

NASSCO, GIS, and Smarter Asset Management

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Burlington, VT

- 127 mi Gravity Sewer
 - 45 mi sanitary
 - 37 mi stormwater
 - 45 mi combined
 - Predominantly
 Vitrified Clay
 - Circular pipes 8-20"
 - Circular, oval, and box: 21-108"





Project Overview

- Collection system inspections are part of larger Asset Management effort.
- Inspections will occur over 5 years, approximately 20% per year.
- Year 1 MOST critical 20% of system.
- GIS analysis will guide decision-making on inspections and prioritization.

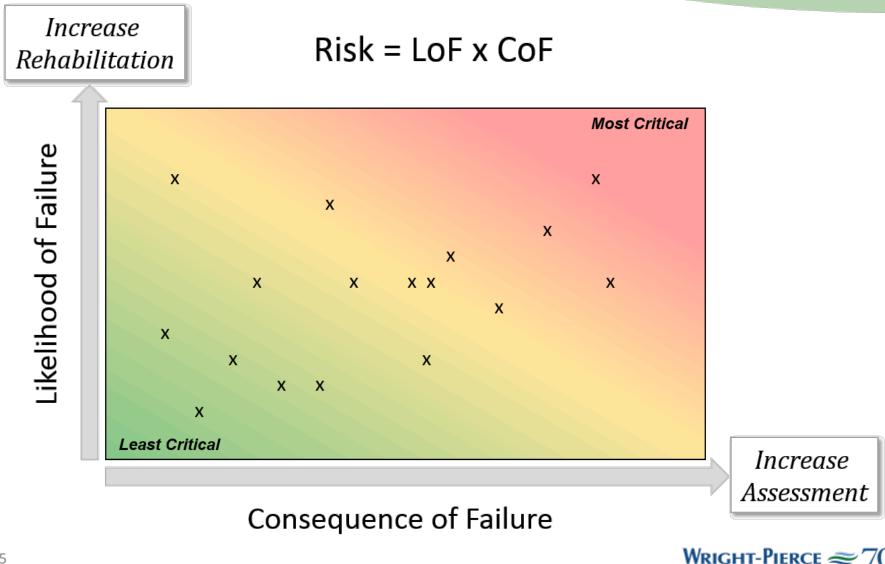


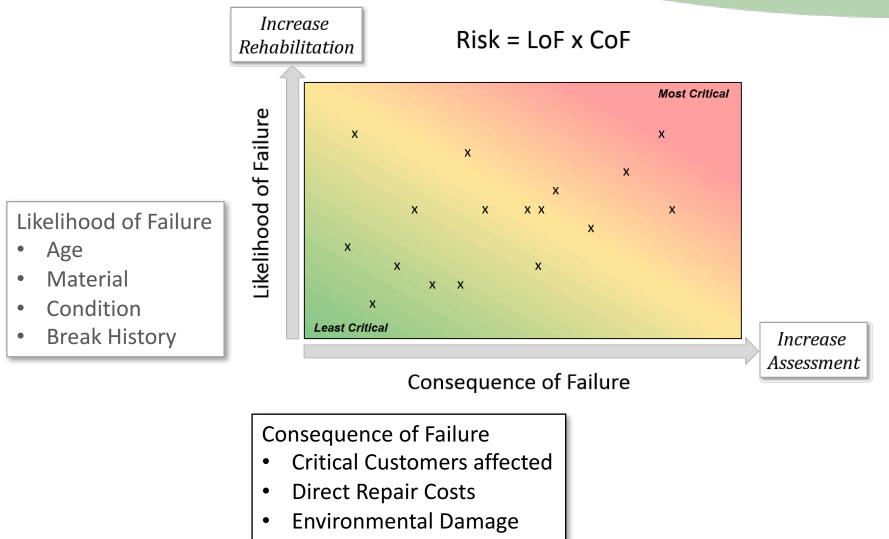
Rationale

- GIS offers tools for Geographic analysis, and visual understanding.
- Analysis considers sewer system attributes, surrounding infrastructure, and environmental factors.
- Process was iterative, with input and buy-in from multiple staff.
- Results are dynamic and can be refined with new information.



Engineering a Better Environment





• Effect on Transportation





Consequence of Failure

- Economic Costs
- Social Costs
- Environmental Costs

Existing GIS Datasets

- Sewer/Stormwater Pipes
- Manholes/Catch Basins
- Roads
- Parcel/Assessing Data
- Customer Billing Database
- State/Federal Infrastructure Data schools, hospitals, etc
- Surface Water/Wetlands
- Floodplains
- Other environmental considerations





Consequence of Failure

Social Costs

- Recreation areas
- Critical customers (hospitals, etc)

Economic Costs

- Pipe diameter
- Pipe depth
- Road classification

Environmental Costs

- Proximity to surface water, wetlands, floodplains
- Known presence of endangered species
- Significant Natural Communities

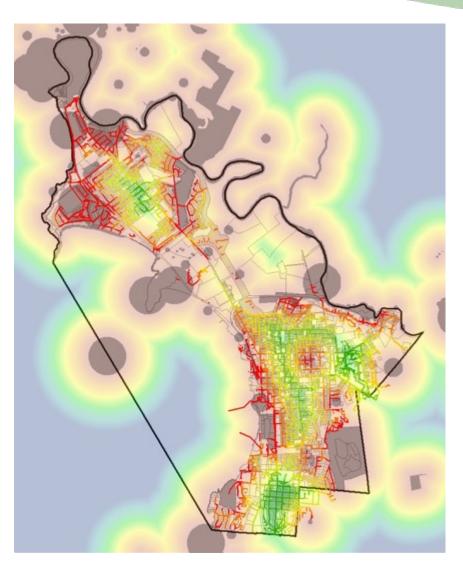


Burlington

Rare and Endangered Species

Distance Calculation

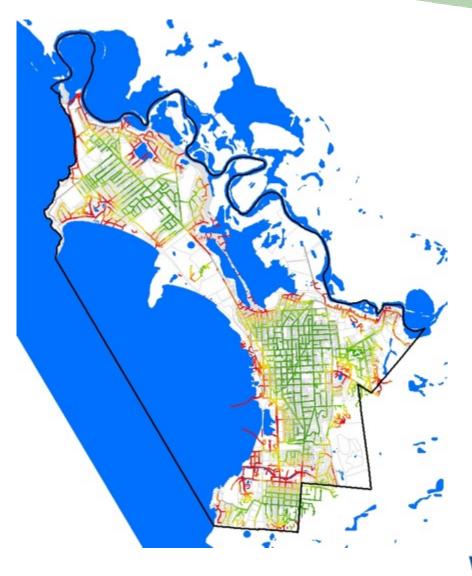
Applied to Pipes





Surface Water, Wetlands, and Floodplains

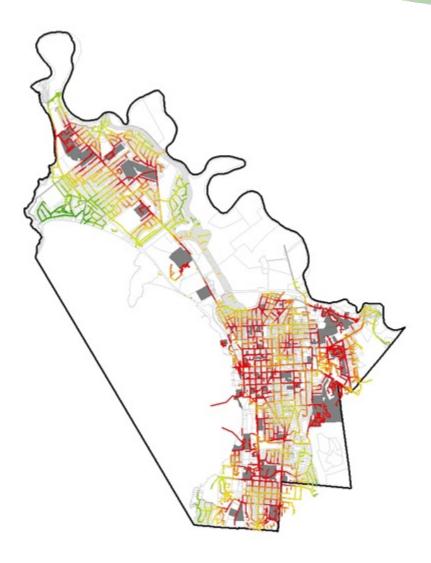
Buffered and Applied to Pipes



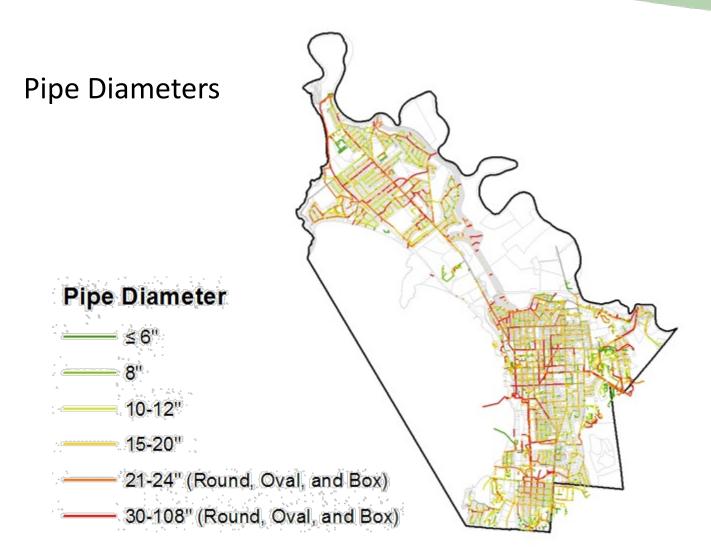


Critical Customers

Buffered and Applied to Pipes







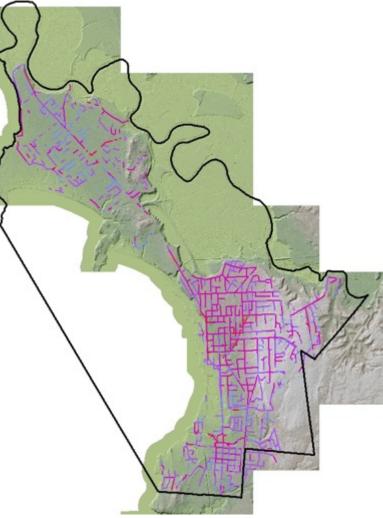


Pipe Depth

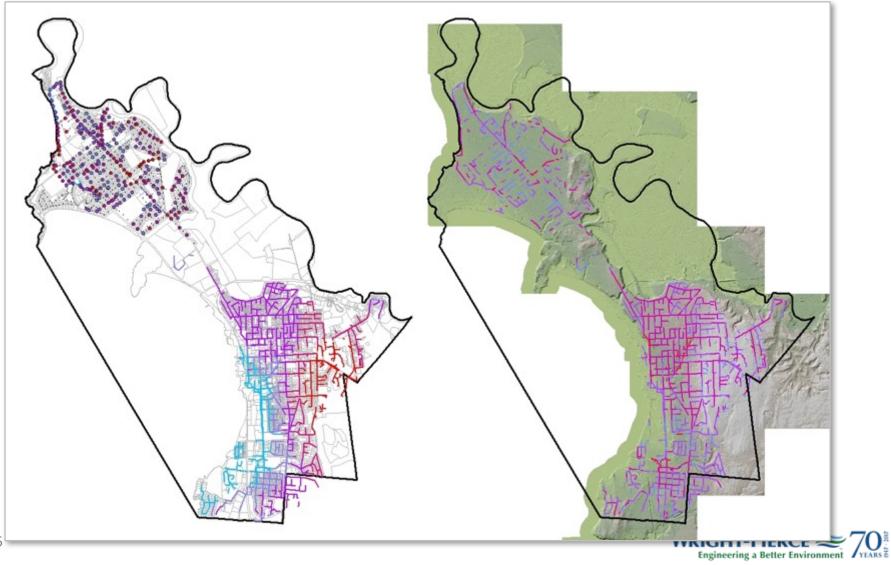
Manholes with Invert Elevs (M)

Pipes with Invert Elevs (ft)

Surface Elevations (LiDAR)

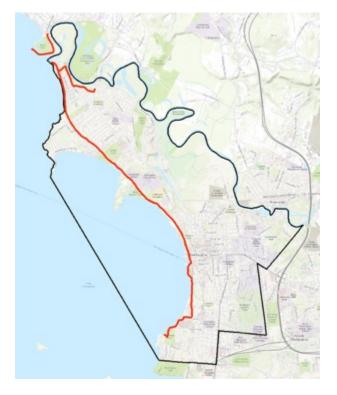






Additional Consequence of Failure Considerations:

 Bike & Pedestrian Path – Treated as a Major Road

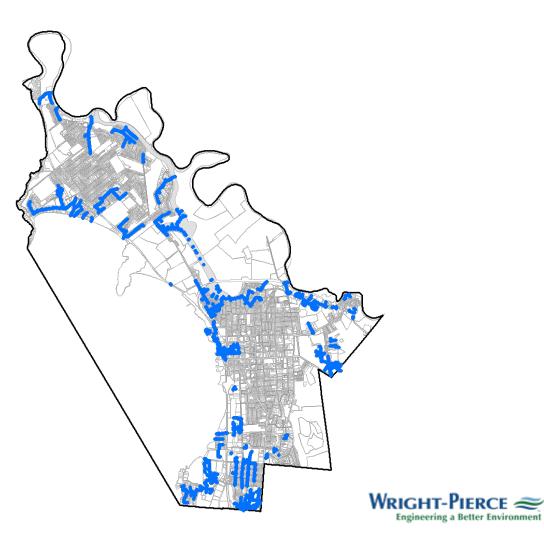






Additional Consequence of Failure Considerations:

- Bike & Pedestrian Path Treated as a Major Road
- Storm Drains and Outfalls Treated as Streams





Consequence of Failure: Weighted Prioritization

Social Costs

(15%)

- Recreation areas (50%)
- Critical customers (hospitals, etc) (50%)

Economic Costs (50%)

- Pipe diameter (33%)
- Pipe depth (33%)
- Road class (33%)

Overall Weights for Aggregation

Water	28.00%	Recreation Areas	7.50%
Pipe Diameter	16.67%	Critical Customers	7.50%
Pipe Depth	16.67%	Endangered Species	3.50%
Road Class	16.67%	Sig. Nat. Coms.	3.50%

Environmental Costs (35%)

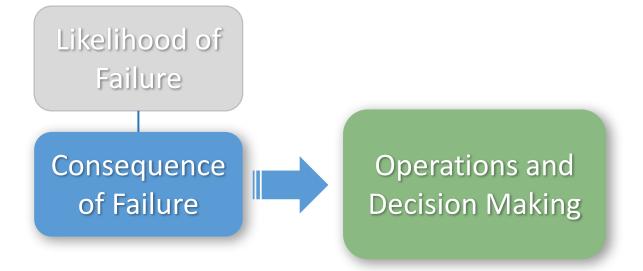
- Proximity to surface water, wetlands (80%)
- Known presence of endangered species (10%)
- Significant Natural Communities (10%)



Final Criticality Score

Final Criticality					
	Score_Social	Score_Economic	Score_Environmental	Criticality	
	0.579356	0.555556	0.70122	2.874856	
	0.645428	0.388889	0.68945	2.426905	
	0.60283	0.555556	0.697275	2.893497	
	0.590455	0.555556	0.695506	2.881245	
	0.697369	0.444444	0.610067	2.590308	
	0.269283	0.888889	0.988634	5.001861	
1	0.265989	0.722222	0.932151	4.218312	
	0.262962	0.722222	0.808451	3.647657	
1	0.269544	0.555556	0.86672	3.43529	
1	0.343282	0.388889	0.97756	3.561483	
	0.395649	0.555556	0.97193	4.105067	
	0.300536	0.388889	0.980908	3.525121	
	0.445459	0.777778	0.977641	4.82016	
	0.564182	0.611111	0.97785	4.427142	
	0.504537	0.611111	0.981737	4.37591	
	0.395649	0.444444	0.981372	3.777682	
	0.453617	0.555556	0.693634	2.756911	
	0.398176	0.555556	0.695264	2.708041	
	0.299094	0.666667	0.994601	4.365784	
	0.367569	0.666667	0.995388	4.427906	
1	0 541151	0 388889	0.690087	2 333457	

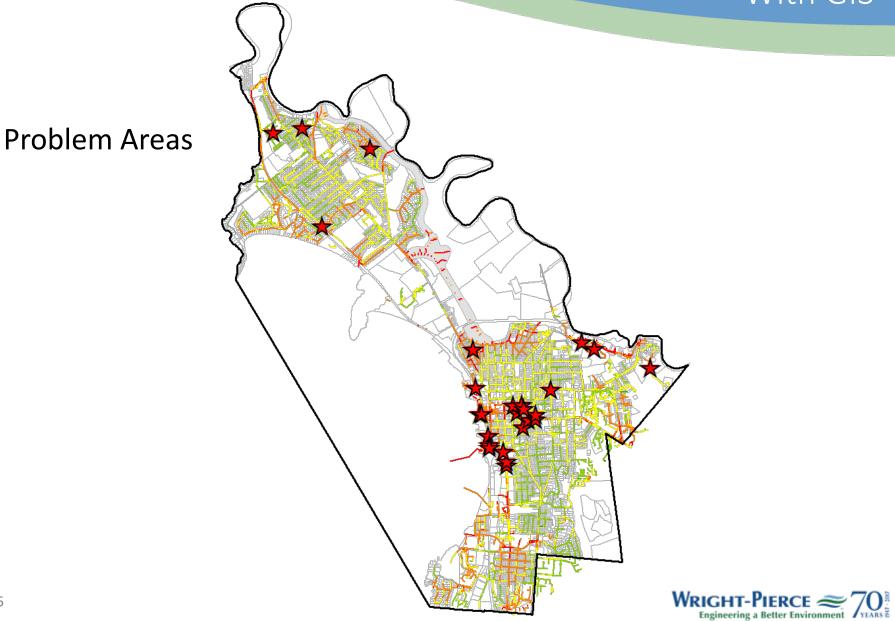




Additional factors for prioritization:

- Known Problem Areas
- Break History
- Paving Plan







Final Selection of Pipes To Be Inspected



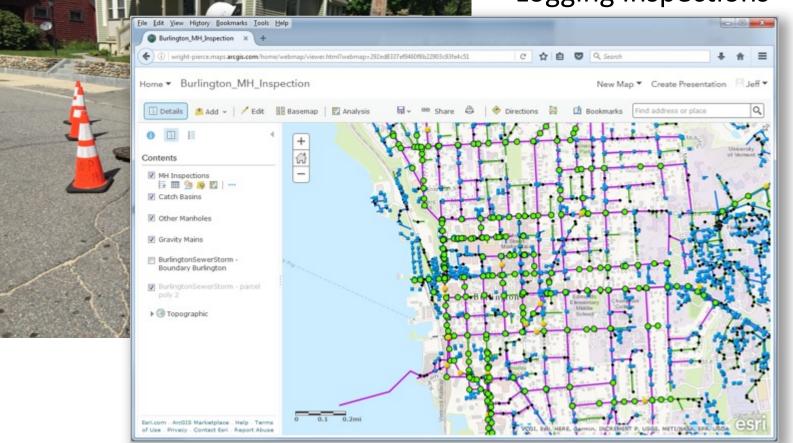
Sewer Inspections





Sewer Inspections

ArcGIS Online for Logging Inspections





Summary

Prioritization using diverse infrastructural and environmental considerations.

Industry-standard methodology, customized with input from the City management and crews.



▼ 550 Manholes and 134,000' of pipe identified for inspection (2016-2017).

Prioritization is defensible, easily revised, and can be clearly presented.



Moving Forward

- Inspections will inform Likelihood of Failure (LoF) analysis.
- LoF will be combined with results of this CoF analysis to create a total Risk score.
- Risk assessment will be used to steer appropriate action:
 - Inspections
 Rehabilitation
 - Cleaning
 Replacement







Thanks to:

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