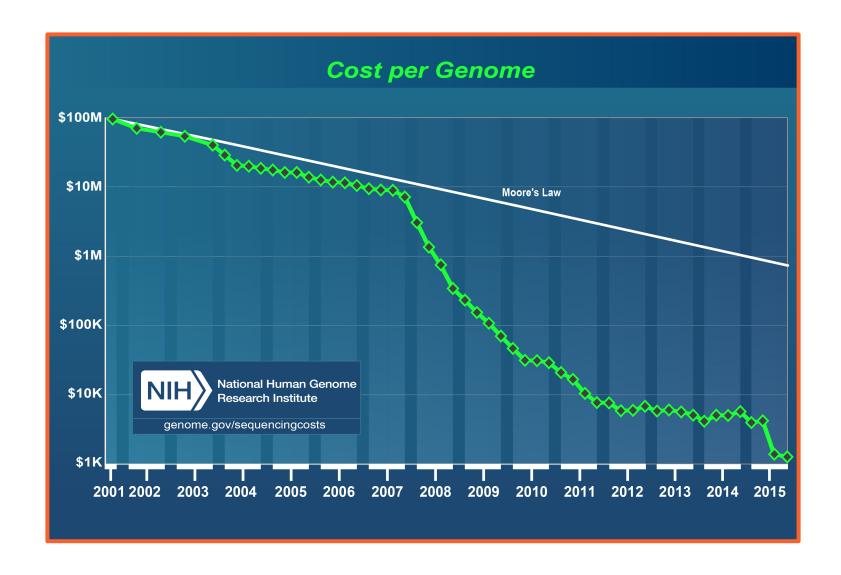




METAGENOMICS



METAGENOMICS

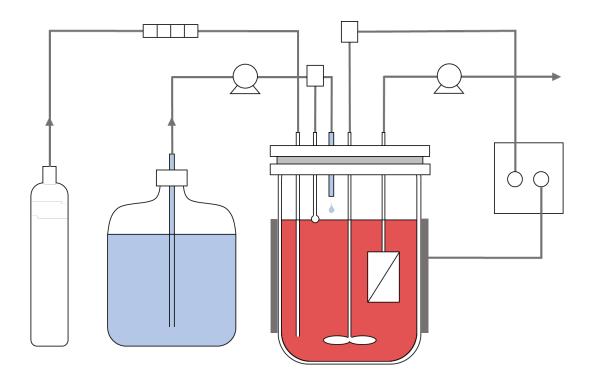




 Research Goal: Utilize insights from metagenomes to understand and improve the functionality of the anammox bioreactor

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Bioreactor Setup:



Operating Conditions:

- Reactor:
 - Volume: 1L
 - Temperature: 37°C
 - HRT: 48-12 hours
 - SRT: ∞-50 days
- Influent:
 - Synthetic wastewater
 - ArCO₂

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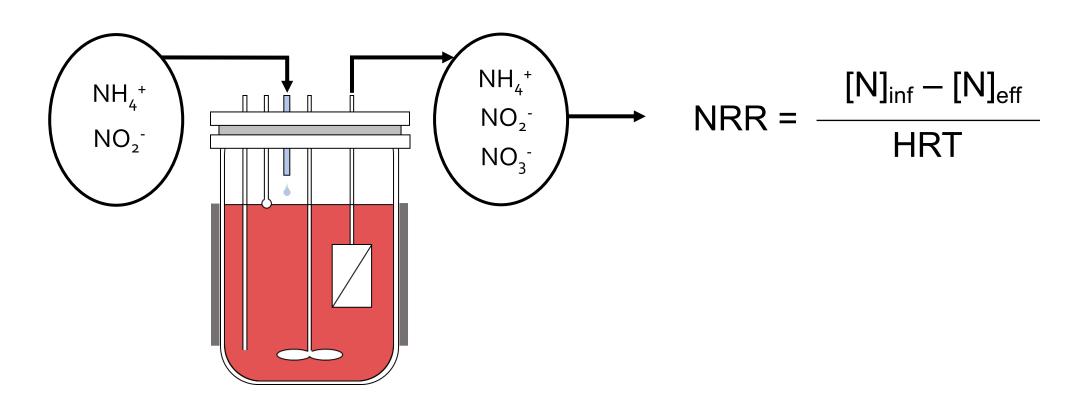
Influent:

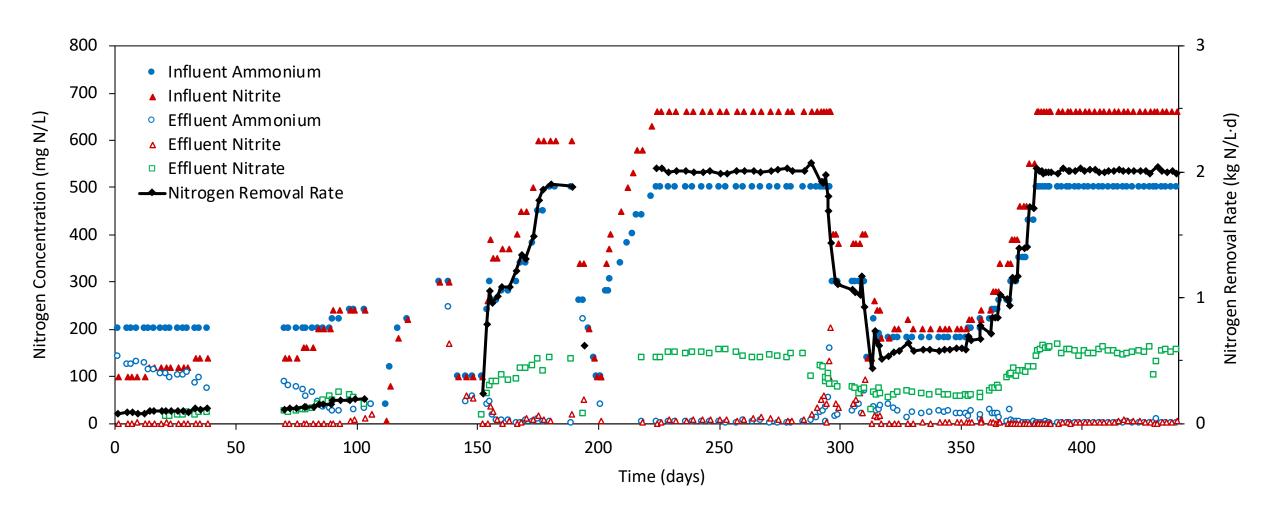
Synthetic wastewater

• ArCO₂

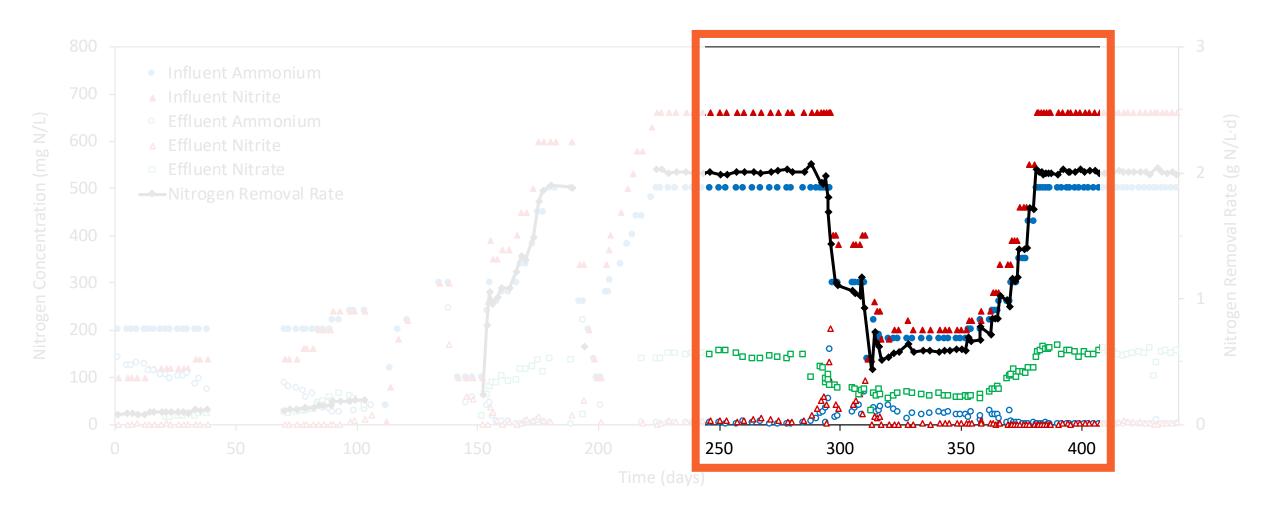
Performance: Tracked for over 400 days

$$NH_4^+ + 1.32 NO_2^- + bicarbonate \rightarrow N_2 + 0.26 NO_3^- + biomass$$

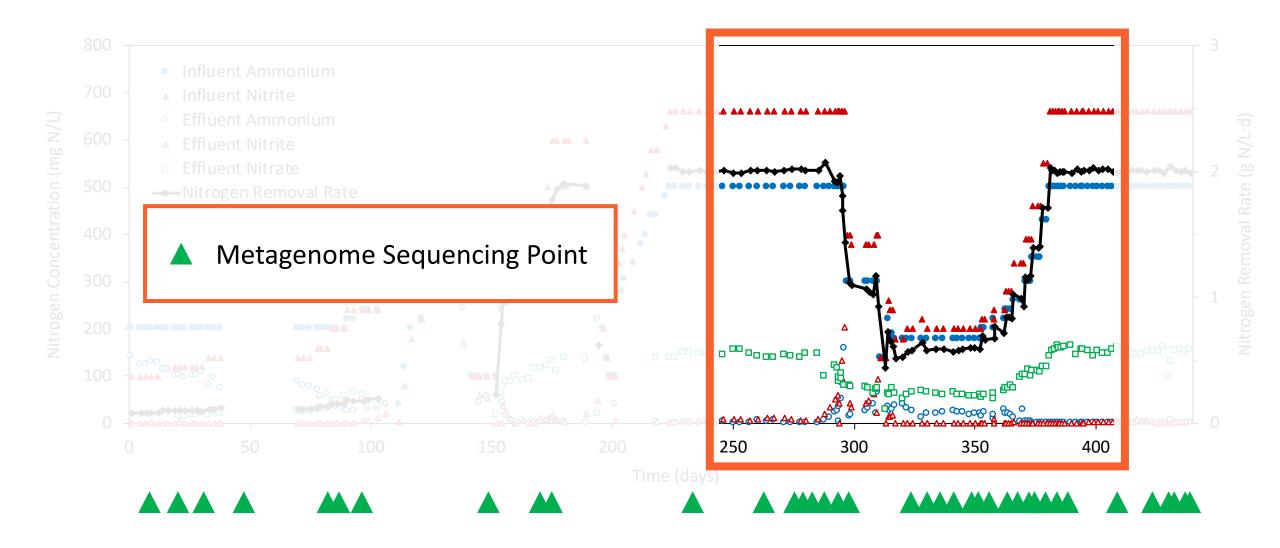






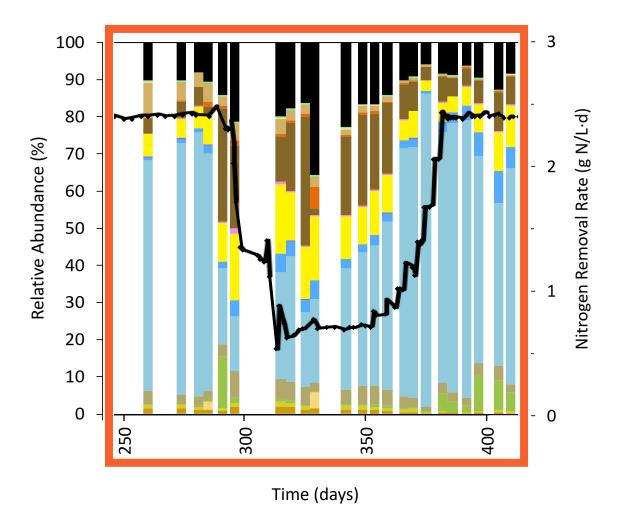




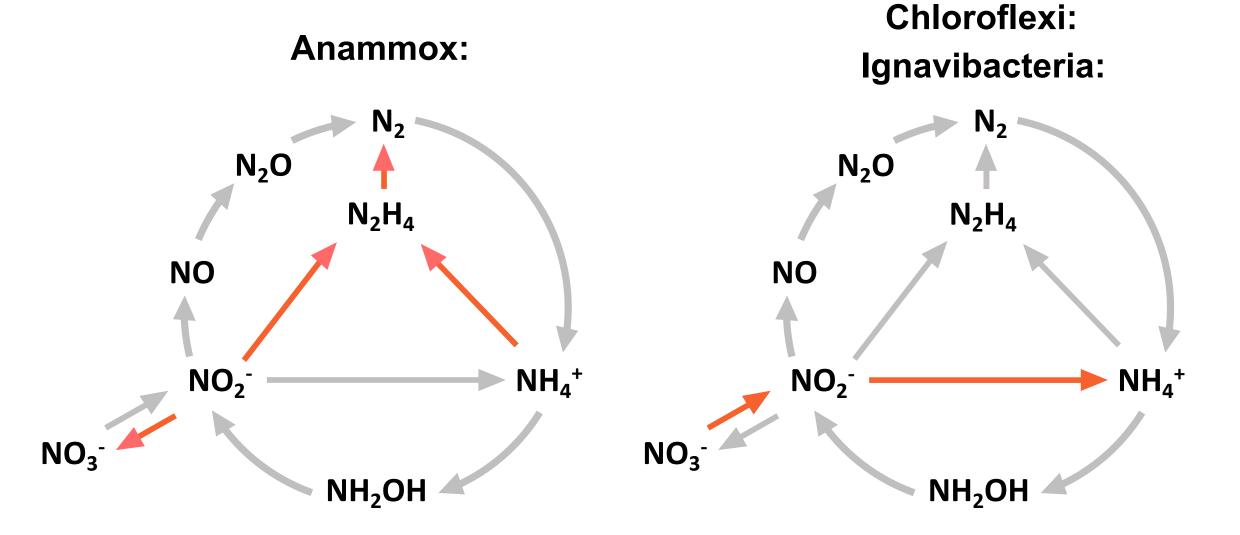


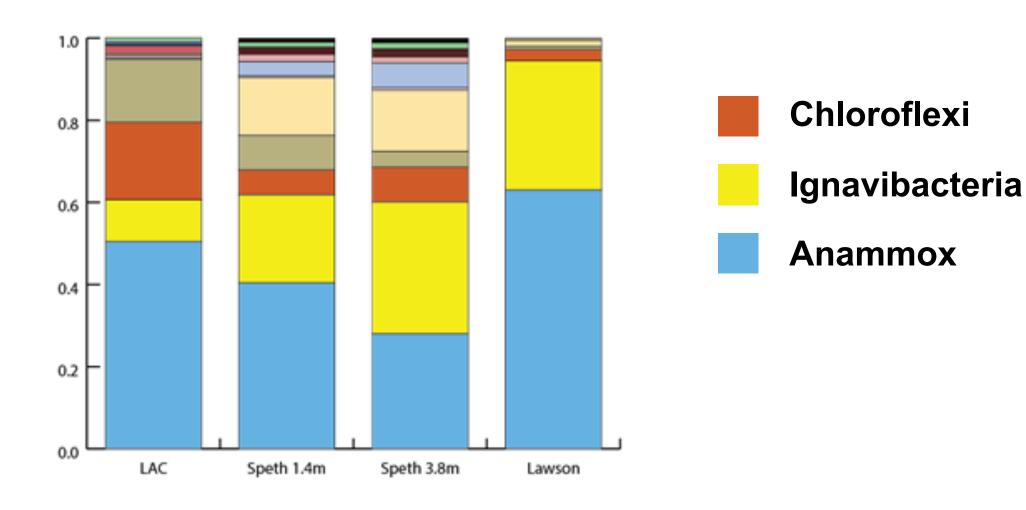


Phylum	Classification		
■ Unmatched	_		
Acidobacteria	-		
Bacteroidetes	-		
Bacteroidetes	Sphingobacteria; Sphingobacteriales		
Chloroflexi	<u>-</u>		
→ ■ Chloroflexi	Anaerolineae		
Deinococcus-Thermus	Deinococci; Deinococcales; Truepera		
→ Ignavibacteriae	Ignavibacteria		
Nitrospirae	Nitrospira; Nitrospirales; Nitrospira		
→ Planctomycetes	-		
Planctomycetes	Planctomycetia; Brocadiales; Brocadia		
Proteobacteria	-		
Proteobacteria	Alphaproteobacteria		
Proteobacteria	Betaproteobacteria; Burkholderiales		
Proteobacteria	Betaproteobacteria; Rhodocyclales		
Proteobacteria	Gammaproteobacteria		
Proteobacteria	Gammaproteobacteria; Xanthomonadales		
Verrucomicrobia	-		









What we know:

Chloroflexi and Ignavibacteria increased before the performance crash

Both are capable of DNRA

Chloroflexi and Ignavibacteria are uniquely ubiquitous in anammox bioreactors.

What this means:

Competing anaerobic nitrogen cycling pathways may have caused the anammox performance crash.

A strategy must be devised to manage their presence in anammox bioreactors.



Next Steps:

Identify operational or biological strategies to manage microbial interactions in an anammox reactor

- Real-time nitrogen amendments
- Microbe-specific inhibitors



THANK YOU

Ray Keren, **Jennifer Lawrence**, Weiqin Zhuang, David Jenkins, Jill Banfield, Lisa Alvarez-Cohen, Lijie Zhou, Ke Yu "Increased Replication Rates of Dissimilatory Nitrate-Reducing Bacteria Lead to Decreased Anammox Bioreactor Performance." *In Submission*.

Jennifer Lawrence, Tighe & Bond JLawrence@TigheBond.com



ADDITIONAL SLIDES

TEXT AND IMAGE SAMPLE

- Text first level bullet may be orange, dark grey, or blue (from theme color menu)
 - Embedded photos should have green or yellow border
 - XXX
 - -XXX
 - -XXX

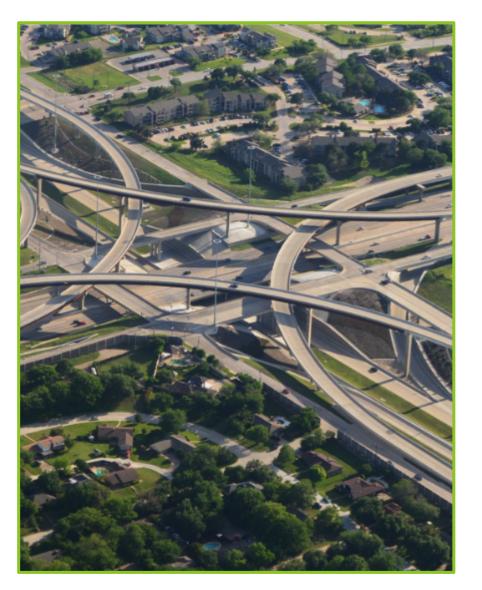


TABLE SAMPLE

Title	Description	Xxx	Xxx	xxx
Blue text	ewewq	wqeqeq	12	15

