When Rolling Easements are Ineffective

Possessory Adaptation Alternatives for Sea Level Rise



Deirdre Hall, City of Quincy







DISCLAIMER

This presentation does not represent City of Quincy policy in regard to climate adaptation planning. It is strictly an academic discussion based upon City of Quincy data.

Additionally, the topics discussed in this

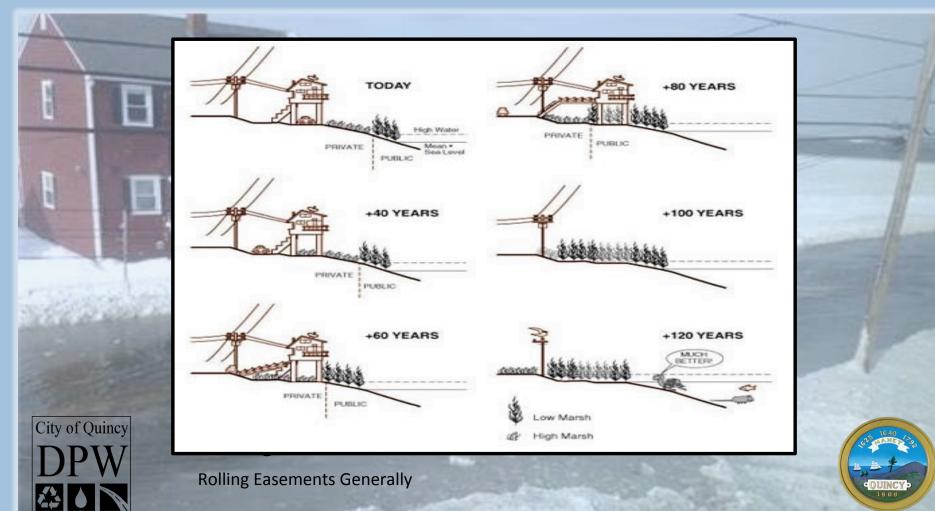
DPW political opinions.













Rolling Easements

Zoning Covenants
Future Interests

Migratory Boundaries

Equitable Servitude



Conservation Restrictions

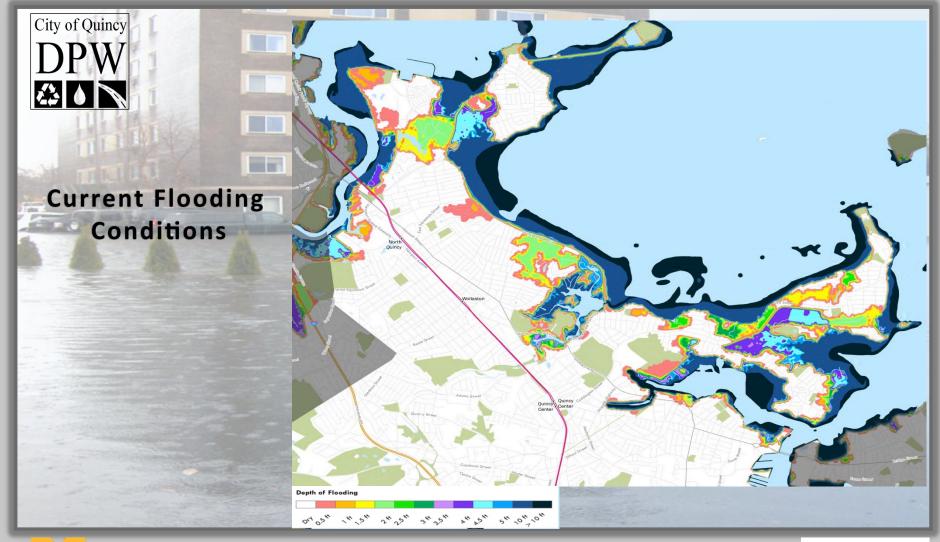




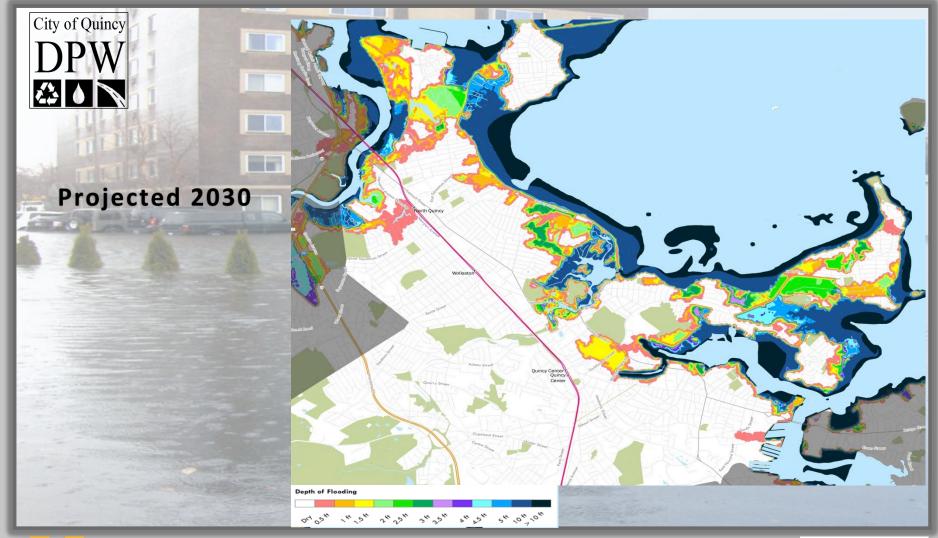




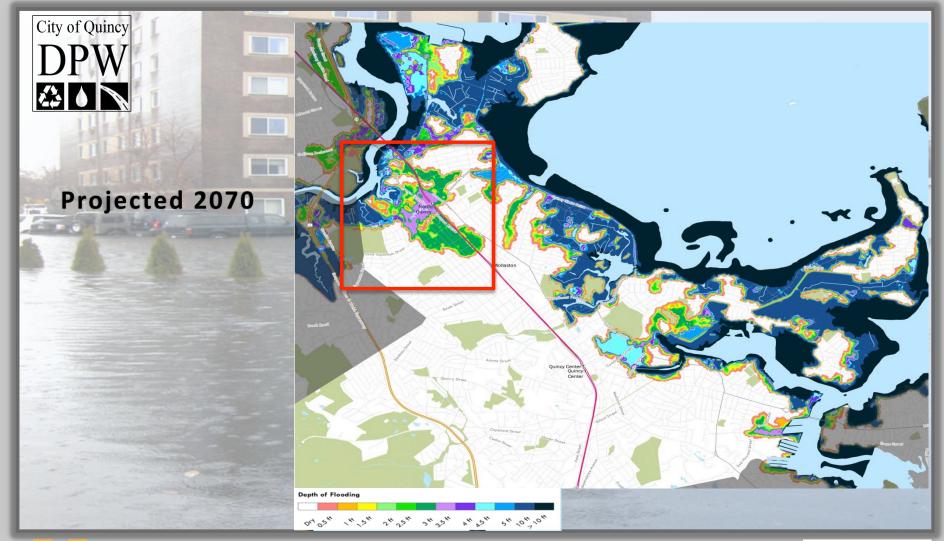




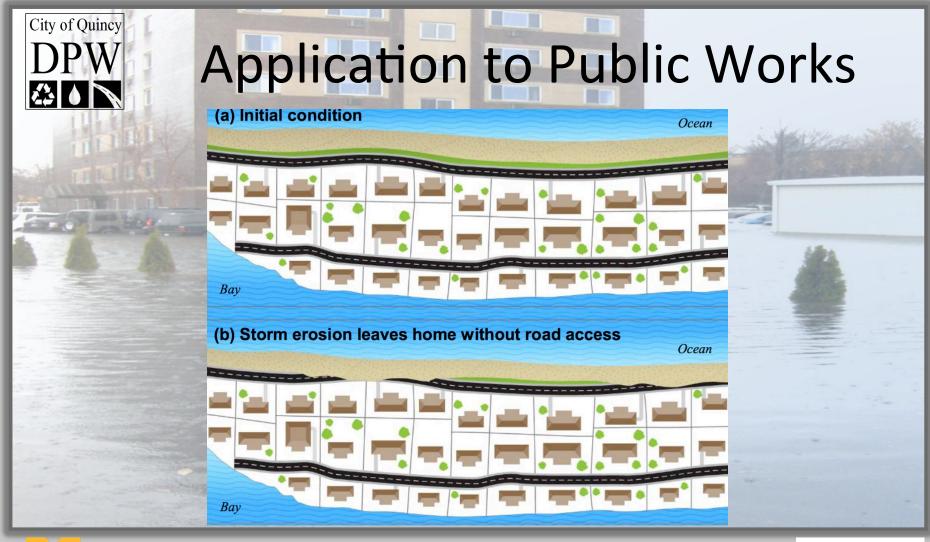








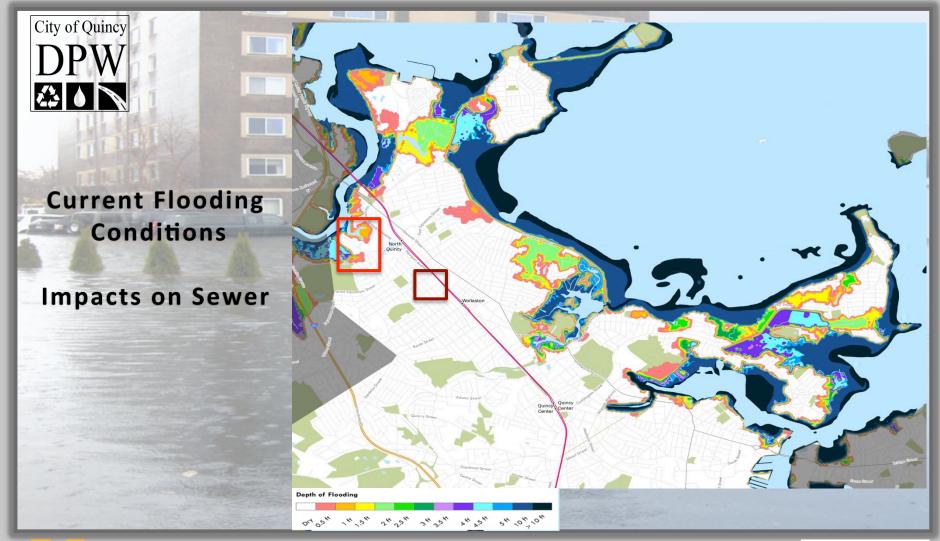








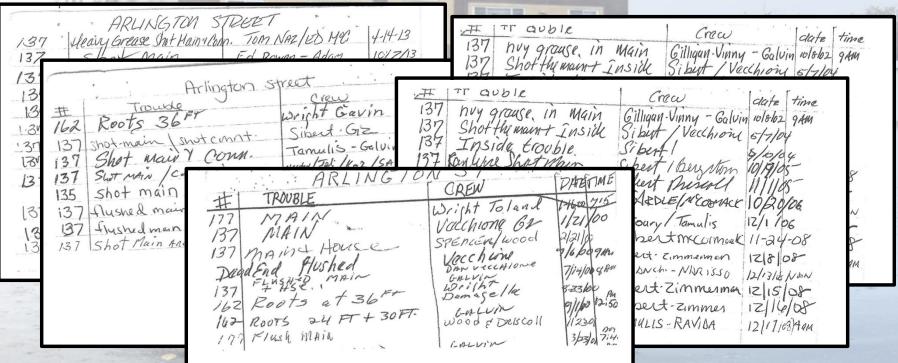








Arlington Street







OBJECTID

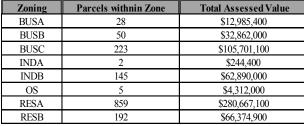
1 foot or less

1-4 feet 4-6 feet

6-10 feet

10 feet or higher

| The second second | TO AND |
|------------------------------|--|
| Janes sue | |
| Total Assessed Value | |
| \$12,985,400 \$32,862,000 | |
| \$105,701,100 | Source State |
| \$244,400 | |
| \$62,890,000 | |
| \$4,312,000 | |
| \$280,667,100 | May SCALE NOTED May Seeman from the Seeman fr |
| \$66,374,900 | |







Present Possessory and Future Estates

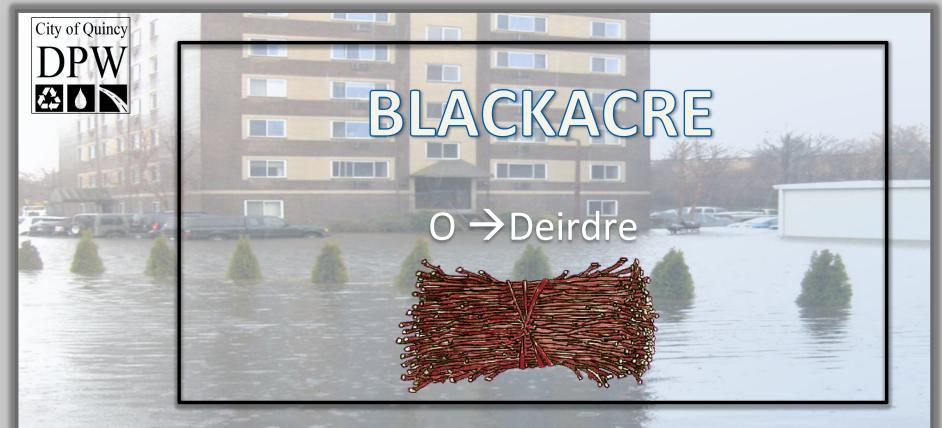
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Fee Simple

Life Estate with Remainder Interests

Defeasible Estates Subject to Executory Interest







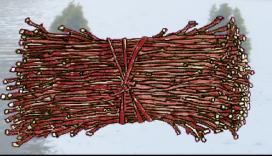




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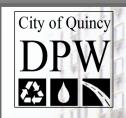
Deirdre for life, then to Zach



Life Estate with a Remainder Interest

Remainder interests may only follow the natural termination of a present possessory estate





BLACKACRE

O Deirdre but should wine ever be consumed on the premises then to Zach



Defeasible Estate: Fee simple subject to an executory interest





Defeasible Fee

Fee Simple Subject to Condition Subsequent

- Possibility of Reverter Power of Termination
 - Owner holds a
 defeasible fee subject
 to right of the
 executory interest
 holder to take it back
 when the sea rises X
 feet.

Government would
 have an executory
 future interest in a
 parcel upon the
 happening of an
 event (when the
 home owner engages
 in self help)



OBJECTID

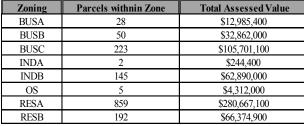
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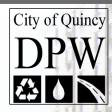






Possessory Alternatives

- Life Estate with Remainder Interests
 - Using the best science available, determine what utility areas are going to be impacted by inundation, what the upstream impacts will be and design a more permanent solution.
 - This will eliminate the 10 million dollar pump station with a 25 year design life built to the 500 year flood plain (for FEMA fund eligibility)



Possessory Alternative

- Life Tenant
 - Remains responsible for taxes, maintenance and upkeep
 - Better than a conservation restriction because it does not limit the use of the use of the property during the life tenancy
 - Have a valuation
 - Not worried about waste

- Remainder Interest
 - Would likely vest before inundation allowing for more (and less costly) engineering alternatives.
 - Full property tax value until the death of the life tenant.
 - No need for litigation if life tenant engages in self help against rising flood waters.





Possessory Alternatives

- Remainder interest creation
 - Donation for tax benefits
 - Sale to municipality or land trust
 - Eminent Domain Taking
 - Value of the remainder interest for sale or taking is based upon the life of the tenant at the time of the transfer (actuarial tables) but is most likely far less than the cost of the property in fee simple absolute.



Valuation of a Remainder Interest



$$\left(1 + \frac{i}{2}\right) \sum_{t=0}^{n-1} v^{t+1} \left[\left(1 - \frac{l_{x+t+1}}{l_x}\right) - \left(1 - \frac{l_{x+t}}{l_x}\right) \right] \left(1 - \frac{1}{2n} - \frac{t}{n}\right)$$

Where: n = the estimated number of years of expected life i = the applicable interest rate under s. 7520 of the Internal Revenue Code,

v = 1 divided by the sum of 1 plus the applicable interest rate under s. 7520 of the Internal Revenue Code,

x = the age of the life tenant, and Ix = number of persons living at age x as set forth in Table 2000CM of § 20.2031-7 of this chapter. 26 C.F.R. 1.170A-12



Benefits to a Life estate/ remainder policy

- Remainder interests generally cost less than fee simple interests
- Provides for more land area for engineering solutions often at reduced lifetime costs
- Preserves intergenerational wealth
- No person is forced from their home during their lifetime





Conclusion

- Unlike roadways, when planning for utility adaptation, government possession of entire parcels, rather than small slivers will provide more opportunity to engineer solutions
- Acquiring possessions of future interests rather than fee simple absolute interests saves money for government but also provides opportunity to preserve intergenerational wealth
- Provides a solution to the emotional connectedness of "losing a home."
- Useful long term retreat planning strategy for armored communities.



