# Use of Reclaimed Water Expanded at Bayberry Hills Golf Course in Yarmouth, MA

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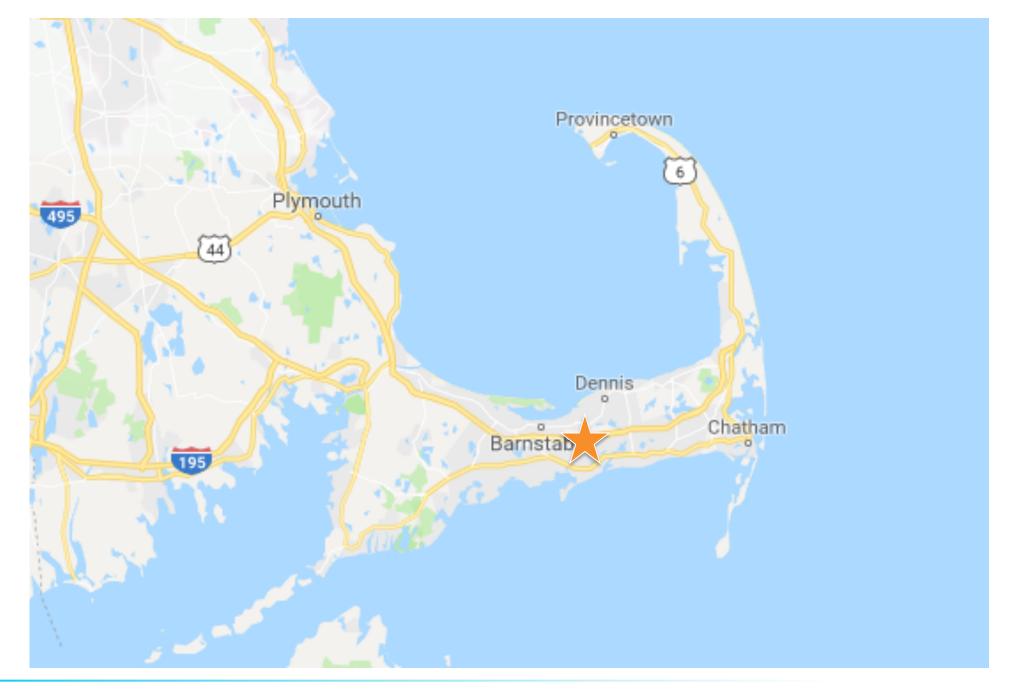














Effluent 10.5 mg Storage Septage Links at Bayberry Disposal Tank Treatment Plant Hills Golf Course



## Yarmouth Septage Treatment Plant

- 95 percent of Cape Cod is on septic systems
- Yarmouth has only remaining septage only treatment facility
- Four Cape Cod wastewater plants limit septage receiving
- Yarmouth facility permit increased in 2016 from 21 MG/YR to 28 MG/YR
- 23.5 MG of septage received in 2016
- 24.5 MG of effluent discharged in 2016 (April 1 to November 30)
  - 10.5 MG to Links at Bayberry Hills Golf Course
  - 14.0 MG to Buck Island Irrigation Field



# Links at Bayberry Hills Golf Course –Yarmouth, MA (Holes 2 thru 8 permitted for use of Reclaimed Water since 2001)



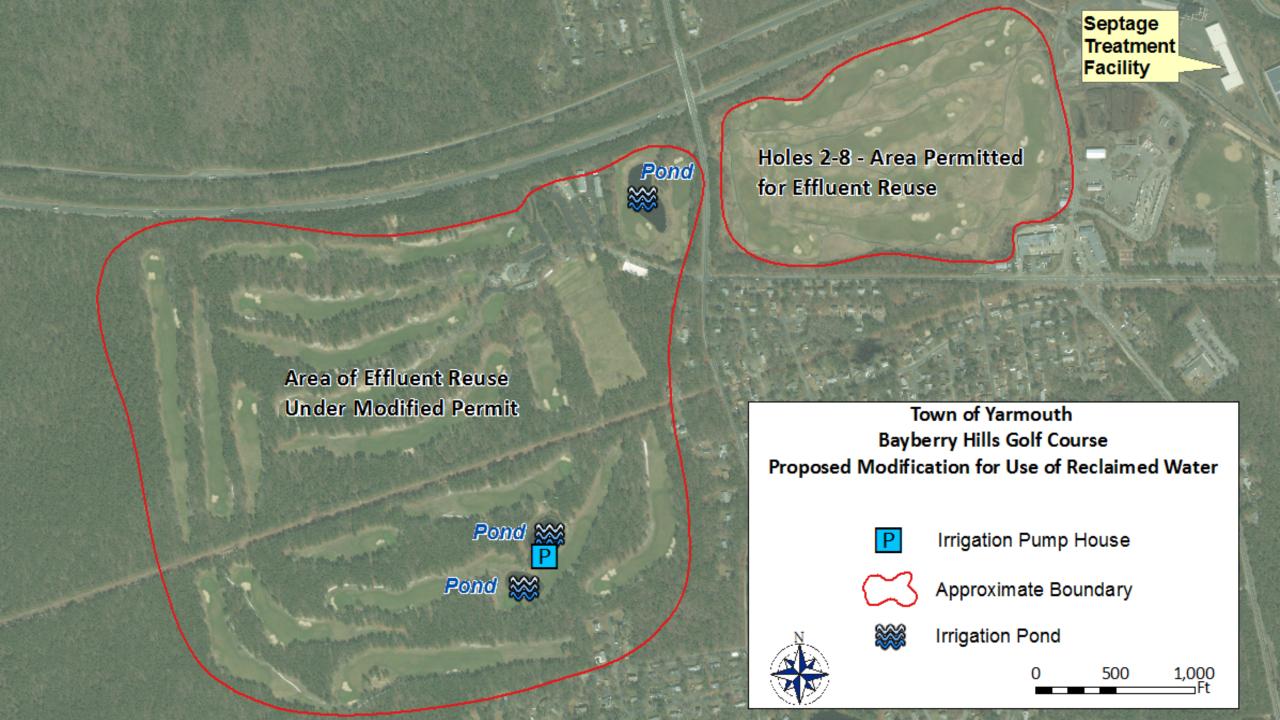


#### Strategic and Financial Importance

- Septage facility now 25 years old and needs \$2 to \$3 Million in capital improvements.
- Financially facility needed support for operational and debt service payments.
- Recent closure of Tri-Town Septage Plant (Brewster, Eastham, Orleans) created a financial opportunity and need for effluent disposal capacity.
- Other 20 holes at Bayberry Hills Golf Course created an opportunity since Water Management Act issues needed to be addressed.







## History of Links at Bayberry Hills Golf Course

- 57-acre municipal landfill capped in 2000 and included nine hole golf course expansion.
- Seven holes placed on top of former landfill.
- Landfill located in towns Aquifer Protection District.
- Golf course expansion needed source of irrigation water.
- 1996 to 2001 regulatory process to permit use of reclaimed water.
- Typically 12 to 16 MG/YR of reclaimed water applied to seven holes; remainder of effluent discharged to irrigation field at Buck Island Road site 3 miles away.
- Typically 10 mg/l nitrate nitrogen in reclaimed water applied and less than 3 mg/l nitrate nitrogen in lysimeter samples 2-ft below turf; above cap.



## Links at Bayberry Hills Golf Course – 8<sup>th</sup> Fairway





#### MassDEP Permit Regulations

- Permitted the initial reclaimed water use via Guidelines within the Groundwater Discharge Permit Regulations (314 CMR 5.00) as there were no reclaimed water regulations in Massachusetts in 2001.
- State created Reclaimed Water Permit Program and Standards (314 CMR 20.00) in 2009.
- Reclaimed water regulations added a Total Organic Carbon (TOC) permit parameter if recharging within a Zone II area (groundwater contributes to municipal well under drought conditions). Surrogate for tracking Contaminants of Emerging Concern (CECs).



# **Comparison of Effluent Limits**

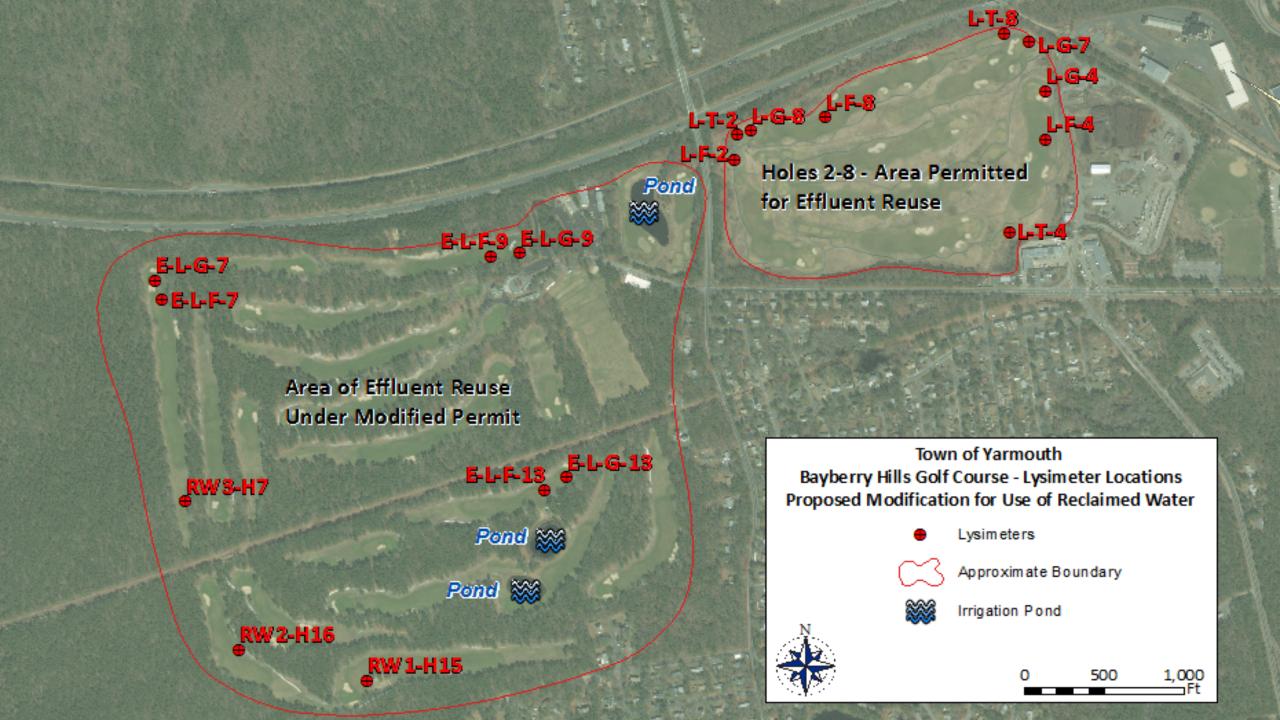
Effluent Characteristics	Buck Island Discharge Limitations	Bayberry Hills Golf Course Discharge Limitations
Oil and Grease	15 mg/l	15 mg/l
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	30 mg/l	5.0 mg/l
Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5-day @20°C (BOD₅)	30 mg/l	10 mg/l
Total Nitrogen (NO₂+NO₃+TKN)	10 mg/l	14 mg/l annual average, not to exceed 30 mg/l in any one sampling period
Nitrate Nitrogen	10 mg/l	10 mg/l
Turbidity		Not to exceed an average of 2 NTU in a 24-hour period, 5 NTU more than 5% of the time in a 24-hour period or 10 NTU at any time
Fecal Coliform Bacteria	200/100 ml	Media ND (7 day sample) with non > 14/100 ml



## Regulatory Hurdles to Expand Reclaimed Water Use

- Three Bayberry Hills golf holes located in Zone II to Yarmouth municipal wells.
- Total Organic Carbon added to reclaimed water regulations.
- Disposal versus agronomic application rate.



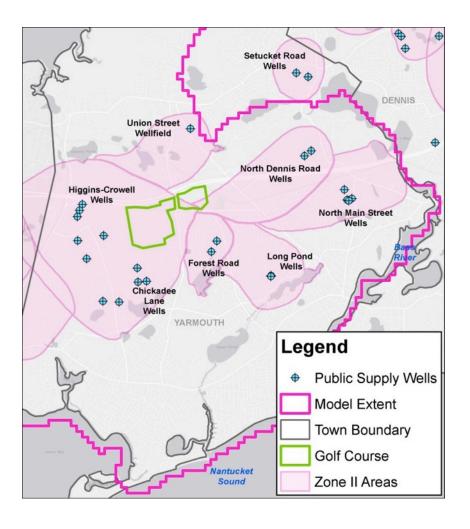


## Hydraulic Modeling of Zone II Area

- Average town water pumping rate used = 3.2 mgd
- Permitted Zone II pumping rate = 10.03 mgd
- Travel time to nearest well at average pumping rate = 5 years
- Travel time to nearest well at permitted pumping rate = 3 years

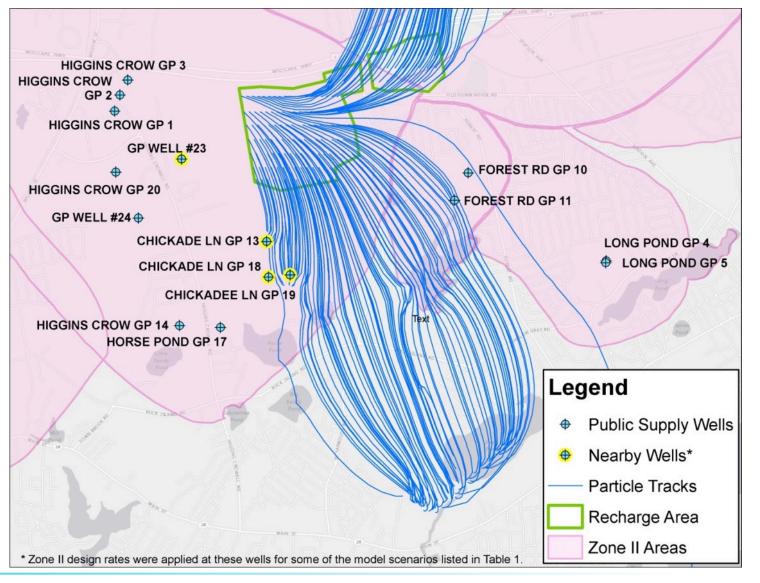


## Yarmouth Municipal Wells and Zone II Areas

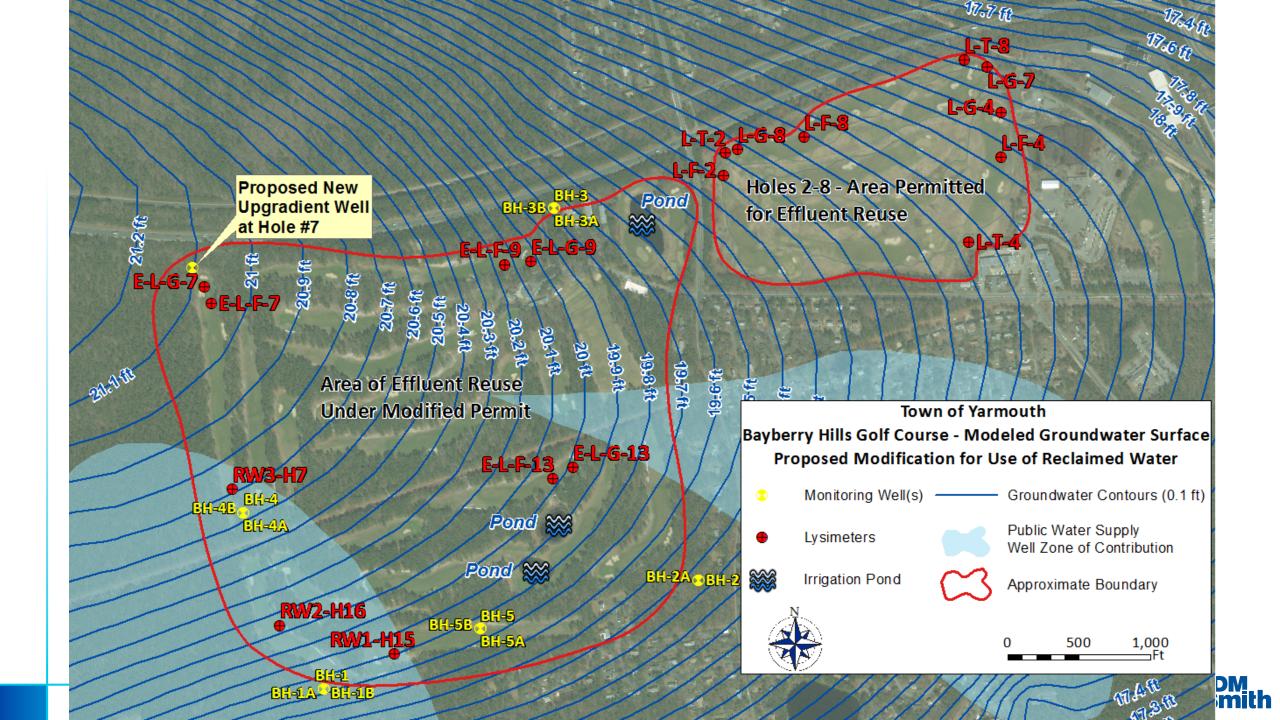




## Hydrogeologic Modeling of Applied Reclaimed Water







## **Existing TOC Results**

#### Bayberry Hills Golf Course

- Four monitoring well clusters around perimeter of 20 holes TOC less than 5.0 mg/l
- Six lysimeters within golf course (3-fairways; 3 greens) TOC range of 25 to 48 mg/l

#### Links at Bayberry Hills Golf Course

- Reclaimed water (effluent) applied to seven holes TOC range of 11 to 14 mg/l
- Nine lysimeters within golf course (3 tees; 3 fairways; 3 greens) TOC range of 15 to 58 mg/l

#### Conclusion

- TOC increases as it passes through the soil to permit compliance point.
- TOC is not a good compliance parameter





## MassDEP may allow a discharge in a Zone II

#### 314 CMR 5.10(4A)e allows a discharge in a Zone II if:

- Discharge was authorized by permit prior to March 20, 2009;
- Discharge is from a publicly owned treatment plant;
- Effluent limits are at least as stringent as those in 2009;
- Discharge will not violate surface water quality standards;
- Discharge will not impair groundwater as potential source of drinking water; and
- Discharge is outside the six-month time of travel to the public drinking water well.



#### **Redundancy Factors**

- Dilution in ponds is about 4 to 1 (TOC applied about 3 mg/l)
- Buck Island Road site still available
- 10.5 MG storage tank if source water not needed or out of compliance
- Septage facility can be closed for short periods of time



## Disposal Versus Agronomic Application

- Regulations assume disposal rates or XYZ gallons discharged every day.
- Reclaimed water as irrigation source water is applied at agronomic rates or as the vegetation needs the water.
- Agronomic application results in minimal impact to the groundwater as the lysimeters 2-ft beneath the turf often have insufficient liquid for sampling.



#### Revised Permit Issued

- It took more than five years to convince MassDEP to modify the permit.
- On July 14, 2017, Yarmouth was issued a Modified Groundwater Discharge Permit which allows for use of reclaimed water on all 27 holes at Bayberry Hills Golf Course between April 1<sup>st</sup> and November 30th.
- Conditions in permit:
  - Monitor TOC in lysimeters three months prior to use to develop a baseline.
  - Apply reclaimed water at an agronomic rate sufficient to sustain the turf.
  - Application is prohibited on three holes (7, 15, 16) during rain events.



#### **Summary**

- Highly treated effluent should be considered a resource.
- Yarmouth needed to find additional uses for it's 28 MG of effluent in order to make the septage treatment facility financially viable.
- Yarmouth Water Department supported this project after reviewing the hydrogeologic modeling results.
- Acceptance of applying reclaimed water at an agronomic rate versus disposal was critical.
- Use of TOC as a surrogate CEC tracer needs to be re-evaluated.



#### Contact us!



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